

# QCD at Finite Temperature and Density from Dyson-Schwinger Equations

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March 15, 2011

Christian Fischer, Jan Lücker, Jens Müller in preparation

# Layout

Motivation

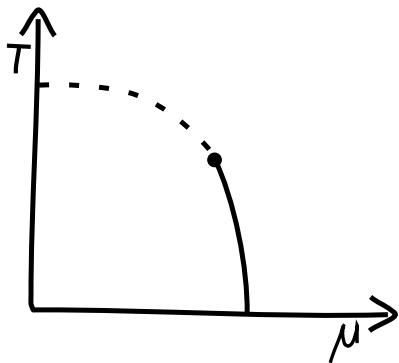
Truncation scheme

Order parameters

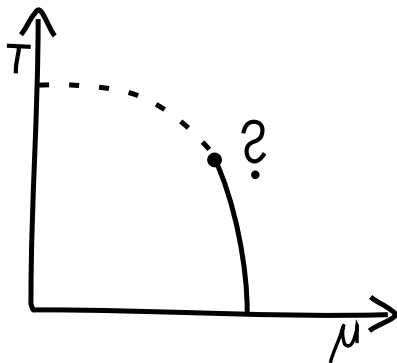
Results

Summary

# Open questions about the QCD phase diagram

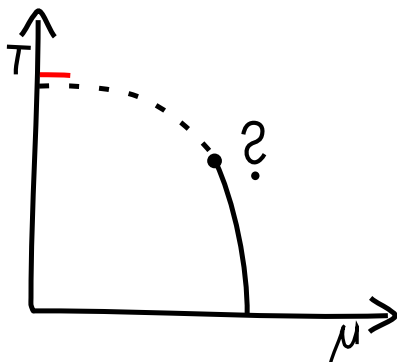


## Open questions about the QCD phase diagram



- Is there a critical endpoint, and if so, where?

# Open questions about the QCD phase diagram

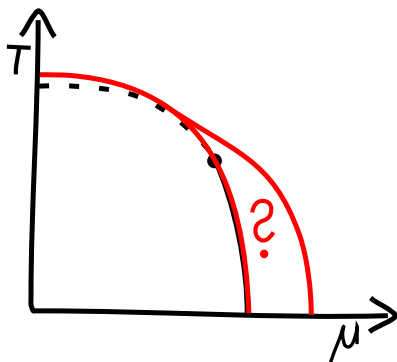


- Is there a critical endpoint, and if so, where?
- At  $\mu = 0$  chiral and deconfinement transitions in the same regime<sup>1,2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Aoki *et al.*, JHEP **0906** (2009)

<sup>2</sup> Bazavov *et al.*, PRD**80** (2009)

# Open questions about the QCD phase diagram



- Is there a critical endpoint, and if so, where?
- At  $\mu = 0$  chiral and deconfinement transitions in the same regime<sup>1,2</sup>
- Is that still true at all  $\mu$ , or is there a quarkyonic phase?

<sup>1</sup> Aoki *et al.*, JHEP **0906** (2009)

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## Why functional methods?

- Lattice QCD works only for small chemical potential  $\rightarrow$  fermion sign problem, light quarks are expensive
- Model calculations ([P]NJL, [P]QM, ...) may miss features of QCD

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Functional methods (Functional Renormalisation Group<sup>1,2</sup>, Dyson-Schwinger Equations<sup>3,4</sup>)

- ⊕ Can be applied directly to QCD
- ⊕ Any quark mass possible
- ⊕ Finite density no problem
- ⊖ Truncation is necessary

<sup>1</sup>Gies, hep-ph/0611146, Pawłowski, hep-th/0512261

<sup>2</sup>Braun, Haas, Marhauser, Pawłowski, PRL **106** (2011)

<sup>3</sup>Alkofer, von Smekal, Phys. Rept. **353** (2001)

<sup>4</sup>Roberts, Schmidt, Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. **45** (2000)



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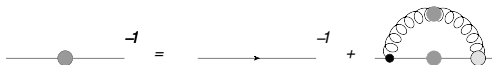
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## Truncation scheme I

The quark DSE:

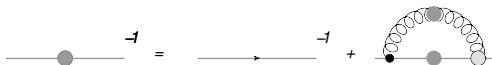


describes the fully dressed quark propagator

$$S^{-1}(\vec{p}, \omega_n) = iC(\vec{p}^2, \omega_n)(\omega_n + i\mu)\gamma_4 + iA(\vec{p}^2, \omega_n)\vec{p}\vec{\gamma} + B(\vec{p}^2, \omega_n)$$

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- needs fully dressed gluon
- and fully dressed quark-gluon vertex

Vertex Ansatz:

$$\Gamma_\mu(p, k; q) = \gamma_\mu \cdot \Gamma(q^2) \cdot \left( \delta_{\mu,4} \frac{C(p) + C(q)}{2} + \delta_{\mu,i} \frac{A(p) + A(q)}{2} \right)$$

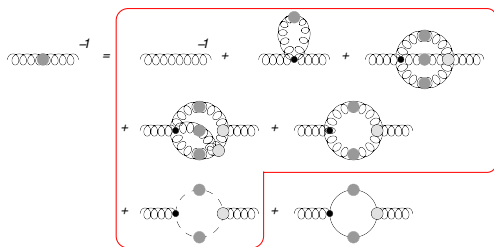
# Truncation scheme II

The gluon DSE:

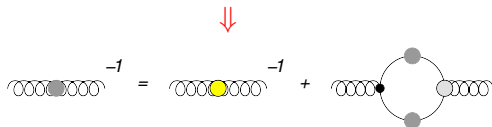
$$\begin{aligned}
 \langle \text{Gluon} \rangle^{-1} &= \langle \text{Gluon} \rangle^{-1} + \langle \text{Gluon} \rangle^{-1} \langle \text{Gluon} \rangle \langle \text{Gluon} \rangle^{-1} + \langle \text{Gluon} \rangle^{-1} \langle \text{Gluon} \rangle \langle \text{Gluon} \rangle \langle \text{Gluon} \rangle^{-1} \\
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 \end{aligned}$$

## Truncation scheme II

The gluon DSE:



Truncation



Quenched  $T$ -dependent gluon from lattice QCD<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> C. S. Fischer, A. Maas and J. A. Mueller, Eur. Phys. J. C **68** (2010) 165

## Truncation scheme III

Coupled system of equations

$$S(p)^{-1} = Z_2 S_0^{-1}(p) + Z_1 F C_F g^2 \int_k \gamma_\mu S(k) \Gamma_\nu D_{\mu\nu}(k-p)$$

$$D_{\mu\nu}^{-1}(p) = D_{\mu\nu, \text{quenched}}^{-1}(p) + \frac{N_f Z_1 F g^2}{2} \int_k \text{Tr} [\gamma_\mu S(k) \Gamma_\nu S(k-p)]$$

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... for now we rely on a Hard Thermal Loop (HTL) approximation of the quark loop, full system work in progress.

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## Order parameters 1: chiral symmetry

The chiral condensate is an order parameter for chiral symmetry breaking:

$$\langle \bar{\psi}\psi \rangle = \text{Tr}[S]$$

- **large** for broken chiral symmetry
- **small** for (approximate) restoration of chiral symmetry
- we use physical quark masses  $\Rightarrow$  crossover for  $\mu = 0$

## Order parameters 2: deconfinement I

The dual condensates<sup>1,2,3</sup>:

$$\Sigma_n = \int \frac{d\varphi}{2\pi} e^{-i\varphi n} \langle \bar{\psi}\psi \rangle_\varphi$$

where  $\langle \bar{\psi}\psi \rangle_\varphi$  is a condensate for shifted boundary conditions:

$$\psi(\vec{x}, 1/T) = e^{i\varphi} \psi(\vec{x}, 0) \quad \varphi \in [0, 2\pi]$$

<sup>1</sup>C. Gattringer, Phys. Rev. Lett. **97** (2006)

<sup>2</sup>F. Synatschke, A. Wipf, C. Wozar, Phys. Rev. **D75** (2007)

<sup>3</sup>E. Bilgici, F. Bruckmann, C. Gattringer, C. Hagen, Phys. Rev. **D77** (2008)

