

New Horizons in Ab Initio Nuclear Structure Theory

Robert Roth



TECHNISCHE
UNIVERSITÄT
DARMSTADT

Ab Initio Nuclear Structure

Nuclear Structure Observables

Lattice QCD

quarks & gluon on a lattice

Lattice EFT

nucleons & pions on a lattice

Exact Solutions
solve nuclear many-body problem with converged truncations

Controlled Approx.
treat many-body problem with controlled & improvable approximations

Similarity Transformations

physics-conserving unitary transformation to adapt Hamiltonian to limited model space

Chiral EFT Hamiltonians

consistent NN, 3N, ... interactions & current operators

Chiral Effective Field Theory

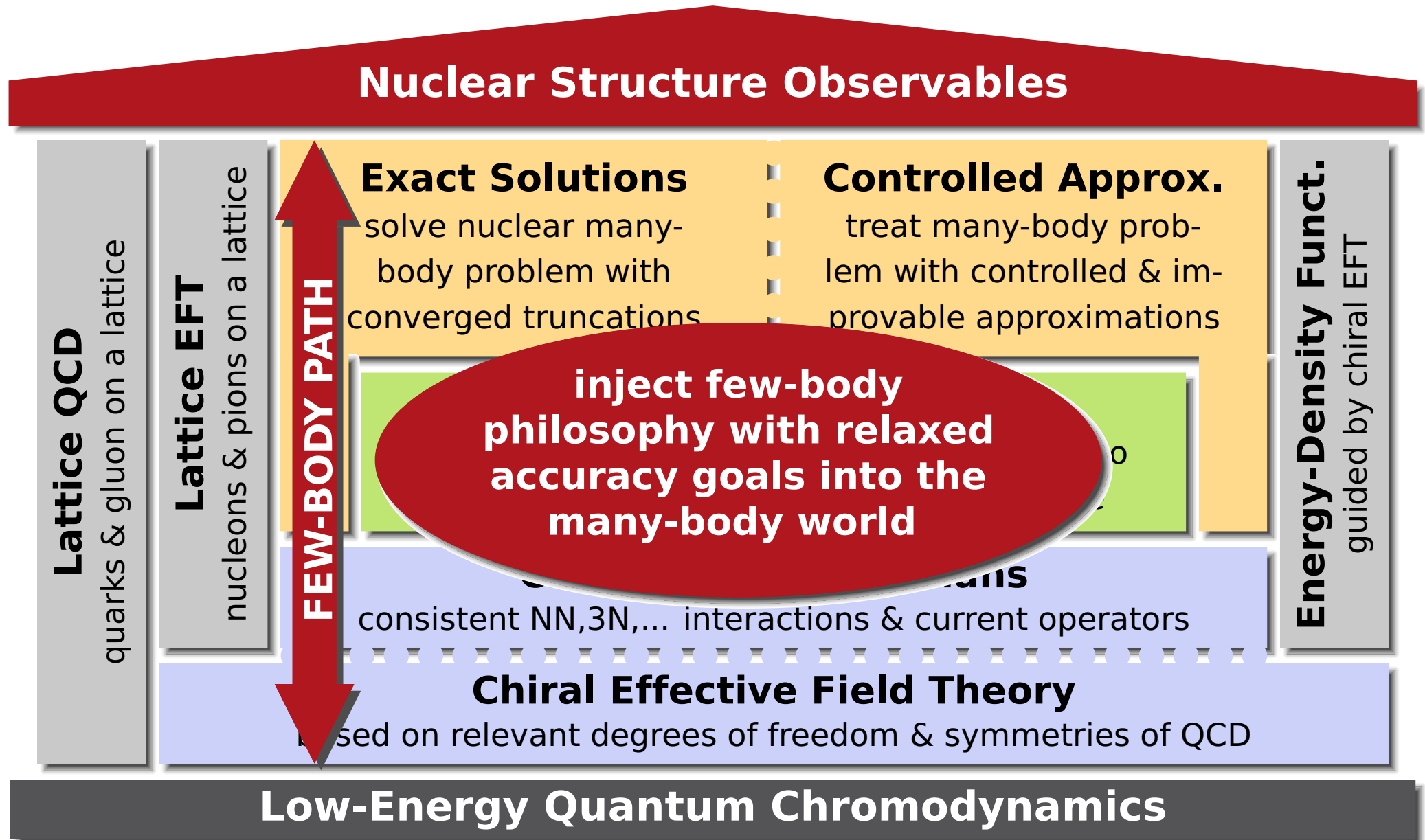
based on relevant degrees of freedom & symmetries of QCD

Energy-Density Funct.

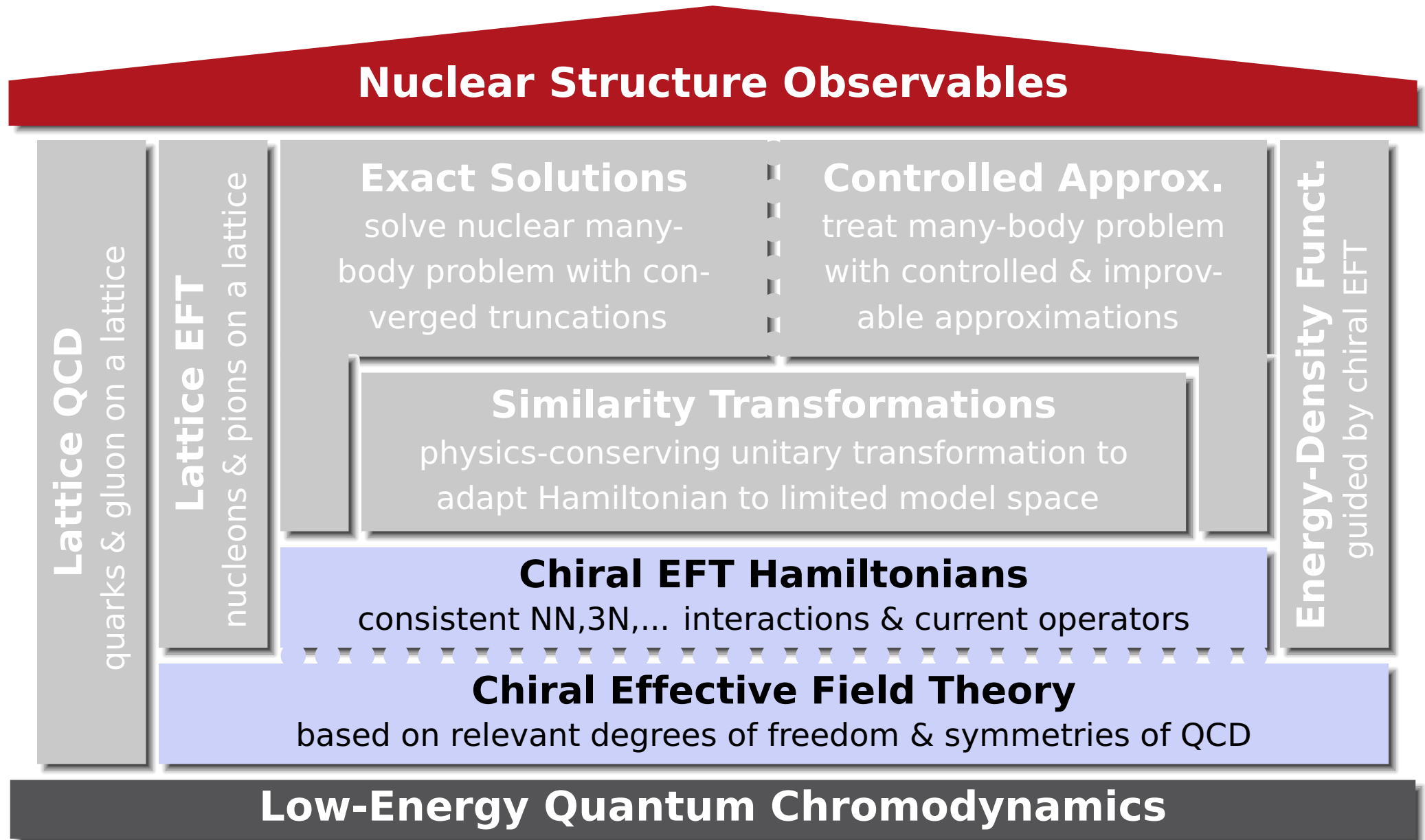
guided by chiral EFT

Low-Energy Quantum Chromodynamics

Ab Initio Nuclear Structure



Ab Initio Nuclear Structure



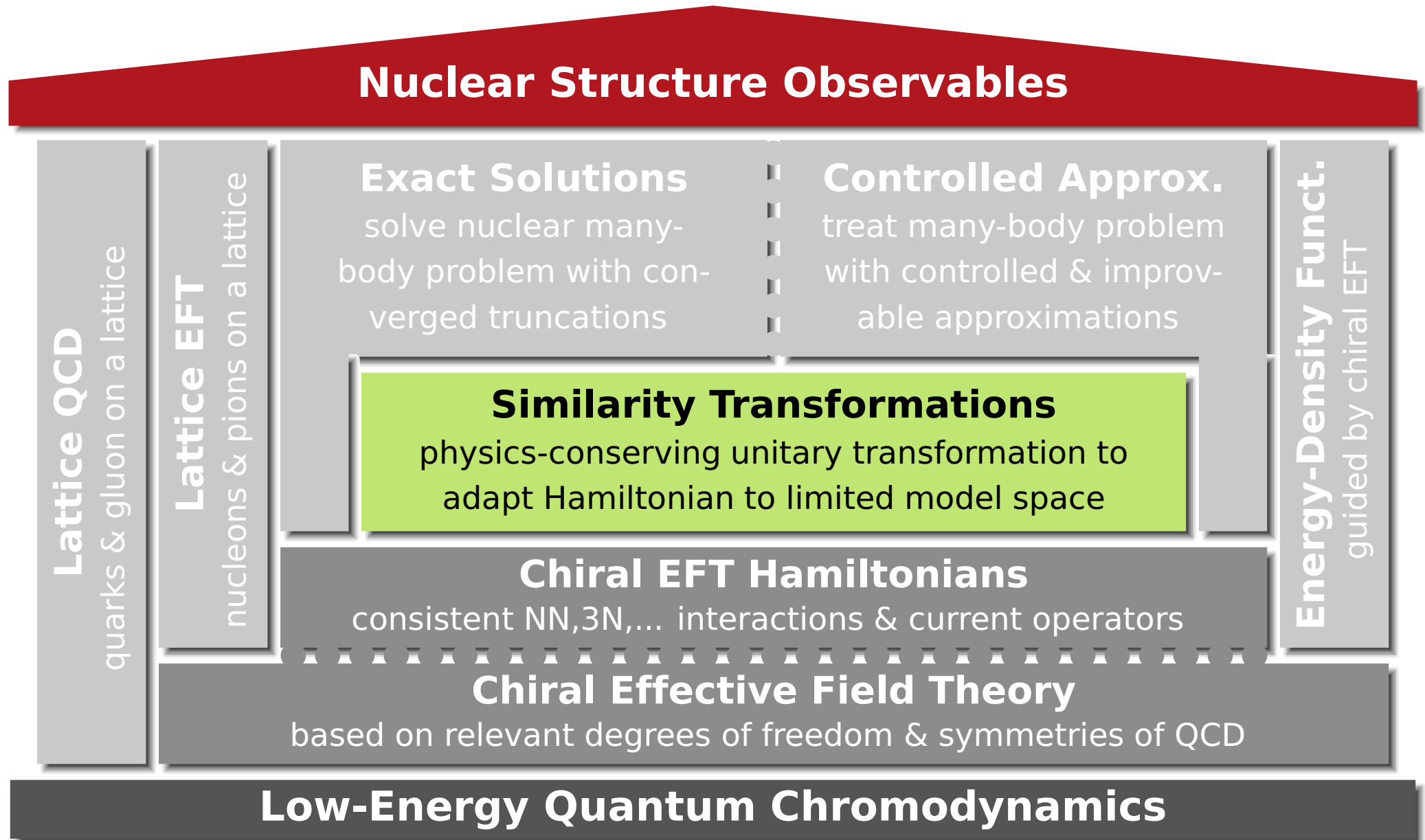
Nuclear Interactions from Chiral EFT

Weinberg, van Kolck, Machleidt, Entem, Meißner, Epelbaum, Krebs, Bernard,...

- **chiral EFT background:** talks by Epelbaum, Krebs, Gegelia,...
- **standard Hamiltonian:**
 - NN at N3LO: Entem & Machleidt, 500 MeV cutoff
 - 3N at N2LO: Navrátil, A=3 fit, 500 MeV cutoff
- **alternatives:**
 - modified 3N interaction at N2LO (cutoff & LECs variations)
 - consistent Hamiltonians at N2LO (NN: Epelbaum, POUNDERS-opt.)
 - consistent Hamiltonians at N3LO (LENPIC Collaboration)
 - Δ -full chiral EFT,...

