Gorkov-Green's function approach to open-shell nuclei

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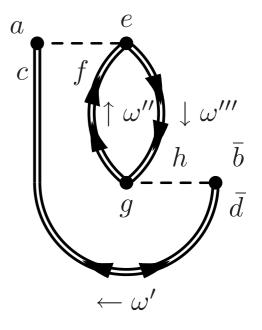


Collaborators:

Carlo Barbieri (Surrey, UK)
Thomas Duguet (CEA Saclay, France)

Based on:

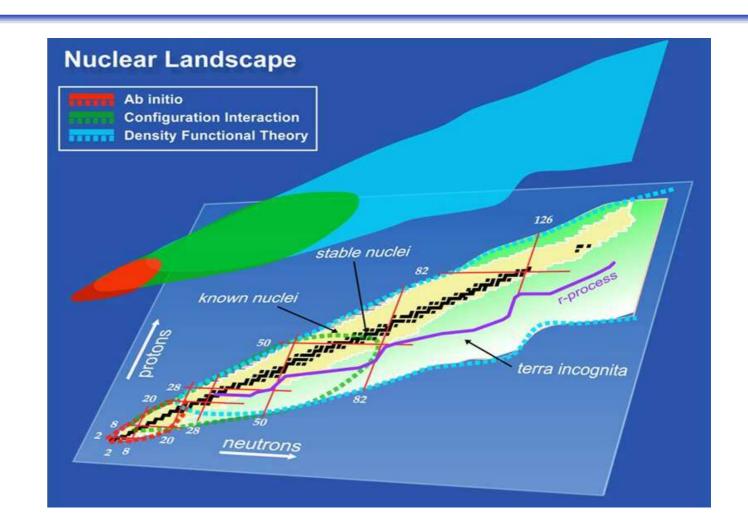
VS, Duguet, Barbieri PRC 84 064317 (2011)



"Facets of Strong-Interaction Physics"
Hirschegg 2012

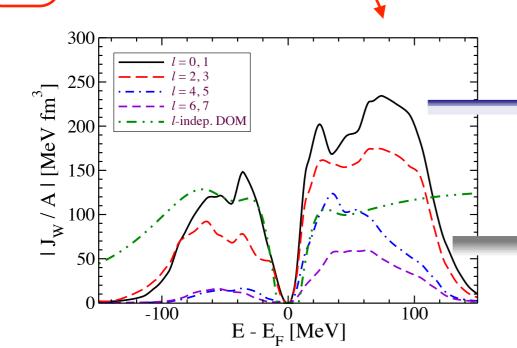
Towards a unified description of nuclei

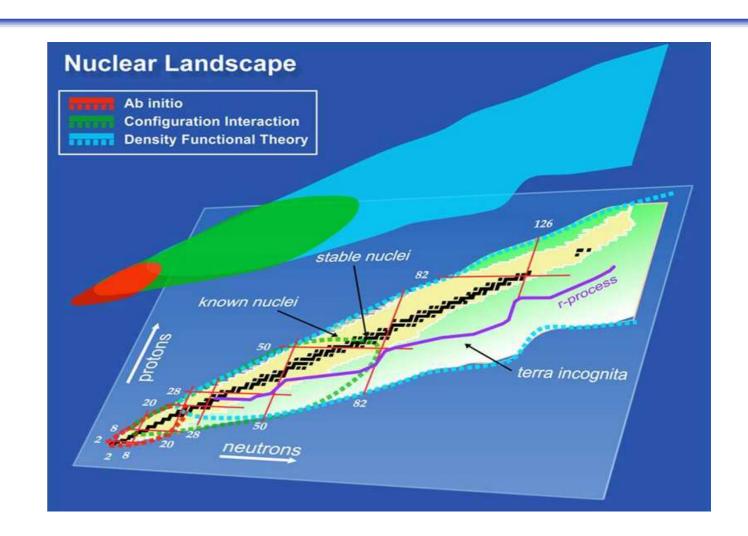
- ♣ How to extend to open-shell?
- ♣ How to link with EDF?
- How to calculate reactions?