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- $\Sigma_n$  corresponds to loops that wind  $n$ -times around the time direction
- Spatial fluctuations are included but  $1/m$  suppressed

<sup>1</sup>C. Gattringer, Phys. Rev. Lett. **97** (2006)

<sup>2</sup>F. Synatschke, A. Wipf, C. Wozar, Phys. Rev. **D75** (2007)

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## Order parameters 2: deconfinement II

- $\Rightarrow \Sigma_{\pm 1}$  is the Polyakov loop for  $m \rightarrow \infty$
- $\Sigma_{+1} \rightarrow$  dressed Polyakov loop
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$\Rightarrow$  order parameters for confinement, accessible by functional methods

- **small** in the confined phase
- **large** in the quark-gluon plasma
- crossover, since finite quark masses are used

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Motivation

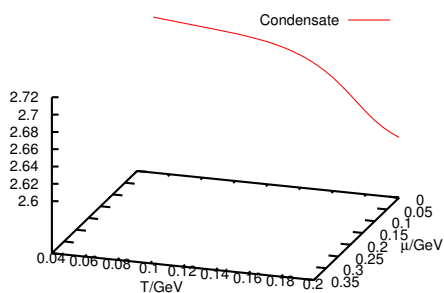
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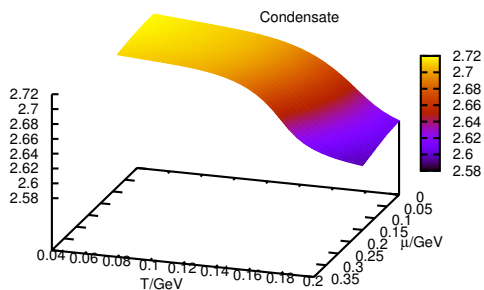
# The chiral transition



- $N_f = 2$
- Crossover at small  $\mu$

C. Fischer, J. Müller, JL in preparation

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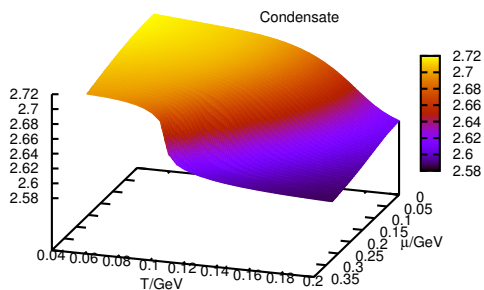


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C. Fischer, J. Müller, JL in preparation



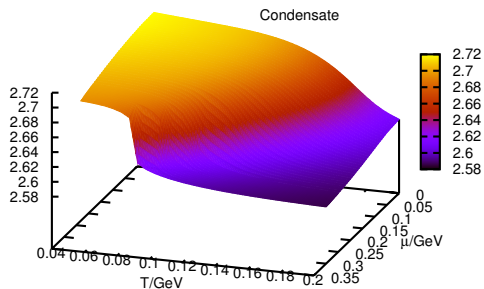
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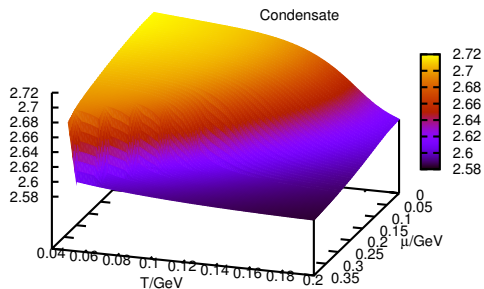
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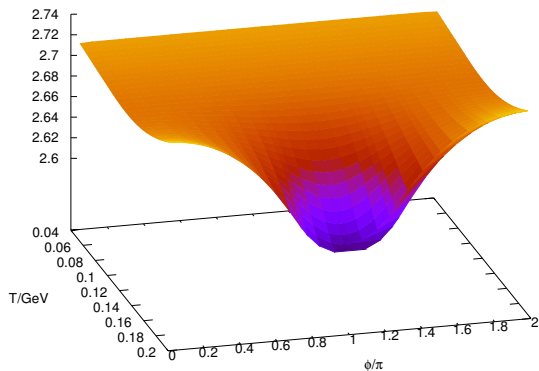