	NN	3N	4N
LO			
NLO			
N ² LO			
N ³ LO			
	+ ...	+ ...	+ ...

Ab Initio Nuclear Structure



Similarity Renormalization Group

Wegner, Glazek, Wilson, Perry, Bogner, Furnstahl, Hergert, Roth, Jurgenson, Navratil,...

continuous transformation driving
Hamiltonian to band-diagonal form
with respect to a uncorrelated basis

- **unitary transformation** of Hamiltonian

$$H_\alpha = U_\alpha^\dagger H U_\alpha$$

- **evolution equations** for H_α and U_α

$$\frac{d}{d\alpha} H_\alpha = [\eta_\alpha, H_\alpha]$$

- **dynamic generator**: commutator with the operator in whose eigenbasis H_α shall be diagonalized

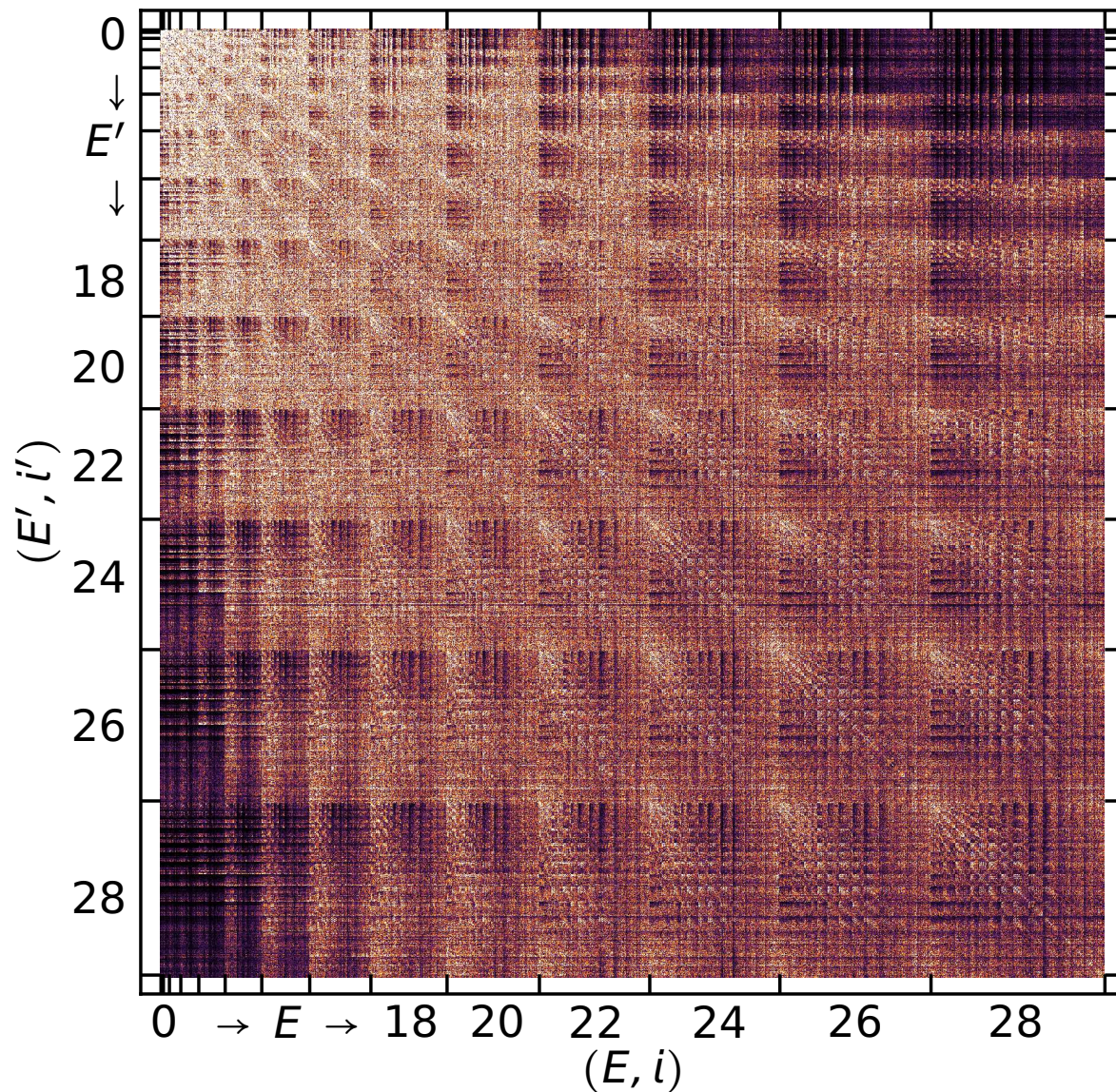
$$\eta_\alpha = (2\mu)^2 [T_{\text{int}}, H_\alpha]$$

simplicity and flexibility
are great advantages of
the SRG approach

solve SRG evolution
equations using two-,
three- & four-body matrix
representation

SRG Evolution in Three-Body Space

3B-Jacobi HO matrix elements

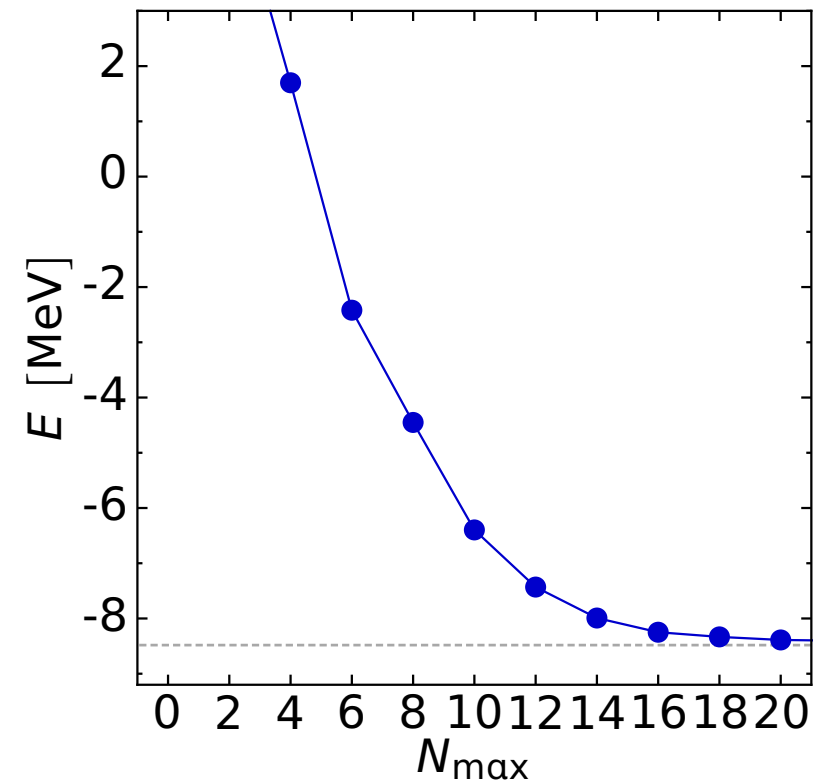


$$\alpha = 0.000 \text{ fm}^4$$

$$\Lambda = \infty \text{ fm}^{-1}$$

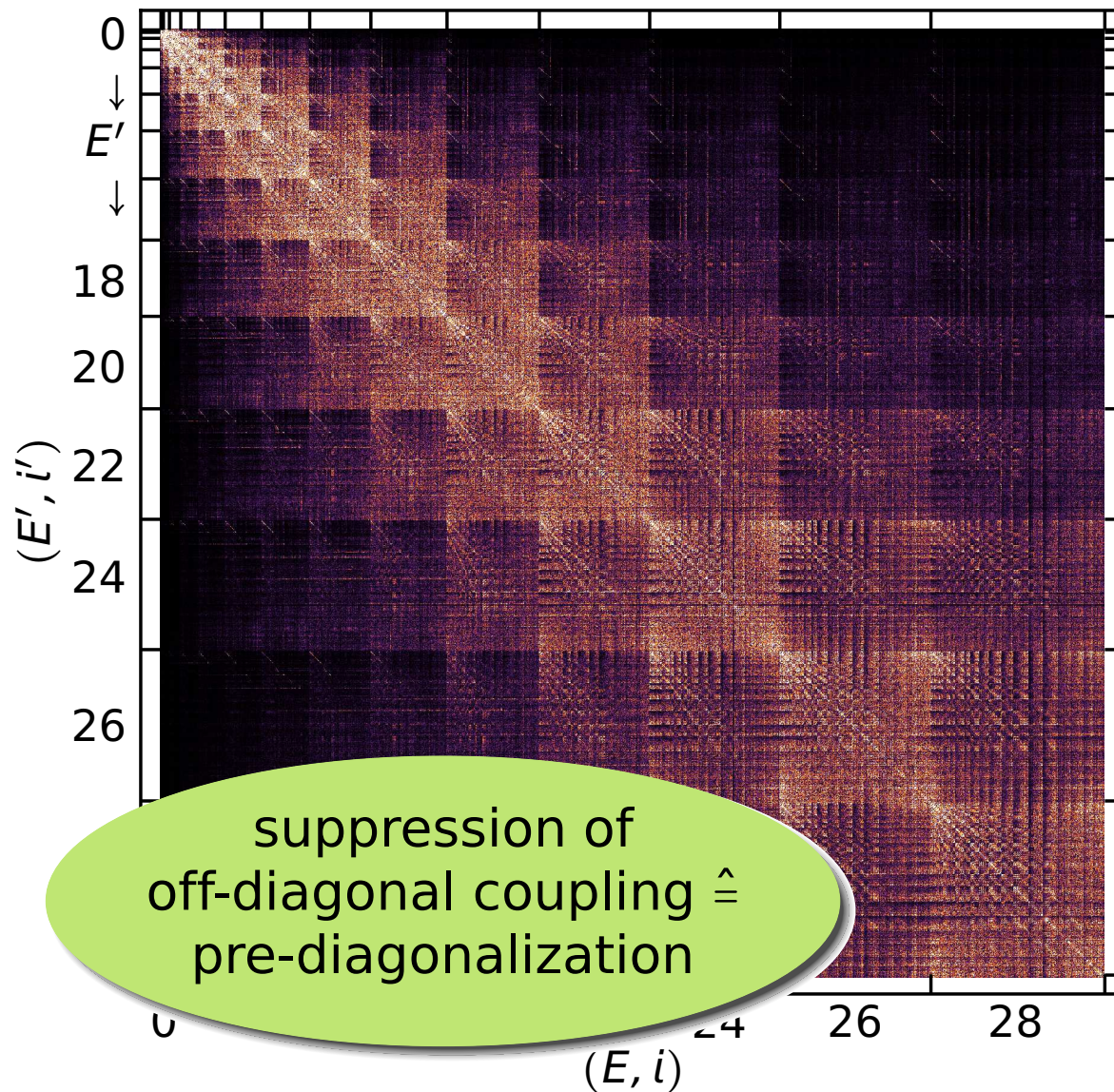
$$J^\pi = \frac{1}{2}^+, T = \frac{1}{2}, h\Omega = 28 \text{ MeV}$$