Towards a unified description of nuclei

- ♣ How to extend to open-shell?
- → this talk
- ♣ How to link with EDF?
- work in progress
- ♣ How to calculate reactions?
- → TD-GF [Rios et al. 2011]
- Iink to DOM





[Waldecker, Barbieri, Dickhoff 2011]

State-of-the-art ab-initio nuclear structure theory

- * Methods for an ab-initio description of medium-mass nuclei
 - (1) Self-consistent Dyson-Green's function [Barbieri, Dickhoff, ...]
 - (2) Coupled-cluster [Dean, Hagen, Hjorth-Jensen, Papenbrock, ...]
 - (3) In-medium similarity renormalization group [Tsukiyama, Bogner, Schwenk, ...]

Similar level of accuracy

But limited to to doubly-closed-shell \pm 1 and \pm 2 nuclei

State-of-the-art ab-initio nuclear structure theory

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But limited to to doubly-closed-shell \pm 1 and \pm 2 nuclei

** Truly open-shell nuclei

- (a) Multi-reference methods: IMSRG + CI, MR-CC
- (b) Single-reference methods: explicit account of pairing mandatory

Connection to non-empirical EDF

- ** Standard EDF parameterizations (e.g. Skyrme, Gogny, relativistic)
 - ° Successful in major shell where adjusted
 - ° Lack predictive power in new regions of interest



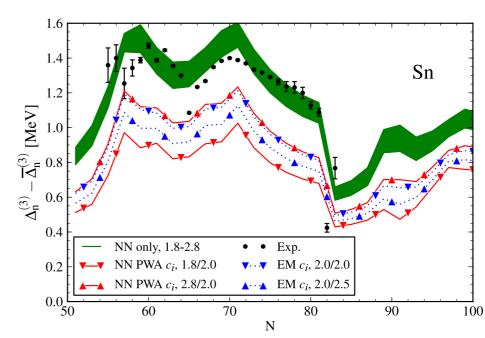
Efforts to extend and connect with more fundamental approaches

** Non-empirical EDF from low-momentum interactions

[Lesinski et al. 2011]

- Pairing channel [Lesinski et al.]
- ° Particle-hole channel [Gebremariam et al.]





Benchmarks needed from many-body methods that share the same features

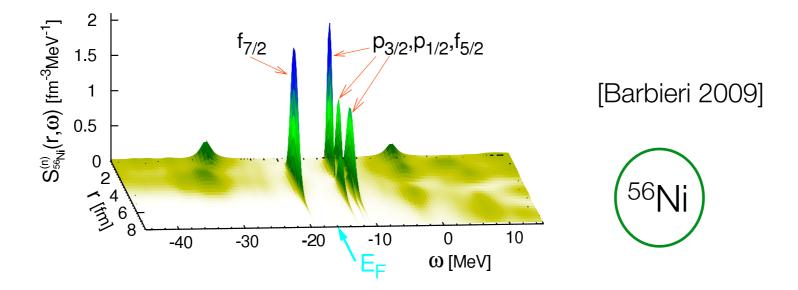
Green's functions: essential features

$$\Sigma = \bullet - - - - \bullet + \bullet - - - \bullet + \bullet - - - \bullet + \cdots + \cdots + \cdots + \cdots$$

- Ab-initio, self-consistent approach
- Direct connection to observables
- Improvability (diagrammatic expansion)
- Control over many-body requirements (conserving approximations)

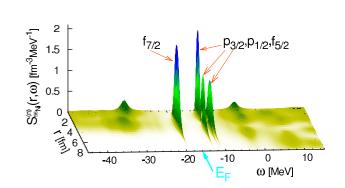
★ Spectral function

$$S_a^-(\omega) \equiv \sum_k \left| \langle \psi_k^{N-1} | a_a | \psi_0^N \rangle \right|^2 \delta(\omega - (E_0^N - E_k^{N-1})) = \frac{1}{\pi} \operatorname{Im} G_{aa}(\omega)$$