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# Deconfinement

$\mu = 0.000 \text{ GeV}$

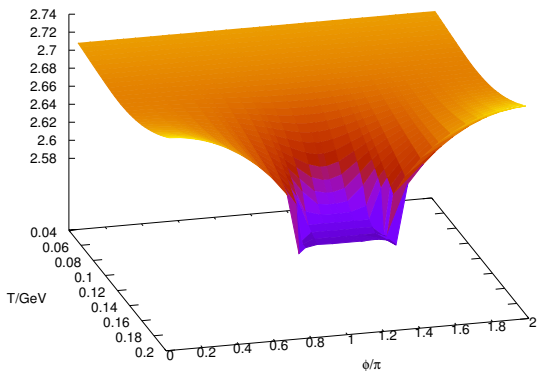


C. Fischer, J. Müller, JL in preparation

- physical quark at  $\varphi = \pi$
- nearly independent on  $\varphi$  for small  $T$
- valley develops for growing  $T$

# Deconfinement

$\mu = 0.100 \text{ GeV}$

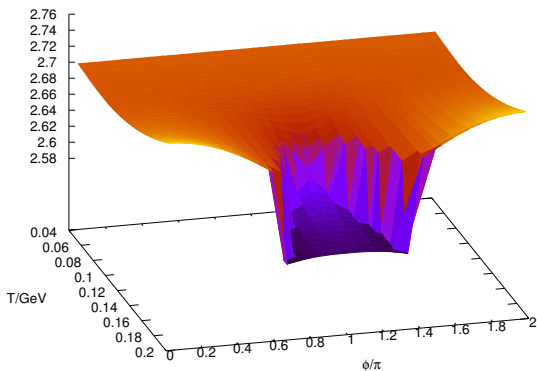


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- physical quark at  $\phi = \pi$
- nearly independent on  $\phi$  for small  $T$
- valley develops for growing  $T$
- valley becomes steeper for growing  $\mu$

# Deconfinement

$\mu = 0.200 \text{ GeV}$



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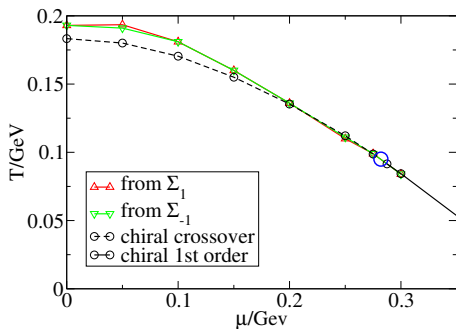
- physical quark at  $\varphi = \pi$
- nearly independent on  $\varphi$  for small  $T$
- valley develops for growing  $T$
- valley becomes steeper for growing  $\mu$
- for large  $\mu$  1st order phase transition in  $\varphi$

# The phase diagram I

To calculate the resulting phase diagram take

- $\max \left[ \frac{d\langle\bar{\psi}\psi\rangle}{dm} \right] \rightarrow$  chiral transition
- $\max \left[ \frac{d\Sigma_1}{dm} \right] \rightarrow$  deconfinement transition (quarks)
- $\max \left[ \frac{d\Sigma_{-1}}{dm} \right] \rightarrow$  deconfinement transition (antiquarks)

## The phase diagram II



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- Chiral and deconfinement transitions closely related
  - $T_c(\mu = 0) \approx 183 \text{ MeV}$
  - CEP at  $\mu \approx 280 \text{ MeV} \Rightarrow \mu_c/T_c > 1$
  - Consistent with PQM results<sup>1</sup>
- <sup>1</sup>Herbst, Pawłowski, Schaefer PLB 696



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## Summary & Outlook

- Truncation scheme with explicit unquenching in the gluon propagator
- Critical end point at relatively large  $\mu$
- Chiral and deconfinement transition temperatures nearby, equal near CEP  
 $\Rightarrow$  no sign of a quarkyonic phase so far

What next?

- Full quark loop
- Positivity violations and relation to deconfinement
- The area beyond the CEP  $\Rightarrow$  need to evaluate the pressure
- Truncation: a better vertex construction, pion (baryon?) back couplings

Thank you for your attention!