NCSM ground state ${}^3\text{H}$



SRG Evolution in Three-Body Space

3B-Jacobi HO matrix elements

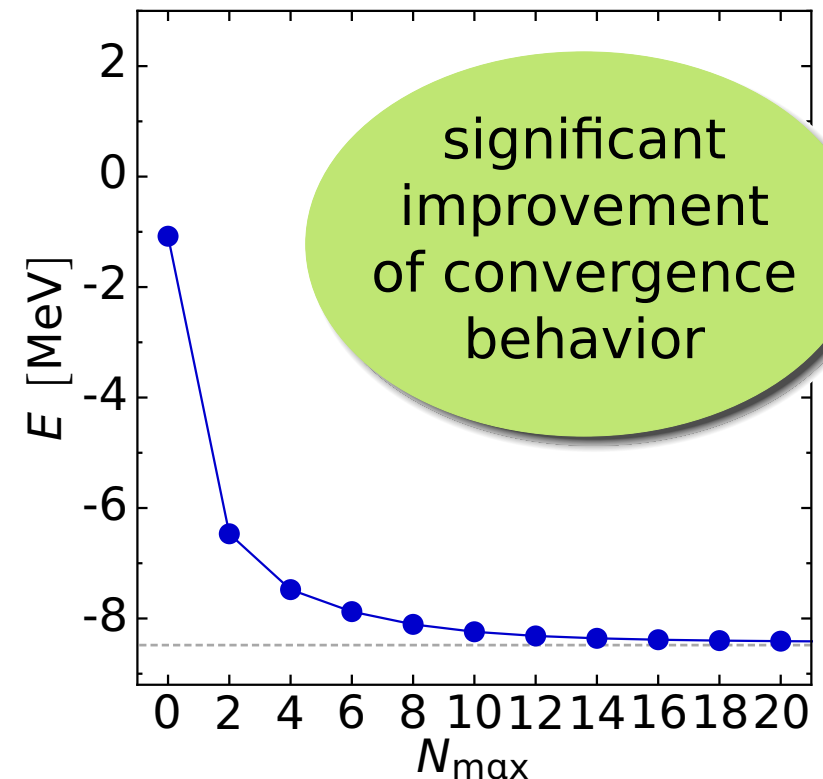


$$\alpha = 0.320 \text{ fm}^4$$

$$\Lambda = 1.33 \text{ fm}^{-1}$$

$$J^\pi = \frac{1}{2}^+, T = \frac{1}{2}, h\Omega = 28 \text{ MeV}$$

NCSM ground state ${}^3\text{H}$



Hamiltonian in A-Body Space

- evolution **induces n -body contributions** $H_\alpha^{[n]}$ to Hamiltonian

$$H_\alpha = H_\alpha^{[1]} + H_\alpha^{[2]} + H_\alpha^{[3]} + H_\alpha^{[4]} + H_\alpha^{[5]} + \dots$$

- **truncation of cluster series** formally destroys unitarity and invariance of energy eigenvalues (independence of α)
- flow-parameter α provides **diagnostic tool** to assess neglected higher-order contributions

SRG-Evolved Hamiltonians

NN_{only}	use initial NN, keep evolved NN
NN + 3N_{ind}	use initial NN, keep evolved NN+3N
NN + 3N_{full}	use initial NN+3N, keep evolved NN+3N
NN + 3N_{full} + 4N_{ind}	use initial NN+3N, keep evolved NN+3N+4N

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No-Core Shell Model

Barrett, Vary, Navratil, Maris, Nogga, Roth,...

NCSM is one of the most powerful and universal exact ab-initio methods

- construct matrix representation of Hamiltonian using a **basis of HO Slater determinants** truncated w.r.t. HO excitation energy $N_{\max} \hbar \Omega$
- solve **large-scale eigenvalue problem** for a few extremal eigenvalues
- **all relevant observables** can be computed from the eigenstates
- range of applicability limited by **factorial growth** of basis with N_{\max} & A
- adaptive **importance truncation** extends the range of NCSM by reducing the model space to physically relevant states

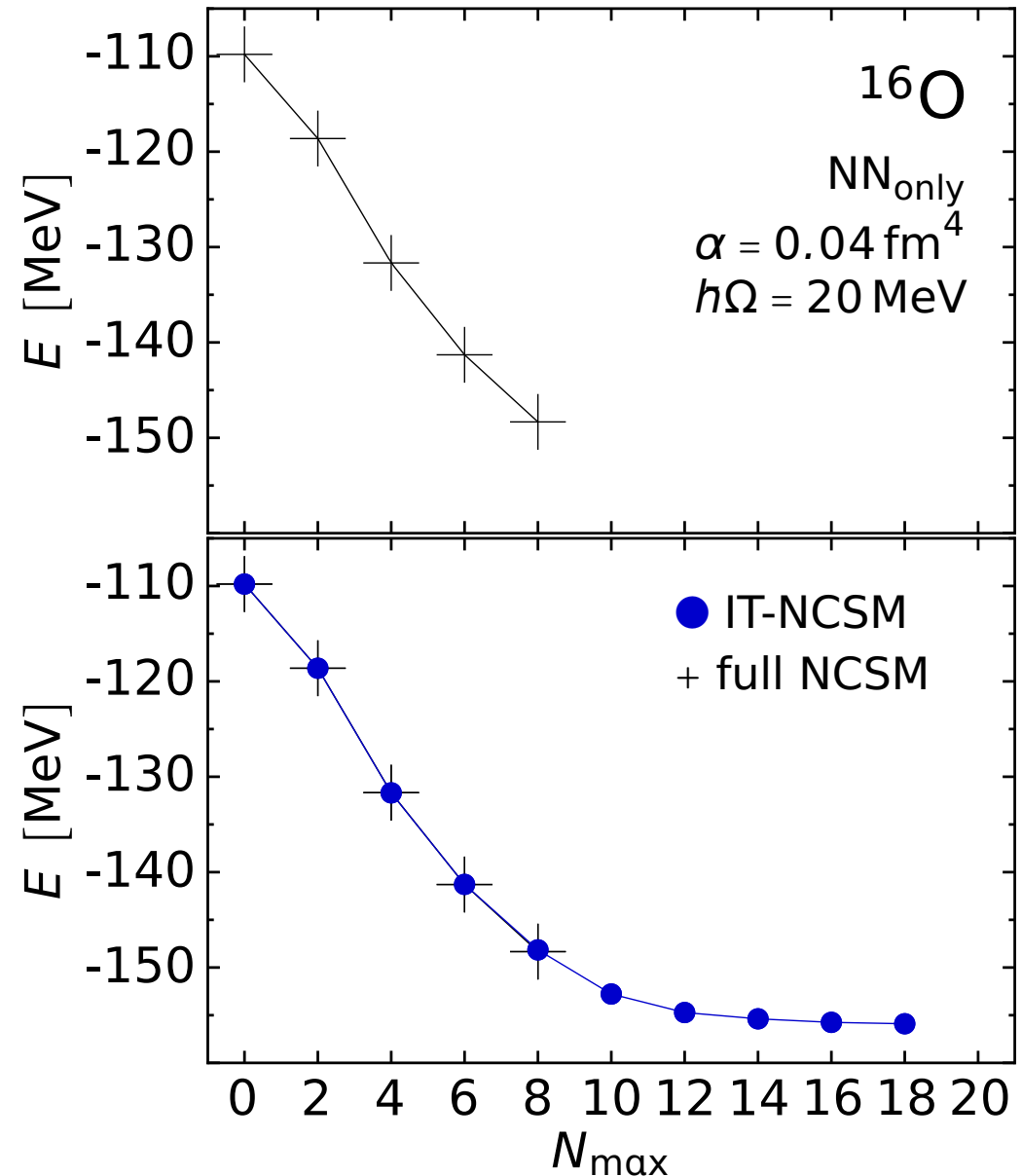
Importance Truncated NCSM

Roth, PRC 79, 064324 (2009); PRL 99, 092501 (2007)

- converged NCSM calculations essentially restricted to lower/mid p-shell
- full $N_{\max} = 10$ calculation for ^{16}O very difficult (basis dimension $> 10^{10}$)

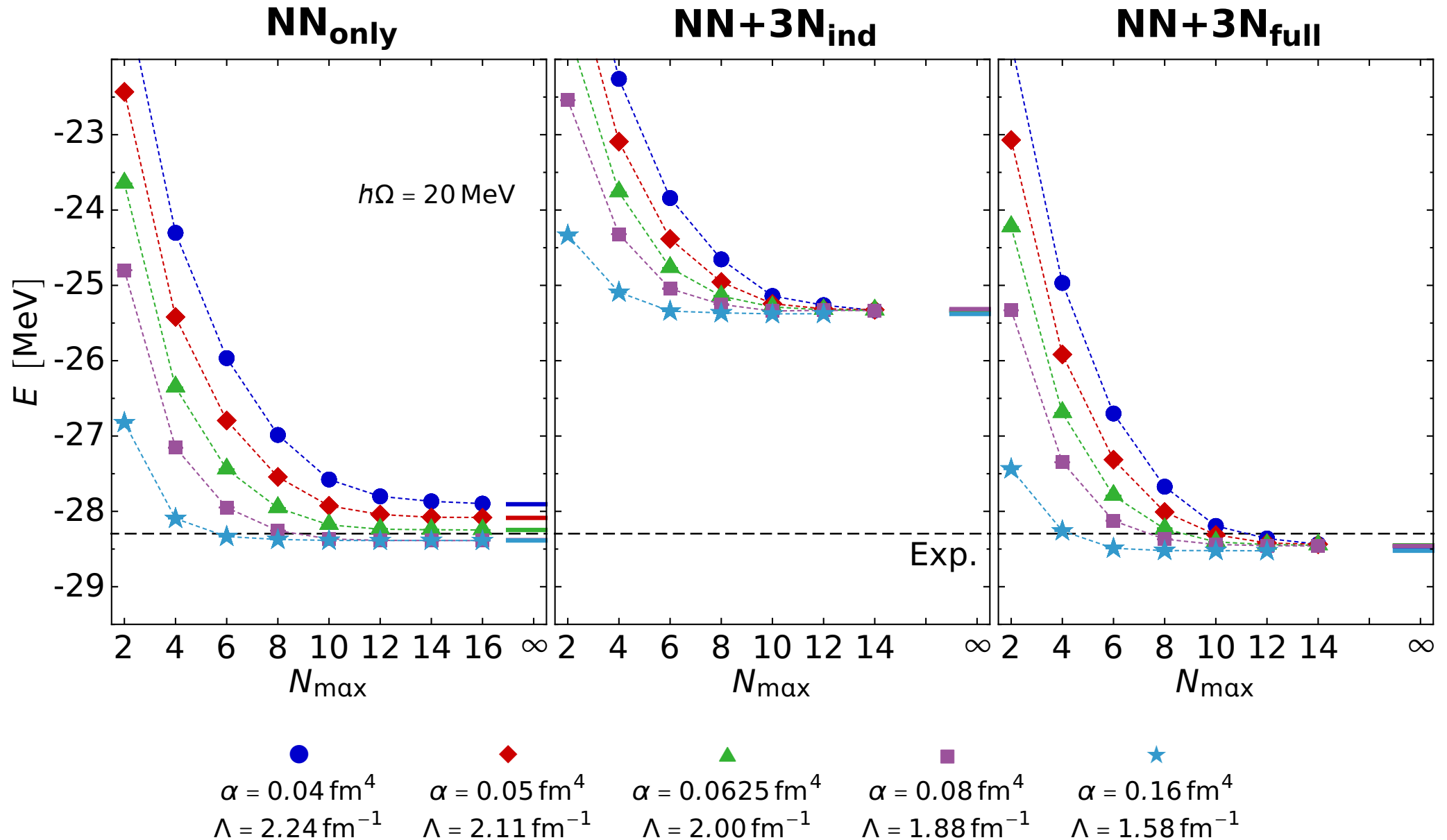
Importance Truncation

reduce model space to the relevant basis states using an **a priori importance measure** derived from MBPT



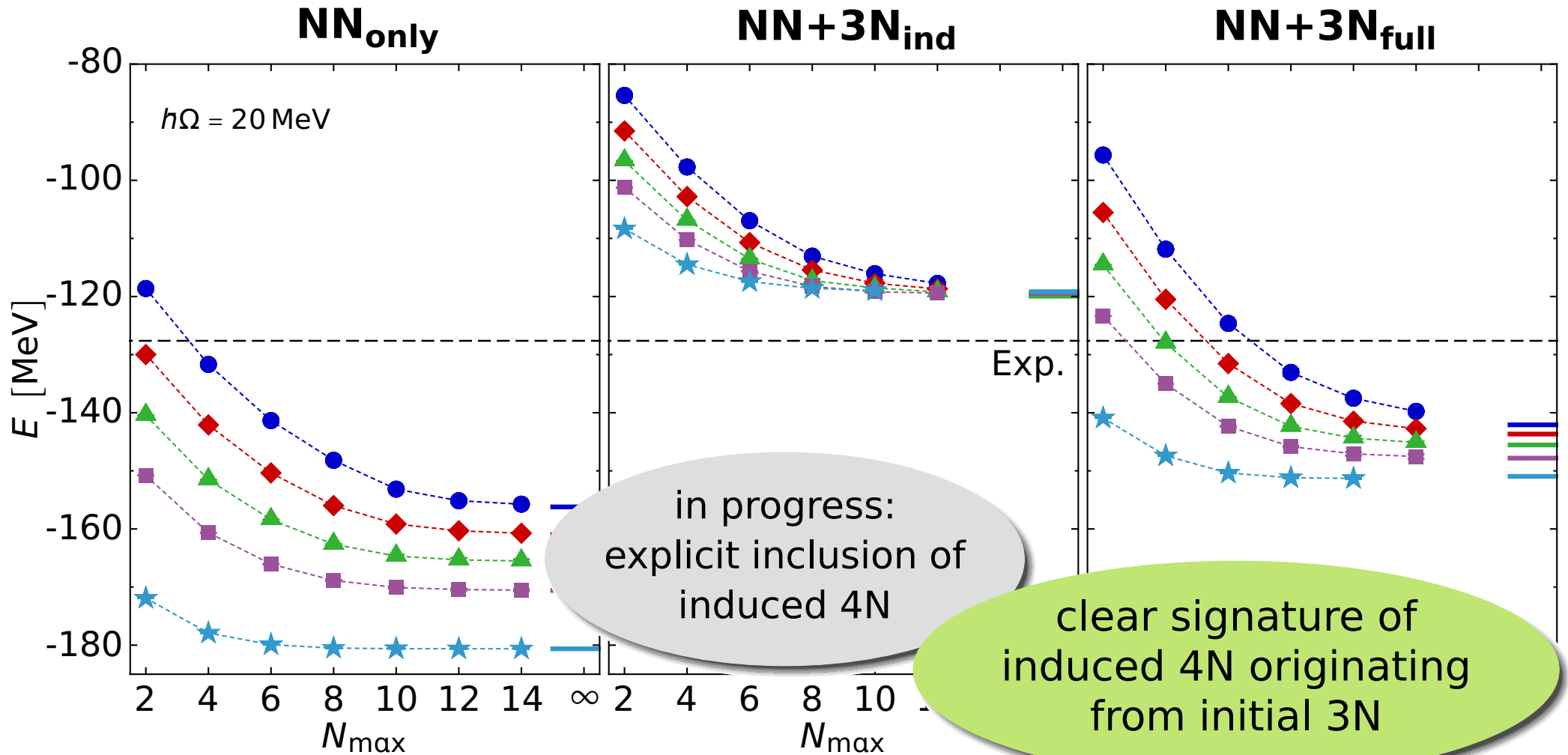
^4He : Ground-State Energies

Roth, et al; PRL 107, 072501 (2011)