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****** Green's function

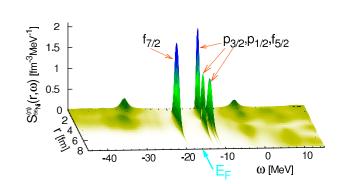
$$i G_{ab}(t,t') \equiv \langle \Psi_0^N | T \left\{ a_a(t) a_b^{\dagger}(t') \right\} | \Psi_0^N \rangle \equiv \int_b^a \mathbb{I} \quad \text{N-particle ground state}$$

$$\text{One nucleon addition and removal (N±1 systems)}$$



** Spectral function

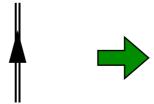
$$S_{a}^{-}(\omega) \equiv \sum_{k} \left| \langle \psi_{k}^{N-1} | a_{a} | \psi_{0}^{N} \rangle \right|^{2} \delta(\omega - (E_{0}^{N} - E_{k}^{N-1})) = \frac{1}{\pi} \operatorname{Im} G_{aa}(\omega)$$



Green's function

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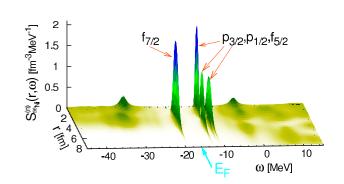


Contains all structure information probed by nucleon transfer

$$G_{ab}(\omega) \equiv \sum_{k} \frac{\langle \psi_{0}^{N} | a_{a} | \psi_{k}^{N+1} \rangle \langle \psi_{k}^{N+1} | a_{b}^{\dagger} | \psi_{0}^{N} \rangle}{\omega - (E_{k}^{N+1} - E_{0}^{N}) + i\eta} + \sum_{k} \frac{\langle \psi_{0}^{N} | a_{b}^{\dagger} | \psi_{k}^{N-1} \rangle \langle \psi_{k}^{N-1} | a_{a} | \psi_{0}^{N} \rangle}{\omega - (E_{0}^{N} - E_{k}^{N-1}) - i\eta}$$

** Spectral function

$$S_{a}^{-}(\omega) \equiv \sum_{k} \left| \langle \psi_{k}^{N-1} | a_{a} | \psi_{0}^{N} \rangle \right|^{2} \delta(\omega - (E_{0}^{N} - E_{k}^{N-1})) = \frac{1}{\pi} \operatorname{Im} G_{aa}(\omega)$$



★ Green's function

$$i G_{ab}(t,t') \equiv \langle \Psi_0^N | T \left\{ a_a(t) a_b^{\dagger}(t') \right\} | \Psi_0^N \rangle \equiv \int_b^a \mathbb{I} \quad \text{N-particle ground state}$$

$$\text{One nucleon addition and removal (N±1 systems)}$$



* Dyson equation

$$G_{ab}(\omega) = G_{ab}^{(0)}(\omega) + \sum_{cd} G_{ac}^{(0)}(\omega) \, \Sigma_{cd}^{\star}(\omega) \, G_{db}(\omega)$$



Solution breaks down when pairing instabilities appear

Going open-shell: Gorkov ansatz

** Formulate the expansion scheme around a Bogoliubov vacuum



$$**$$
 Auxiliary many-body state $|\Psi_0\rangle \equiv \sum_N^{\rm even} c_N \, |\psi_0^N\rangle$



Introduce a "grand-canonical" potential $\Omega = H - \mu N$

$$|\Psi_0\rangle \quad \text{minimizes} \quad \Omega_0 = \langle \Psi_0 | \Omega | \Psi_0 \rangle$$
 under the constraint
$$N = \langle \Psi_0 | N | \Psi_0 \rangle$$

$$\Omega_0 = \sum_{N'} |c_{N'}|^2 \Omega_0^{N'} \approx E_0^N - \mu N$$

Gorkov Green's functions and equations

** Set of 4 Green's functions

$$i G_{ab}^{11}(t,t') \equiv \langle \Psi_0 | T \left\{ a_a(t) a_b^{\dagger}(t') \right\} | \Psi_0 \rangle \quad \equiv \quad \qquad i G_{ab}^{21}(t,t') \equiv \langle \Psi_0 | T \left\{ \bar{a}_a^{\dagger}(t) a_b^{\dagger}(t') \right\} | \Psi_0 \rangle \quad \equiv \quad \qquad i G_{ab}^{12}(t,t') \equiv \langle \Psi_0 | T \left\{ \bar{a}_a^{\dagger}(t) \bar{a}_b(t') \right\} | \Psi_0 \rangle \quad \equiv \quad \qquad i G_{ab}^{12}(t,t') \equiv \langle \Psi_0 | T \left\{ \bar{a}_a^{\dagger}(t) \bar{a}_b(t') \right\} | \Psi_0 \rangle \quad \equiv \quad \qquad \downarrow \quad \qquad \downarrow$$