^{16}O : Ground-State Energies

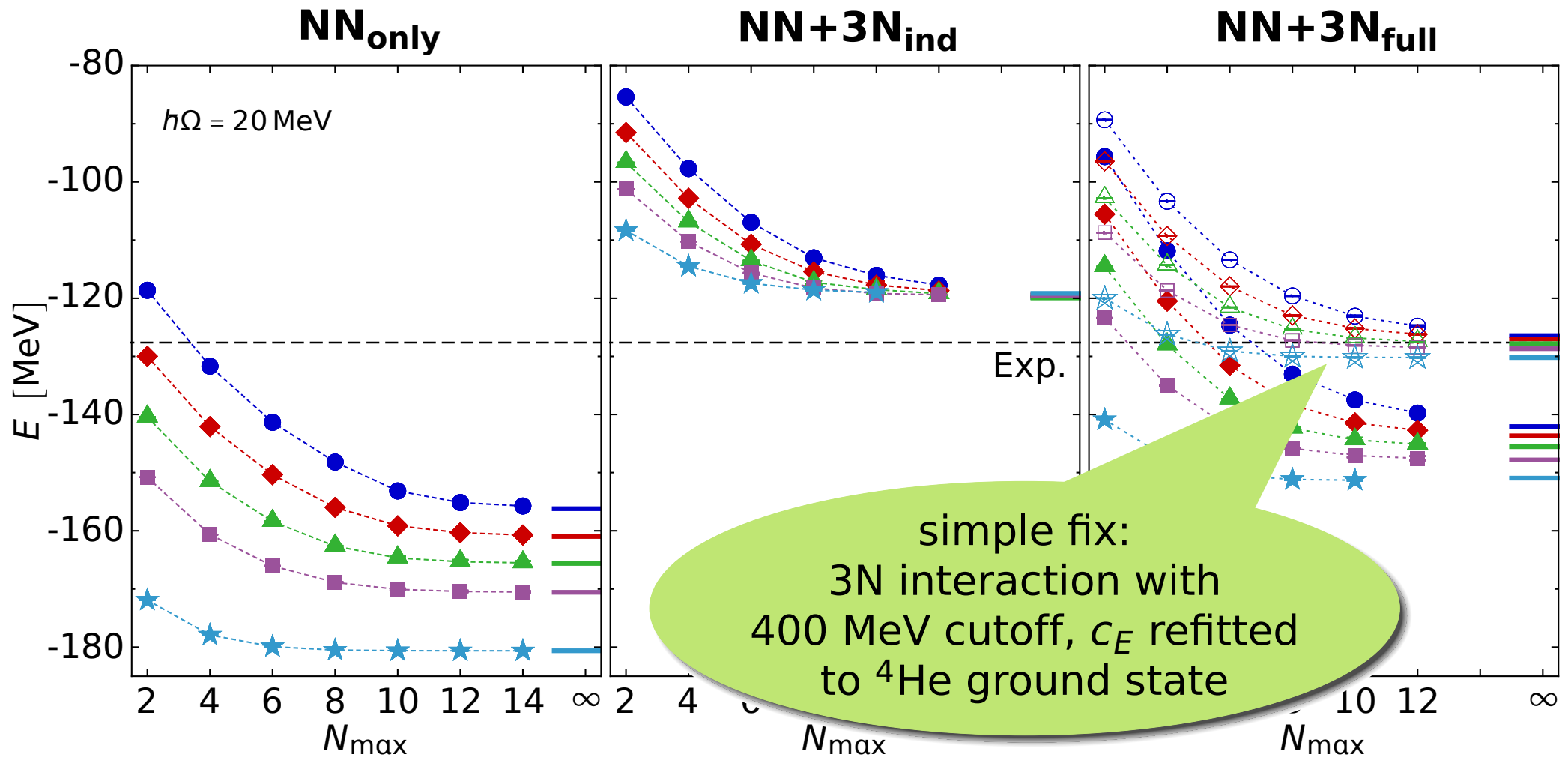
Roth, et al; PRL 107, 072501 (2011)



● $\alpha = 0.04 \text{ fm}^4$ $\Lambda = 2.24 \text{ fm}^{-1}$
◆ $\alpha = 0.05 \text{ fm}^4$ $\Lambda = 2.11 \text{ fm}^{-1}$
▲ $\alpha = 0.0625 \text{ fm}^4$ $\Lambda = 2.00 \text{ fm}^{-1}$
■ $\alpha = 0.08 \text{ fm}^4$ $\Lambda = 1.88 \text{ fm}^{-1}$
★ $\alpha = 0.16 \text{ fm}^4$ $\Lambda = 1.58 \text{ fm}^{-1}$

^{16}O : Ground-State Energies

Roth, et al; PRL 107, 072501 (2011); PRL 109, 052501 (2012)



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Ground States of Oxygen Isotopes

- **oxygen isotopic chain** has received significant attention and documents the **rapid progress** over the past years

Otsuka, Suzuki, Holt, Schwenk, Akaishi, PRL 105, 032501 (2010)

- 2010: **shell-model calculations** with 3N effects highlighting the role of 3N interaction for drip line physics

Hagen, Hjorth-Jensen, Jansen, Machleidt, Papenbrock, PRL 108, 242501 (2012)

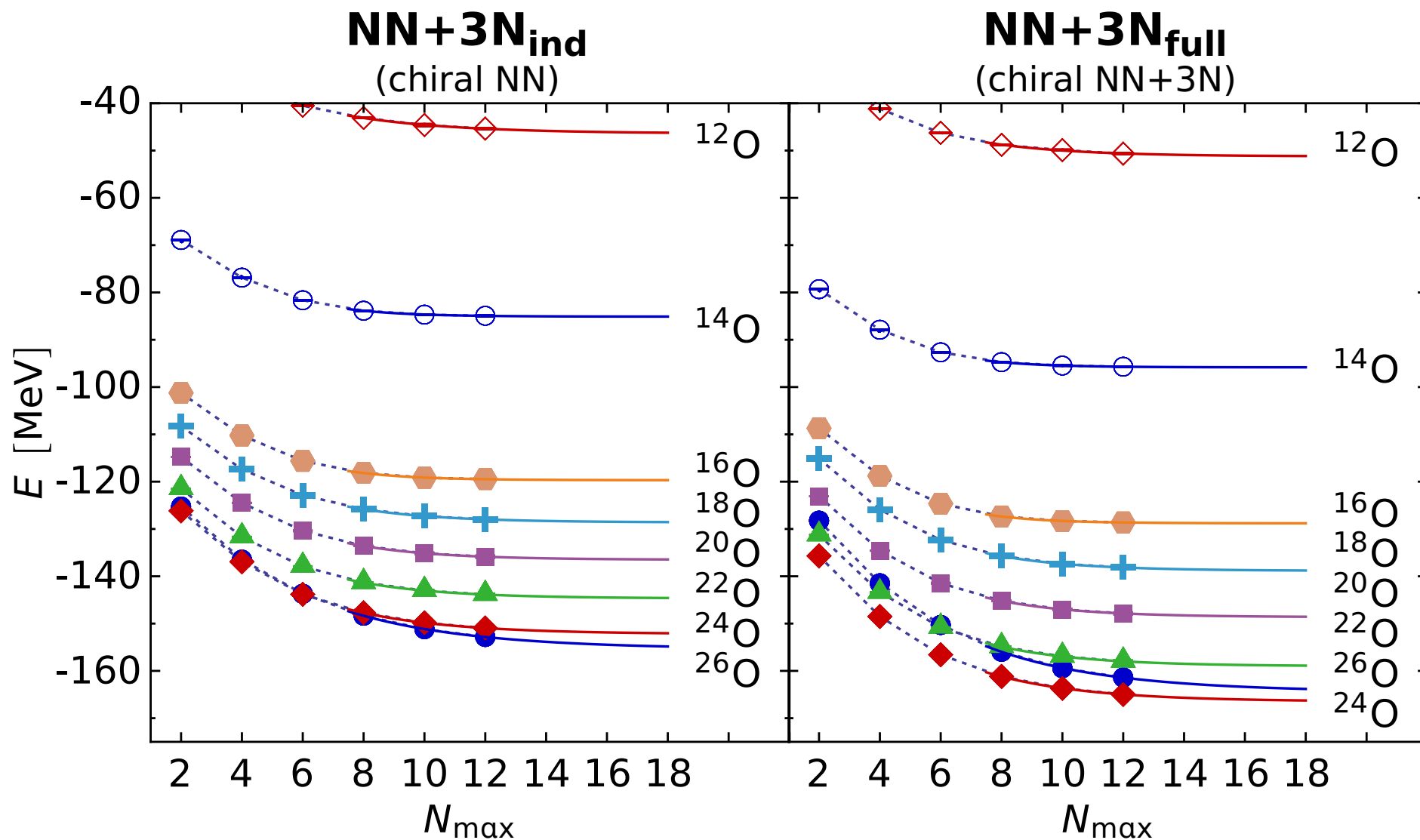
- 2012: **coupled-cluster calculations** with phenomenological two-body correction simulating chiral 3N forces

Hergert, Binder, Calci, Langhammer, Roth, PRL 110, 242501 (2013)

- 2013: **ab initio IT-NCSM** with explicit chiral 3N interactions...