[Gorkov 1958]



$$\mathbf{G}_{ab}(\omega) = \mathbf{G}_{ab}^{(0)}(\omega) + \sum_{cd} \mathbf{G}_{ac}^{(0)}(\omega) \, \mathbf{\Sigma}_{cd}^{\star}(\omega) \, \mathbf{G}_{db}(\omega)$$

Gorkov equations

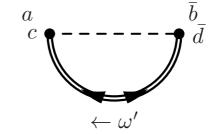
$$\boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{ab}^{\star}(\omega) \equiv \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma_{ab}^{\star \, 11}(\omega) & \Sigma_{ab}^{\star \, 12}(\omega) \\ \\ \Sigma_{ab}^{\star \, 21}(\omega) & \Sigma_{ab}^{\star \, 22}(\omega) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Sigma_{ab}^{\star}(\omega) \equiv \Sigma_{ab}(\omega) - \mathbf{U}_{ab}$$

1st & 2nd order diagrams and eigenvalue problem

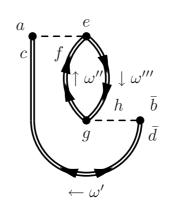
$$\Sigma_{ab}^{11\,(1)} = \qquad \begin{array}{c} a \\ \bullet \\ b \end{array} - \begin{array}{c} c \\ d \end{array} \qquad \downarrow \omega'$$

$$\Sigma_{ab}^{12\,(1)} =$$



$$\Sigma_{ab}^{11\,(2)}(\omega) = \uparrow_{\omega'} \downarrow_{d} \downarrow_{d}$$

$$\Sigma_{ab}^{12\,(2)}(\omega) =$$



** Gorkov equations

eigenvalue problem

$$\sum_{b} \begin{pmatrix} t_{ab} - \mu_{ab} + \Sigma_{ab}^{11}(\omega) & \Sigma_{ab}^{12}(\omega) \\ \Sigma_{ab}^{21}(\omega) & -t_{ab} + \mu_{ab} + \Sigma_{ab}^{22}(\omega) \end{pmatrix} \Big|_{\omega_{k}} \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{U}_{b}^{k} \\ \mathcal{V}_{b}^{k} \end{pmatrix} = \omega_{k} \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{U}_{a}^{k} \\ \mathcal{V}_{a}^{k} \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad \mathcal{U}_{a}^{k*} \equiv \langle \Psi_{k} | \bar{a}_{a}^{\dagger} | \Psi_{0} \rangle$$

$$\mathcal{U}_a^{k*} \equiv \langle \Psi_k | \bar{a}_a^{\dagger} | \Psi_0 \rangle$$
$$\mathcal{V}_a^{k*} \equiv \langle \Psi_k | a_a | \Psi_0 \rangle$$

Gorkov equations

$$\sum_{b} \begin{pmatrix} t_{ab} - \mu_{ab} + \Sigma_{ab}^{11}(\omega) & \Sigma_{ab}^{12}(\omega) \\ \Sigma_{ab}^{21}(\omega) & -t_{ab} + \mu_{ab} + \Sigma_{ab}^{22}(\omega) \end{pmatrix} \Big|_{\omega_{k}} \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{U}_{b}^{k} \\ \mathcal{V}_{b}^{k} \end{pmatrix} = \omega_{k} \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{U}_{a}^{k} \\ \mathcal{V}_{a}^{k} \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\begin{pmatrix}
T - \mu + \Lambda & \tilde{h} & C & -\mathcal{D}^{\dagger} \\
\tilde{h}^{\dagger} & -T + \mu - \Lambda & -\mathcal{D}^{\dagger} & C \\
C^{\dagger} & -\mathcal{D} & E & 0 \\
-\mathcal{D} & C^{\dagger} & 0 & -E
\end{pmatrix}
\begin{pmatrix}
\mathcal{U}^{k} \\
\mathcal{V}^{k} \\
\mathcal{W}_{k} \\
\mathcal{Z}_{k}
\end{pmatrix} = \omega_{k} \begin{pmatrix}
\mathcal{U}^{k} \\
\mathcal{V}^{k} \\
\mathcal{W}_{k} \\
\mathcal{Z}_{k}
\end{pmatrix}$$

Energy independent eigenvalue problem

with the normalization condition $\sum_{a} \left[\left| \mathcal{U}_{a}^{k} \right|^{2} + \left| \mathcal{V}_{a}^{k} \right|^{2} \right] + \sum_{k_{1}k_{2}k_{3}} \left[\left| \mathcal{W}_{k}^{k_{1}k_{2}k_{3}} \right|^{2} + \left| \mathcal{Z}_{k}^{k_{1}k_{2}k_{3}} \right|^{2} \right] = 1$

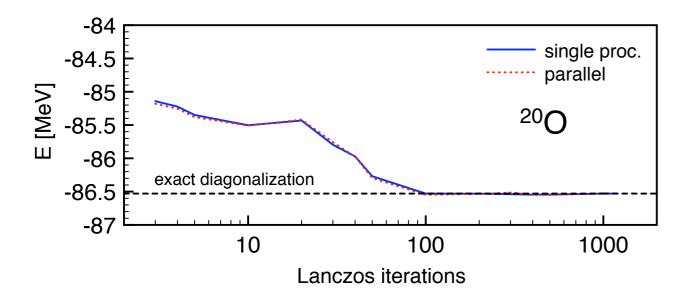
Lanczos projection

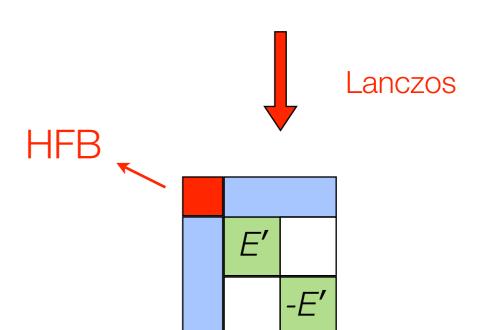
$$\begin{pmatrix} T - \mu + \Lambda & \tilde{h} & \mathcal{C} & -\mathcal{D}^{\dagger} \\ \tilde{h}^{\dagger} & -T + \mu - \Lambda & -\mathcal{D}^{\dagger} & \mathcal{C} \\ \mathcal{C}^{\dagger} & -\mathcal{D} & E & 0 \\ -\mathcal{D} & \mathcal{C}^{\dagger} & 0 & -E \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{U}^{k} \\ \mathcal{V}^{k} \\ \mathcal{W}_{k} \\ \mathcal{Z}_{k} \end{pmatrix} = \omega_{k} \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{U}^{k} \\ \mathcal{V}^{k} \\ \mathcal{W}_{k} \\ \mathcal{Z}_{k} \end{pmatrix}$$