Ground States of Oxygen Isotopes

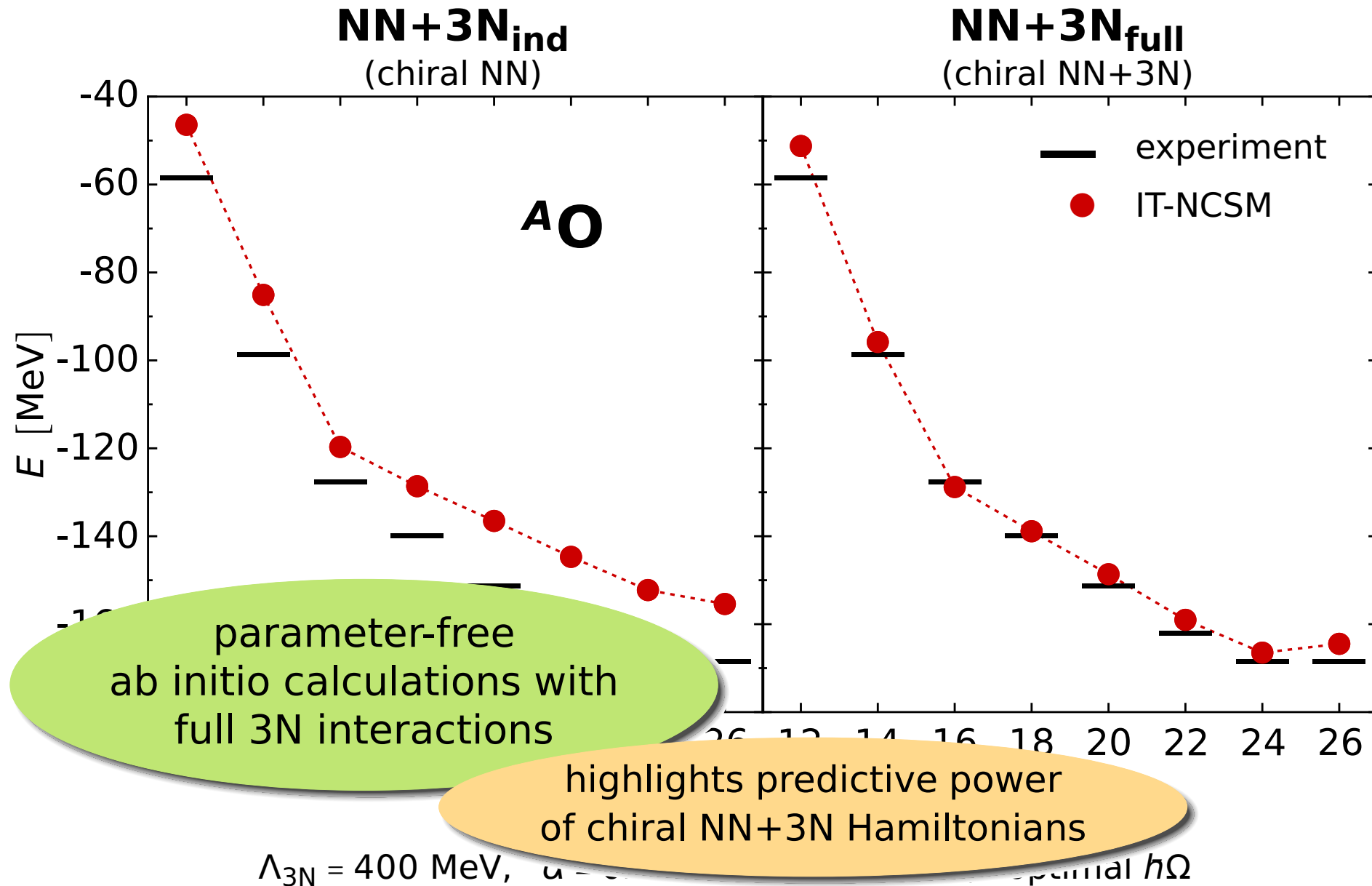
Hergert et al., PRL 110, 242501 (2013)



$\Lambda_{3N} = 400$ MeV, $\alpha = 0.08$ fm⁴, $E_{3\max} = 14$, optimal $\hbar\Omega$

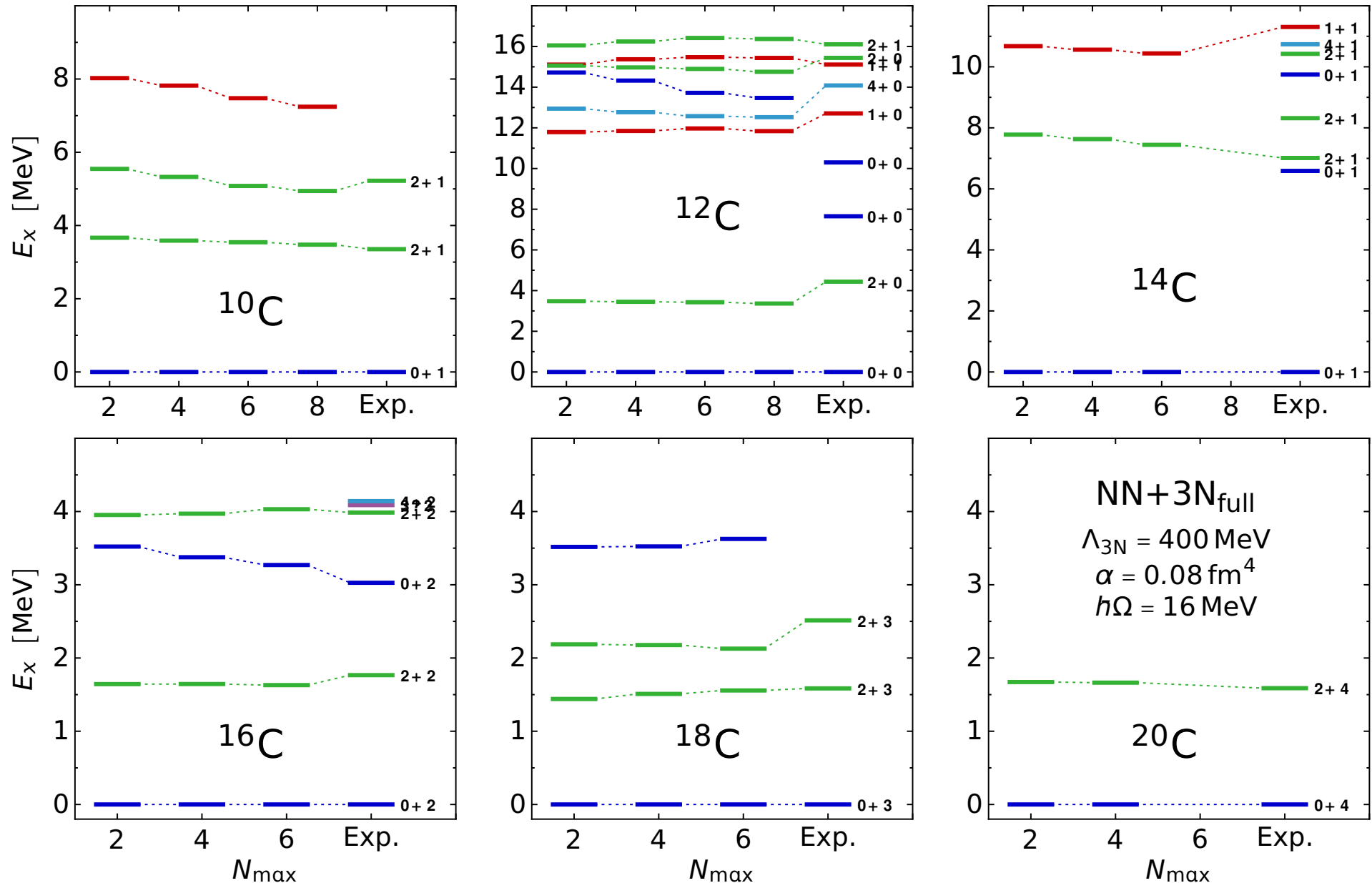
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Hergert et al., *PRL* 110, 242501 (2013)

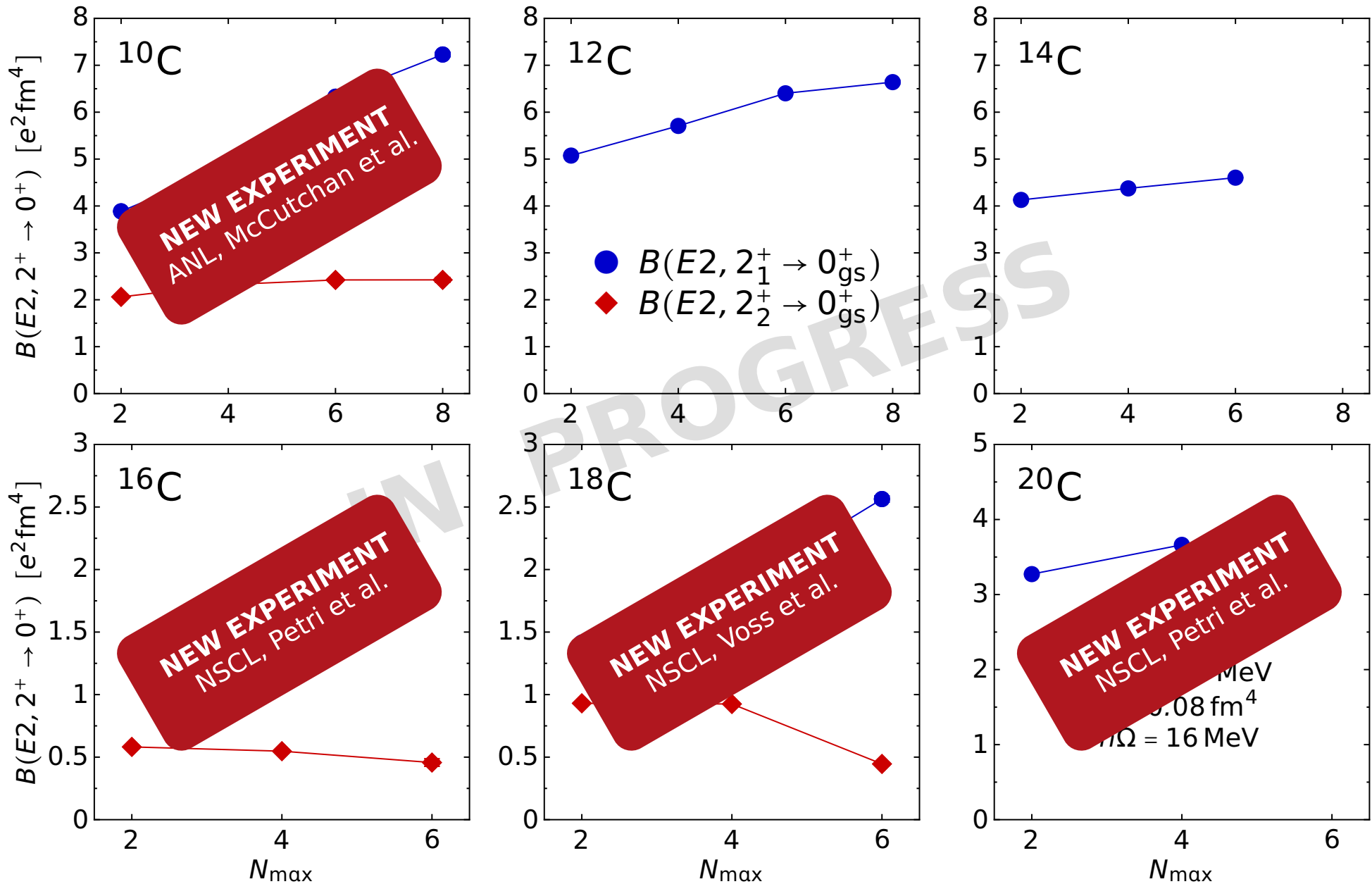


Spectroscopy of Carbon Isotopes

Forsen et al., JPG 40, 055105 (2013); Roth et al., in prep.



Spectroscopy of Carbon Isotopes



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Frontier: Medium-Mass Nuclei

advent of novel ab initio many-body approaches applicable in the medium-mass regime

Hagen, Papenbrock, Dean, Piecuch, Binder,...

- **coupled-cluster theory**: ground-state parametrized by exponential wave operator applied to single-determinant reference state

- truncation at doubles level (CCSD) plus triple excitations (CCSD(T))
- equations of motion for excited states

- **in-medium SRG**: many-body perturbation theory (MBPT) with normal-ordering

- normal-ordering of Hamiltonian truncated at two-body level
- both close to ground states; excitations via EOM or SM

Barbieri, Soma, Duguet,...

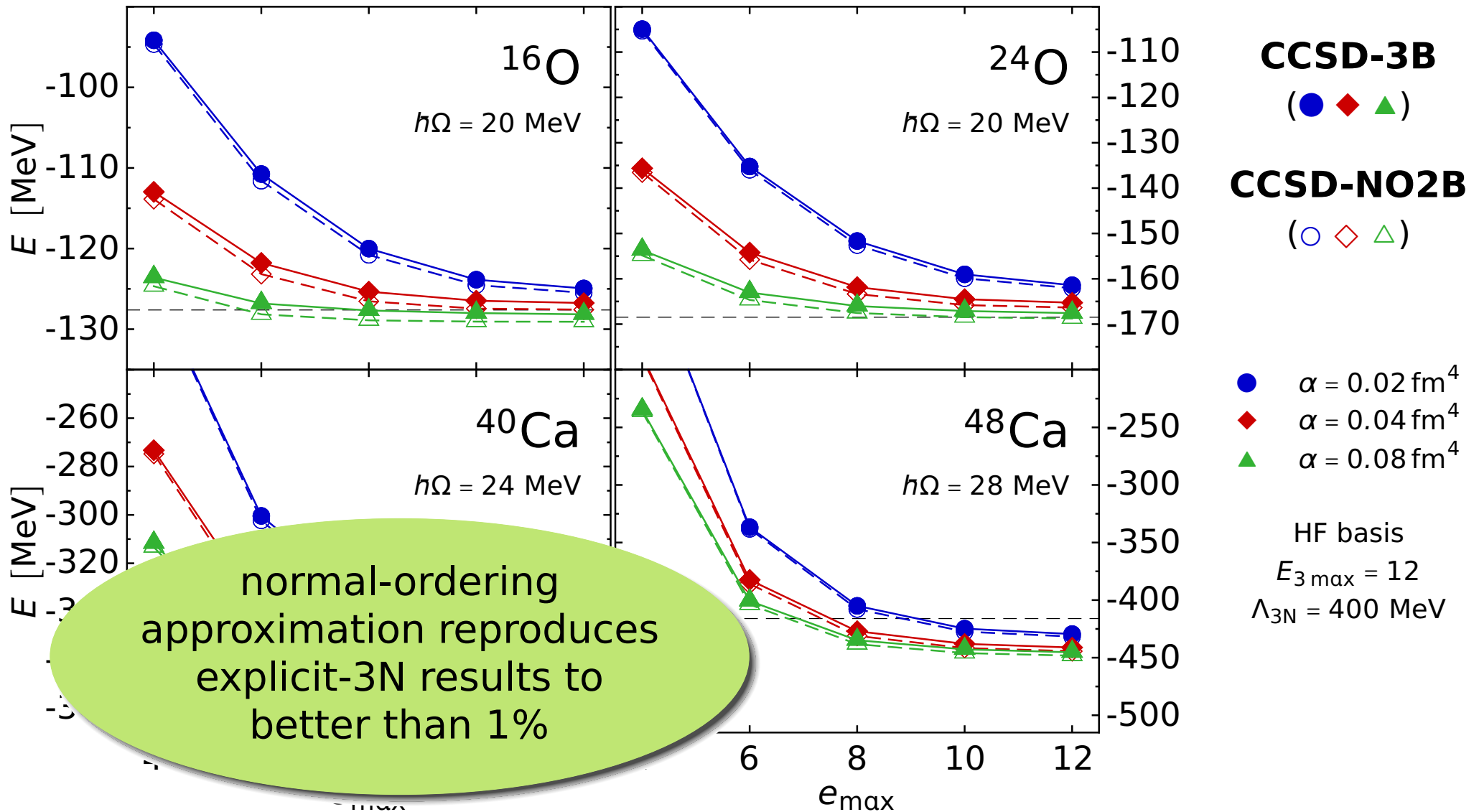
- self-consistent Green's function approaches and others...

controlling and quantifying the uncertainties due to various truncations is a major challenge

CCSD with Explicit 3N Interactions

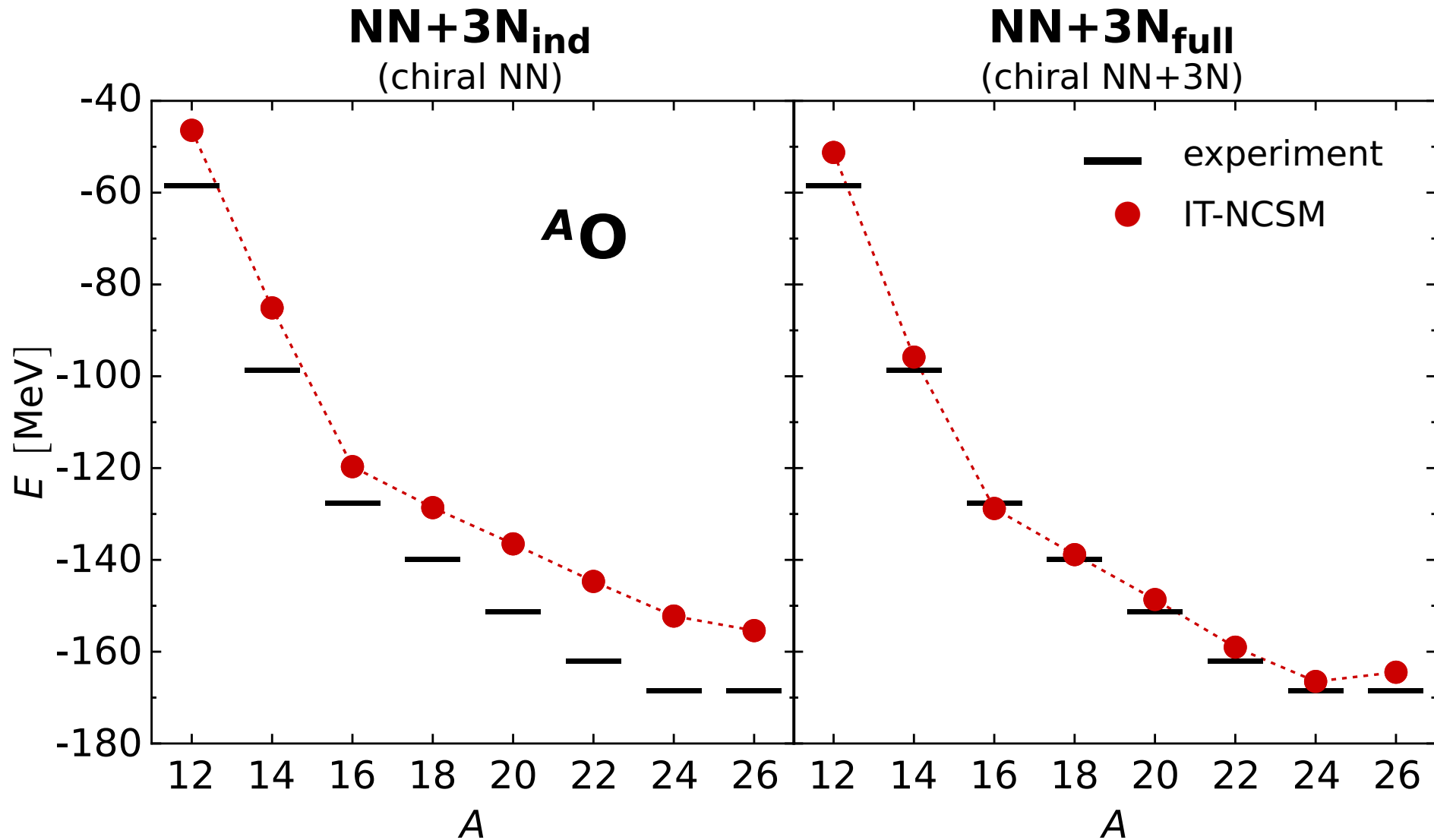
Roth, et al., PRL 109, 052501 (2012); Binder et al., PRC 87, 021303(R) (2013)

NN+3N_{full}



Ground States of Oxygen Isotopes

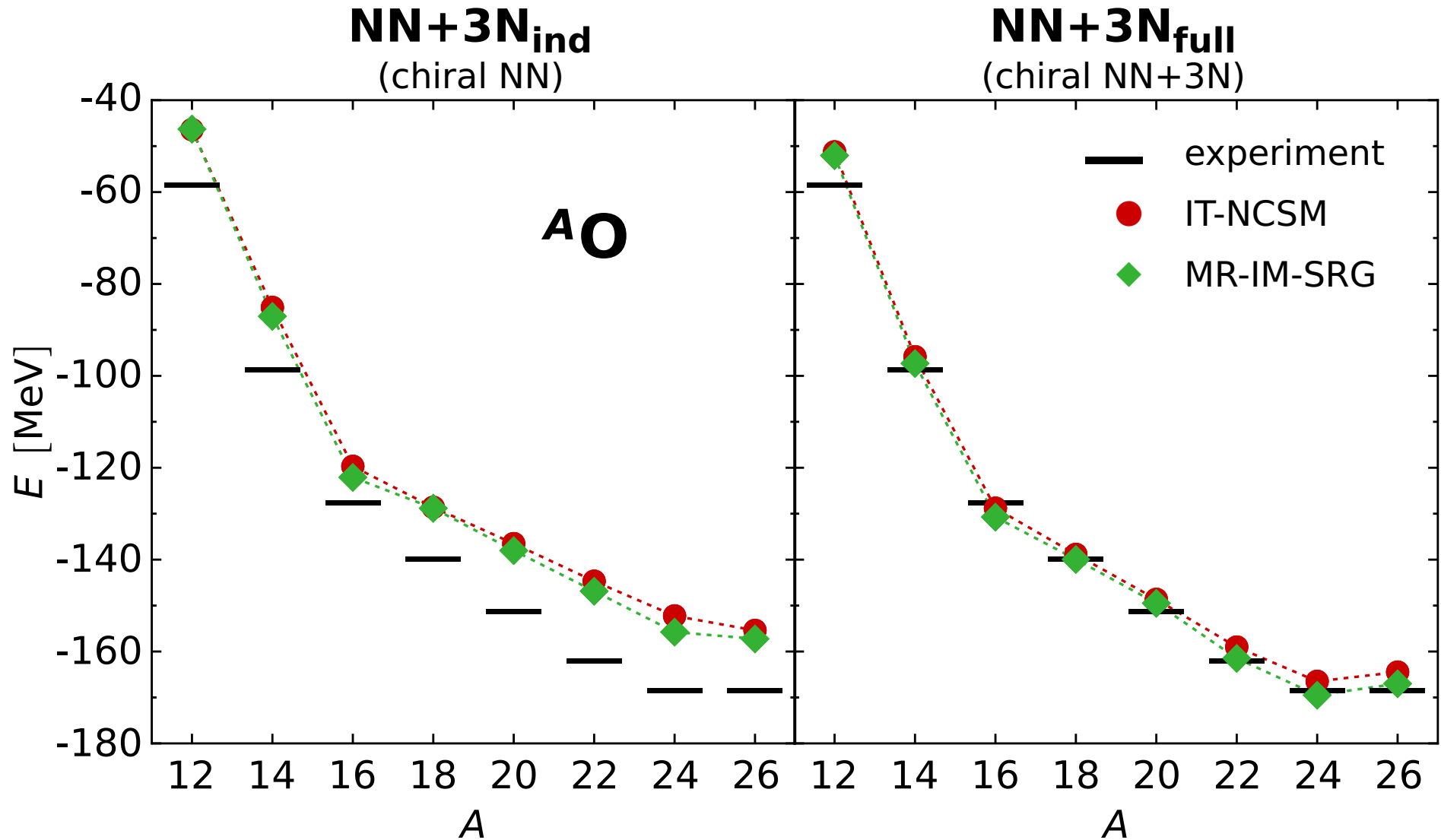
Hergert et al., PRL 110, 242501 (2013)



$\Lambda_{3N} = 400 \text{ MeV}$, $\alpha = 0.08 \text{ fm}^4$, $E_{3\text{max}} = 14$, optimal $h\Omega$

Ground States of Oxygen Isotopes

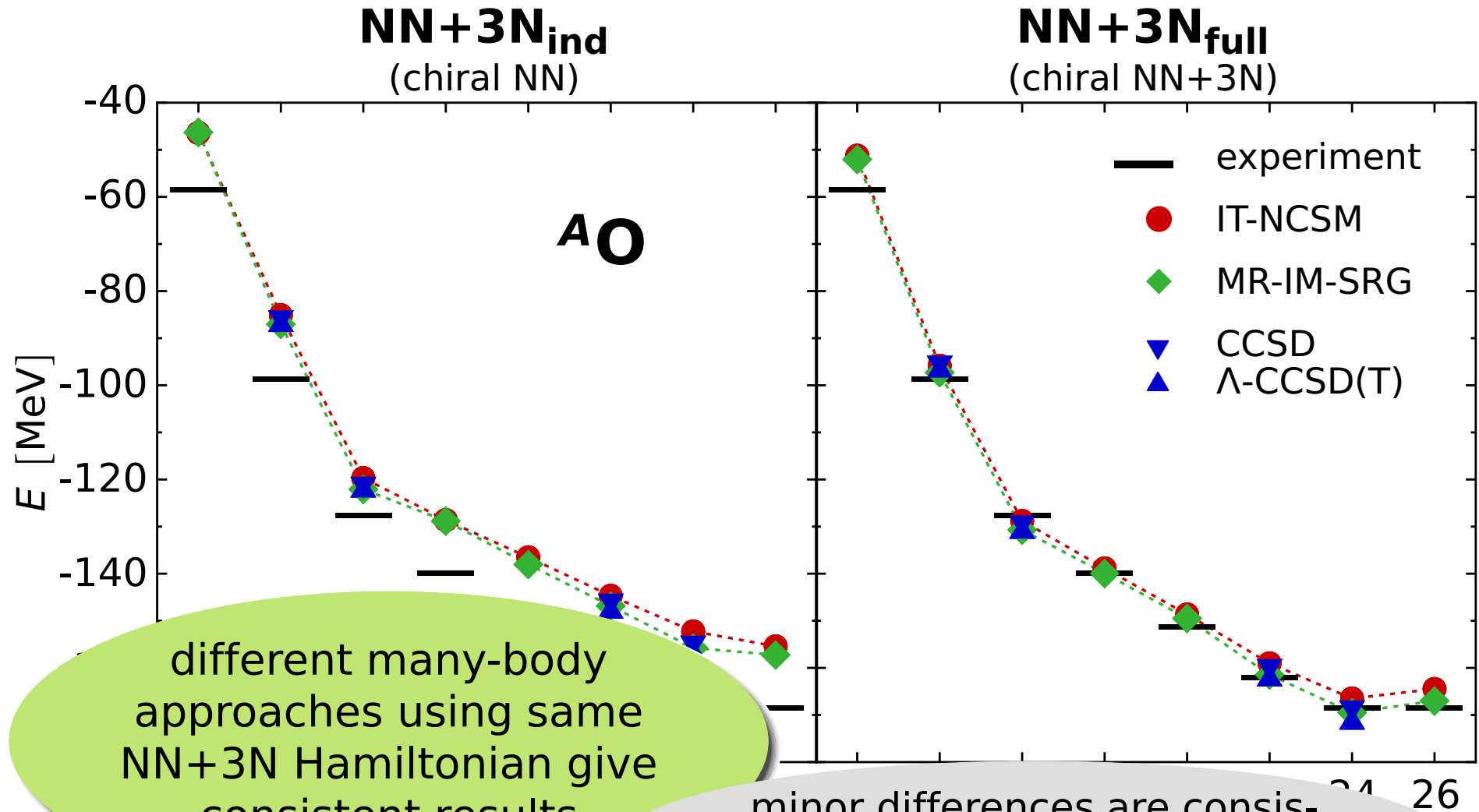
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Ground States of Oxygen Isotopes