E

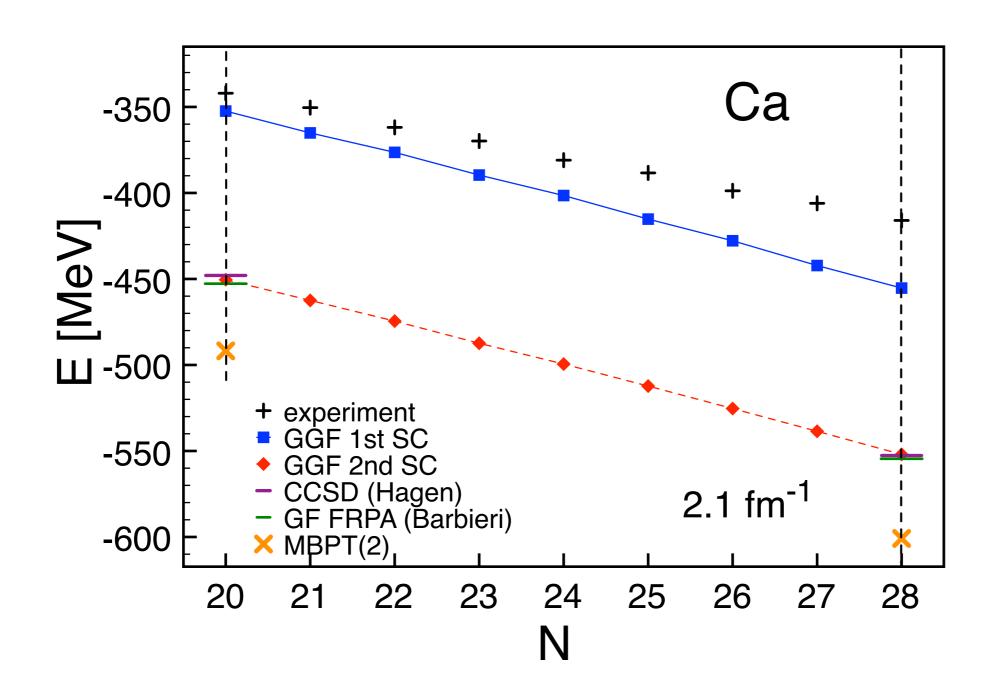
- Conserves moments of spectral functions
- Equivalent to exact diagonalization
 for N_L → dim(E)





Binding energies

** Systematic along isotopic/isotonic chains become available



Spectrum and spectroscopic factors

** Separation energy spectrum

$$G_{ab}^{11}(\omega) = \sum_{k} \left\{ \frac{\mathcal{U}_{a}^{k} \mathcal{U}_{b}^{k*}}{\omega - \omega_{k} + i\eta} + \frac{\bar{\mathcal{V}}_{a}^{k*} \bar{\mathcal{V}}_{b}^{k}}{\omega + \omega_{k} - i\eta} \right\}$$

Lehmann representation

where

$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{U}_a^{k*} \equiv \langle \Psi_k | a_a^{\dagger} | \Psi_0 \rangle \\ \mathcal{V}_a^{k*} \equiv \langle \Psi_k | \bar{a}_a | \Psi_0 \rangle \end{cases}$$

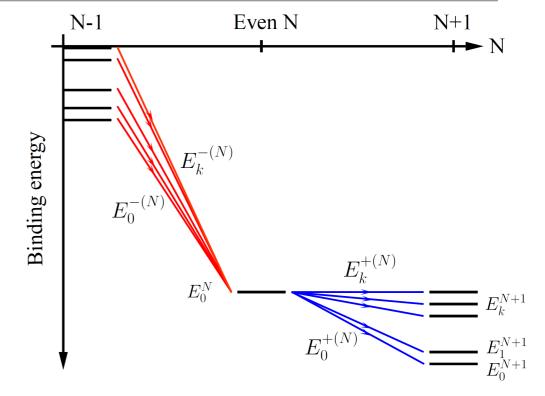
and

$$\begin{cases} E_k^{+ (N)} \equiv E_k^{N+1} - E_0^N \\ E_k^{- (N)} \equiv E_0^N - E_k^{N-1} \end{cases}$$

** Spectroscopic factors

$$\mathcal{S}_{k}^{+} \equiv \sum_{a} \left| \langle \psi_{k} | a_{a}^{\dagger} | \psi_{0} \rangle \right|^{2} = \sum_{a} \left| \mathcal{U}_{a}^{k} \right|^{2}$$

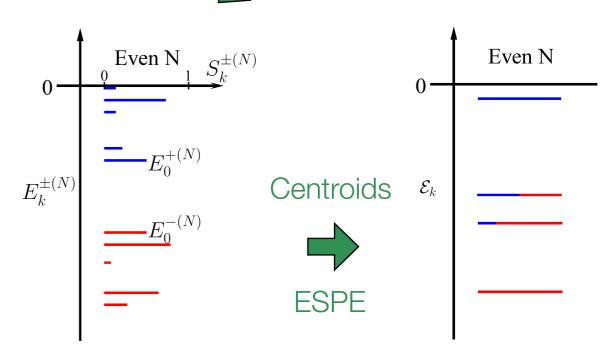
$$\mathcal{S}_{k}^{-} \equiv \sum_{a} \left| \langle \psi_{k} | a_{a} | \psi_{0} \rangle \right|^{2} = \sum_{a} \left| \mathcal{V}_{a}^{k} \right|^{2}$$