Hergert et al., PRL 110, 242501 (2013)

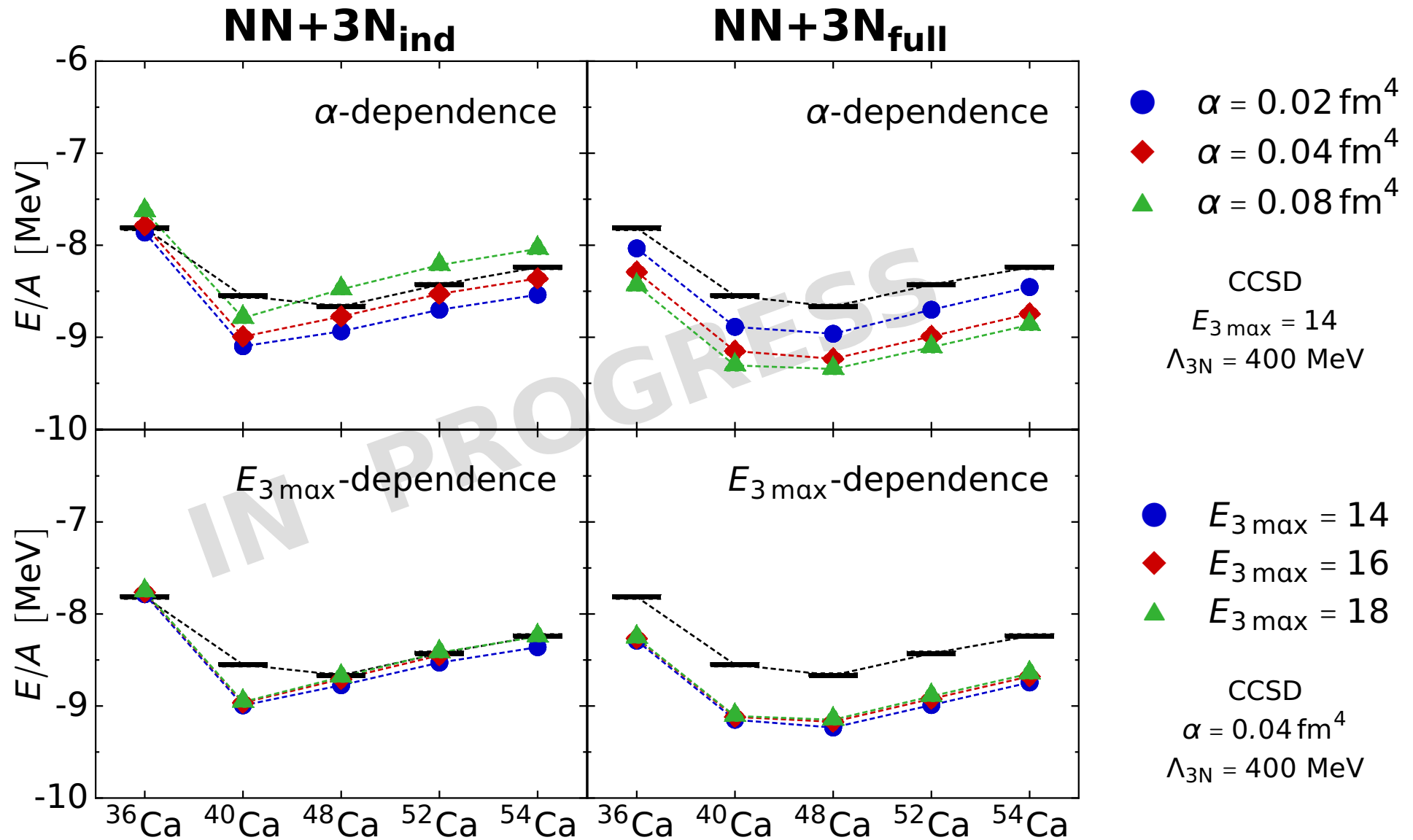


different many-body approaches using same NN+3N Hamiltonian give consistent results

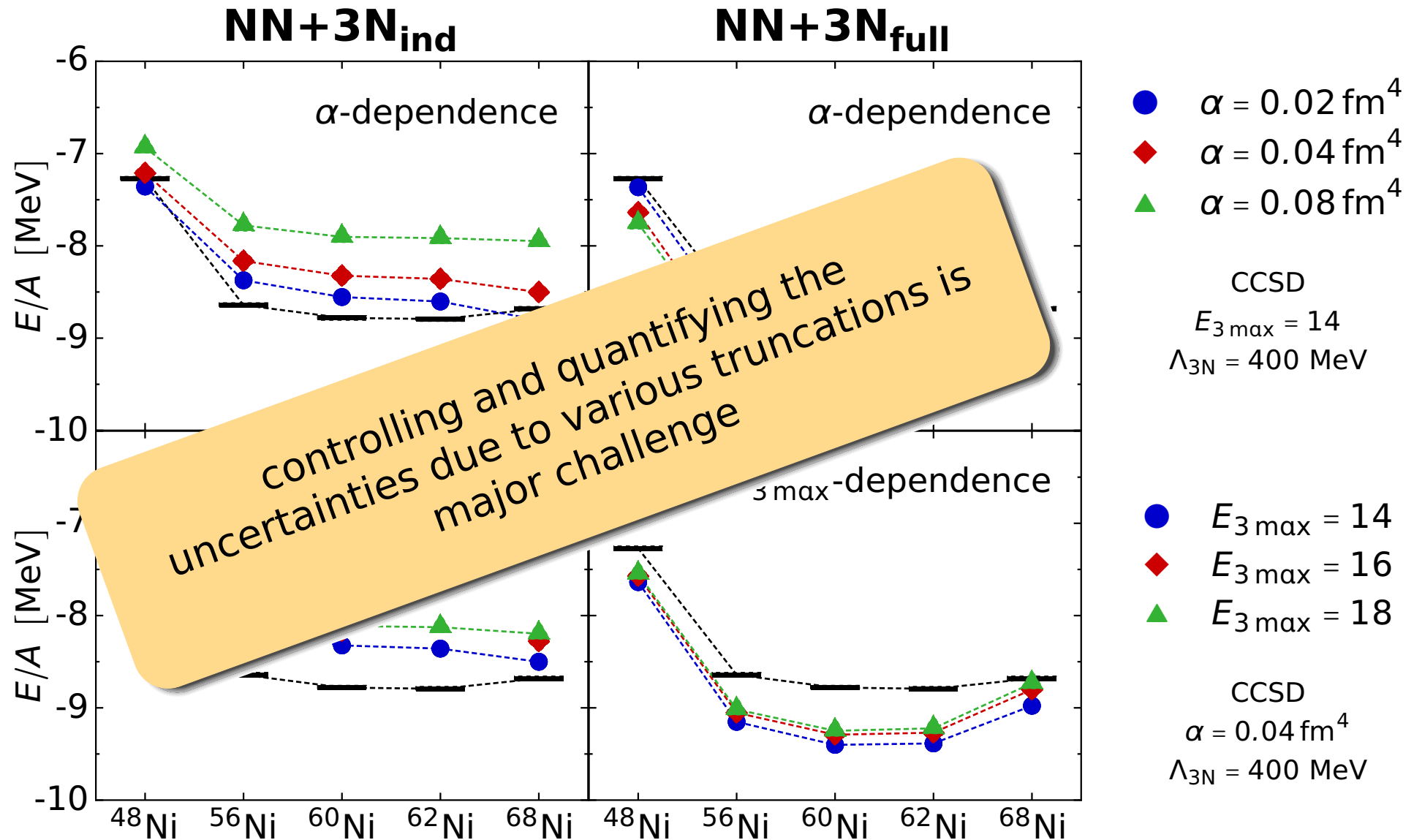
minor differences are consistent with uncertainty analysis

$\Lambda_{3N} = 400 \text{ MeV}$, $\alpha = 0.08 \text{ fm}^{-1}$, $E_{3\text{max}} = 1\tau$, $\text{Spatial } \Omega$

Next Step: Calcium Isotopes



Next Step: Nickel Isotopes



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Ab Initio *Hyper*-Nuclear Structure

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consistent NN, 3N, YN, YY, ... interactions & current operators

Chiral Effective Field Theory

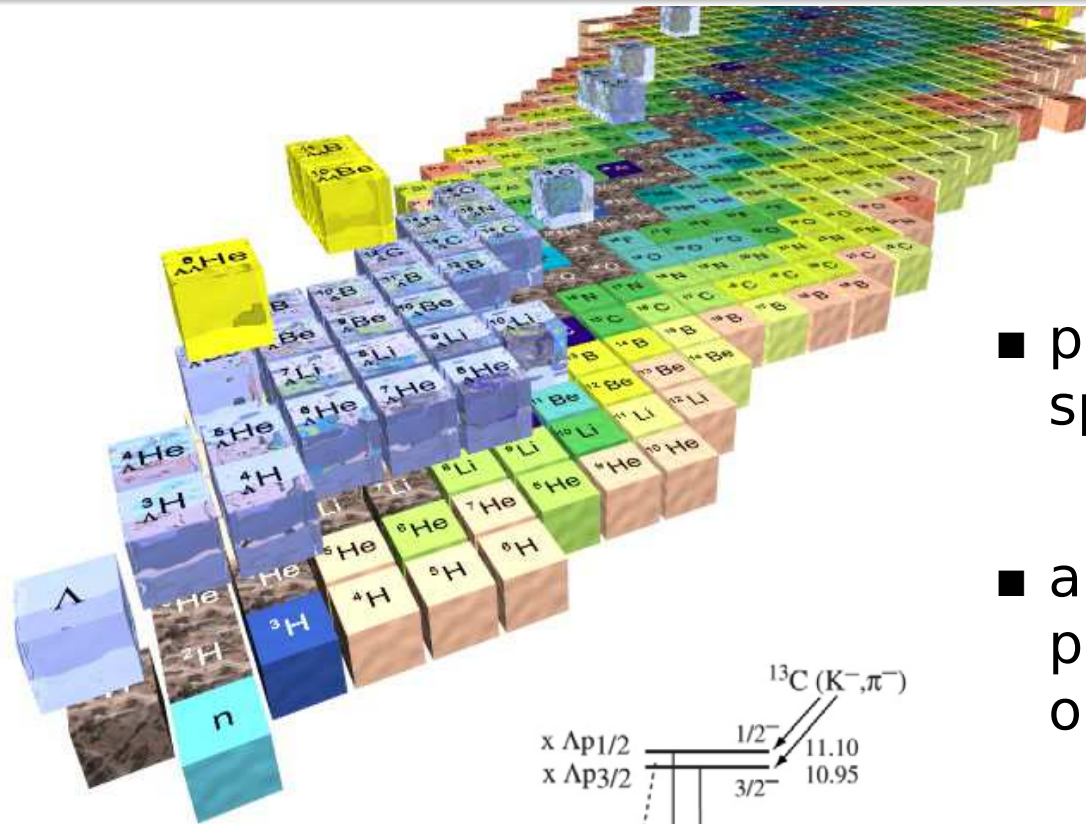
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Motivation: Hyper-Nuclear Structure



talks by Feliciello,...

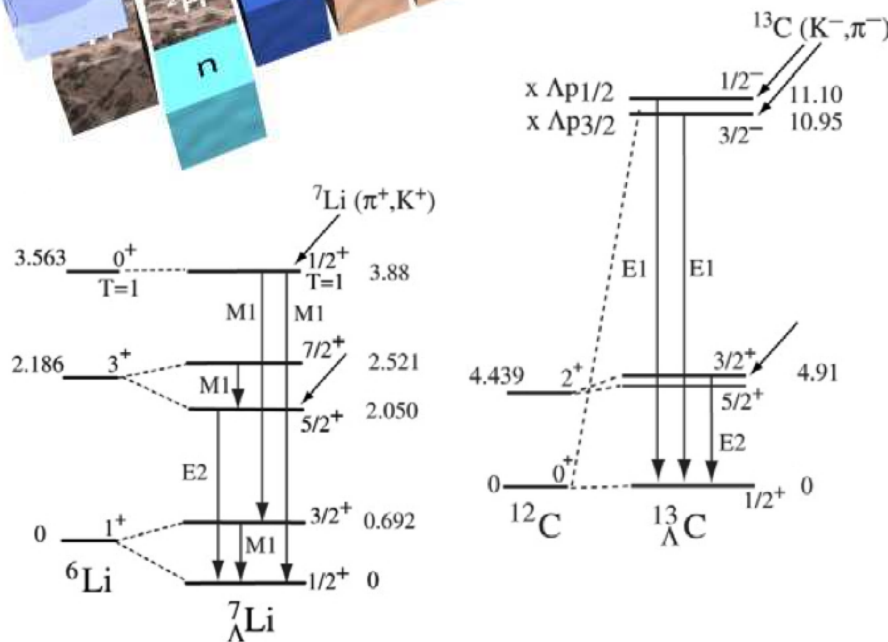
- precise data on ground states & spectroscopy of hyper-nuclei

talks by Hiyama, Nogga,...

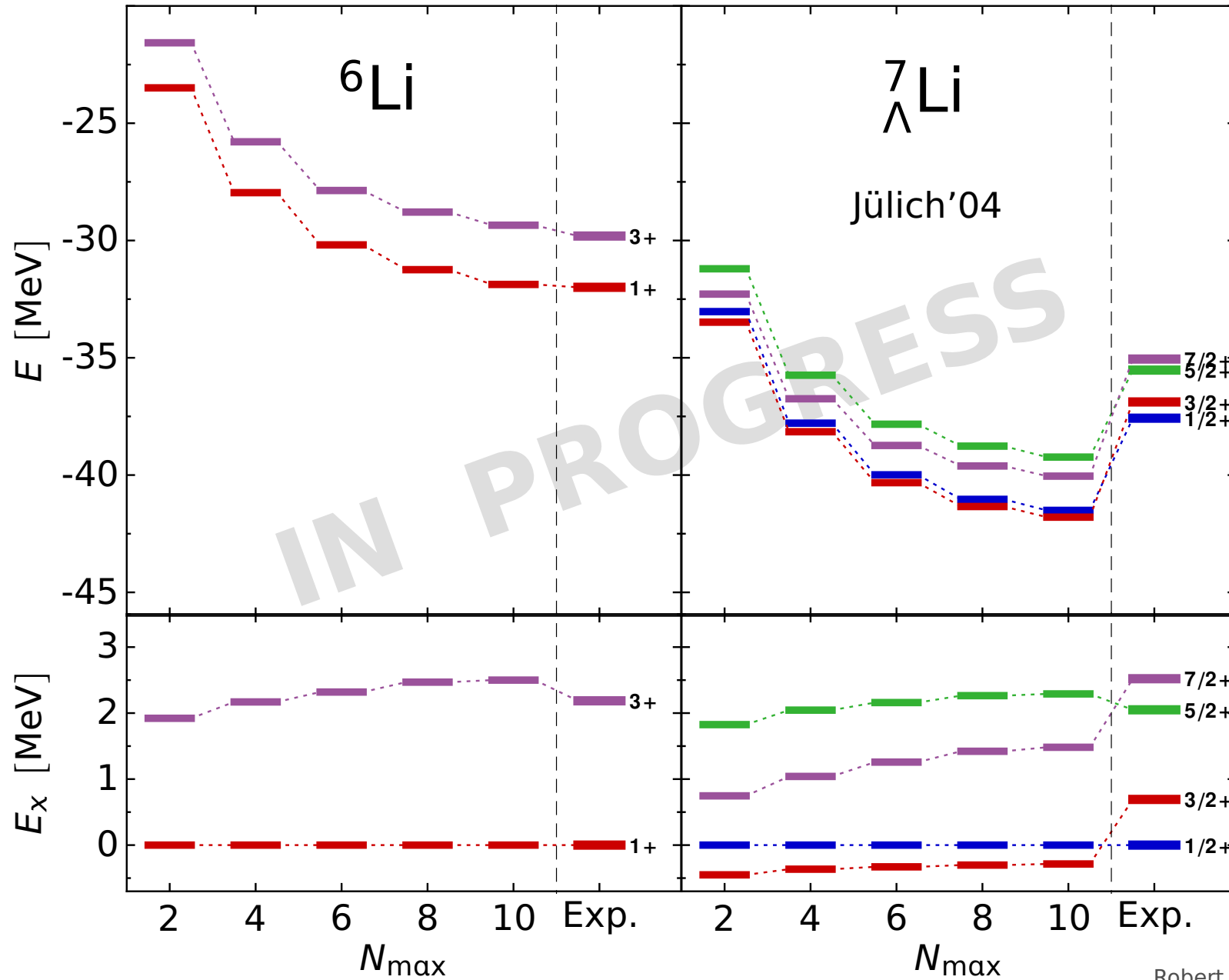
- ab initio few-body ($A \lesssim 4$) and phenomenological shell model or cluster calculations

talks by Haidenbauer,...

- chiral YN & YY interactions at (N)LO are available
- constrain YN & YY interaction by ab initio hyper-nuclear structure calculations



Application: ${}^7_{\Lambda}\text{Li}$



NN @ N3LO
Entem&Machleidt
 $\Lambda_{NN} = 500 \text{ MeV}$

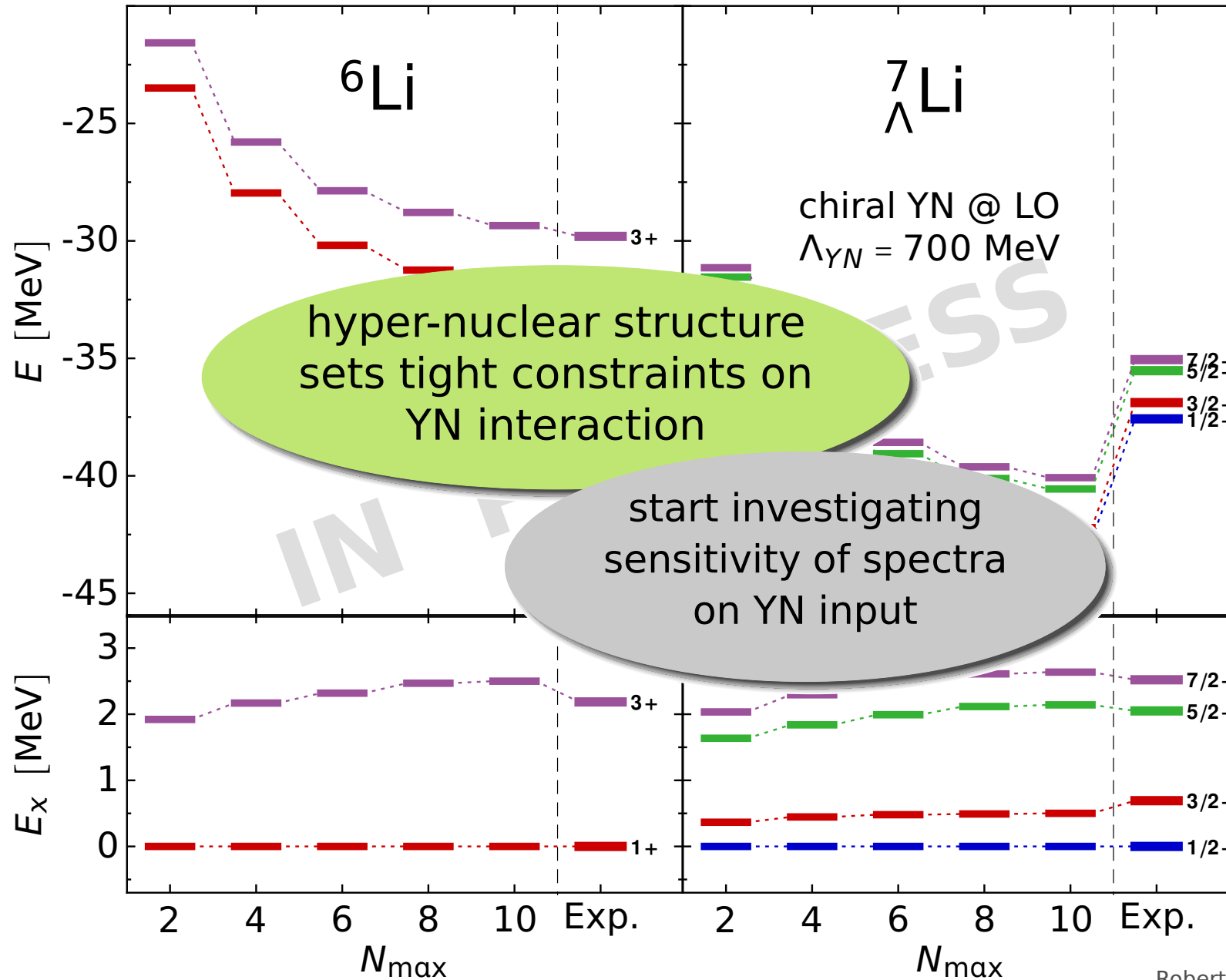
3N @ N2LO
Navratil
 $\Lambda_{3N} = 500 \text{ MeV}$
triton fit

Jülich'04
Haidenbauer et al.
scatt. & hypertriton

$\alpha = 0.08 \text{ fm}^4$
 $\hbar\Omega = 20 \text{ MeV}$

induced YNN
not included

Application: ${}^7_{\Lambda}\text{Li}$



NN @ N3LO
Entem&Machleidt
 $\Lambda_{NN} = 500 \text{ MeV}$

3N @ N2LO
Navratil
 $\Lambda_{3N} = 500 \text{ MeV}$
triton fit

YN @ LO
Haidenbauer et al.
 $\Lambda_{YN} = 700 \text{ MeV}$
scatt. & hypertriton

$\alpha = 0.08 \text{ fm}^4$
 $h\Omega = 20 \text{ MeV}$

induced YNN
not included

New Horizons...

■ **nuclear structure theory connected to QCD via chiral EFT**

- chiral EFT as universal, controlled and improvable starting point
- consistent and optimized interactions at N2LO, N3LO,...
- consistent similarity transformation of Hamiltonian and observables

■ **innovations in ab initio many-body theory**

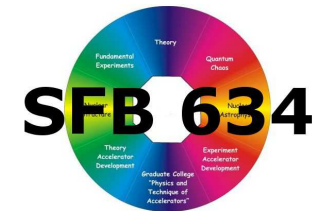
- consistent inclusion of 3N (and 4N) interactions
- precision structure and spectroscopy in p- and sd-shell (IT-NCSM,...)
- access to the medium-mass regime (CC, IM-SRG,...)
- extension to ab initio hyper-nuclear structure
- bridge to reaction theory (NCSM/RGM, NCSMC)
- uncertainty quantification, error propagation, feedback cycle

■ **many exciting applications ahead...**

Epilogue

■ thanks to my group & my collaborators

- **S. Binder**, **A. Calci**, S. Fischer, E. Gebrerufael, H. Spiess, **J. Langhammer**, S. Reinhardt, S. Schulz, C. Stumpf, A. Tichai, R. Trippel, **R. Wirth**, K. Vobig
Institut für Kernphysik, TU Darmstadt
- **P. Navrátil**
TRIUMF Vancouver, Canada
- J. Vary, P. Maris
Iowa State University, USA
- S. Quaglioni, G. Hupin
LLNL Livermore, USA
- P. Piecuch
Michigan State University, USA
- **H. Hergert**
Ohio State University, USA
- P. Papakonstantinou
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Chalmers University, Sweden
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GSI Helmholtzzentrum



Deutsche
Forschungsgemeinschaft

DFG



Exzellente Forschung für
Hessens Zukunft



COMPUTING TIME