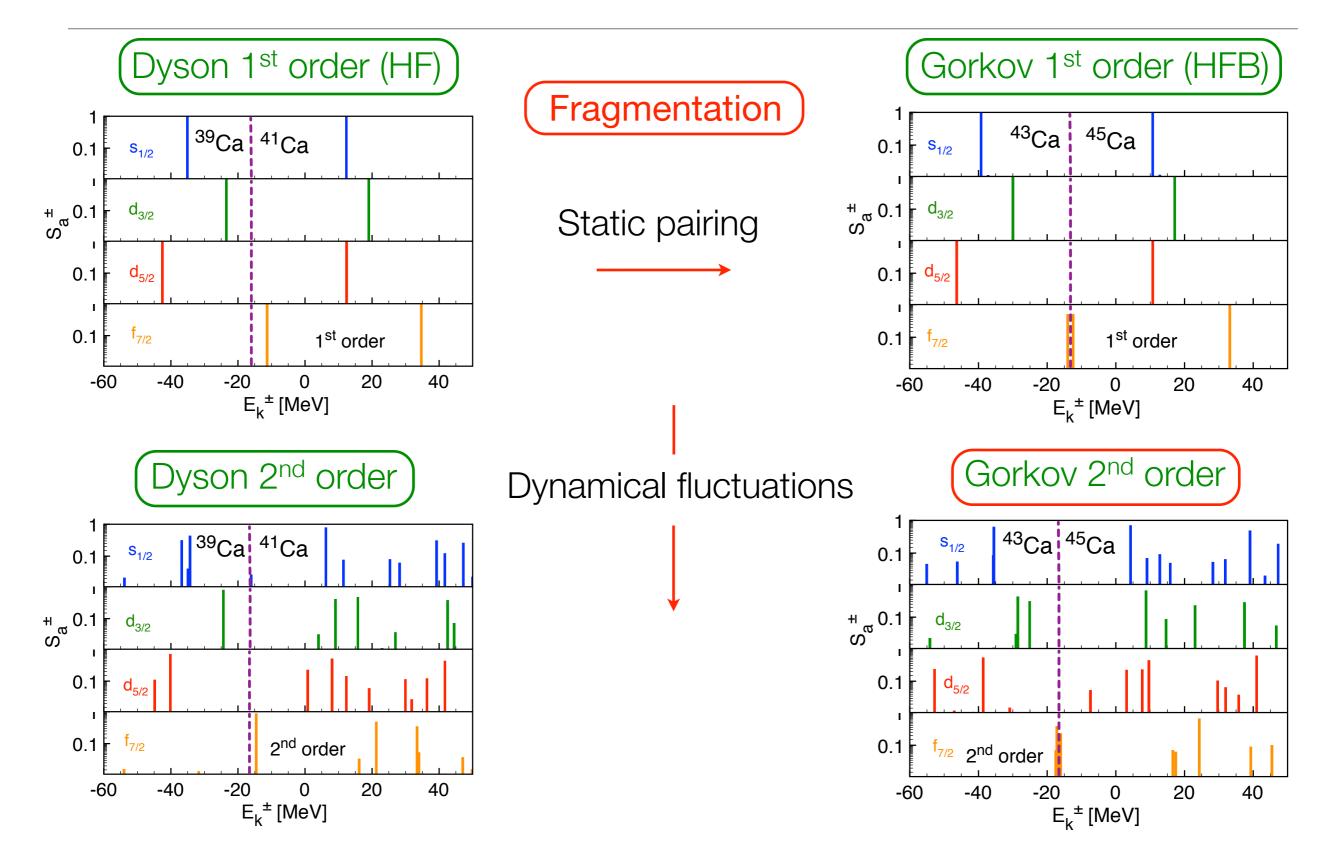
Separation energies



+ transfer strengths



Spectral function

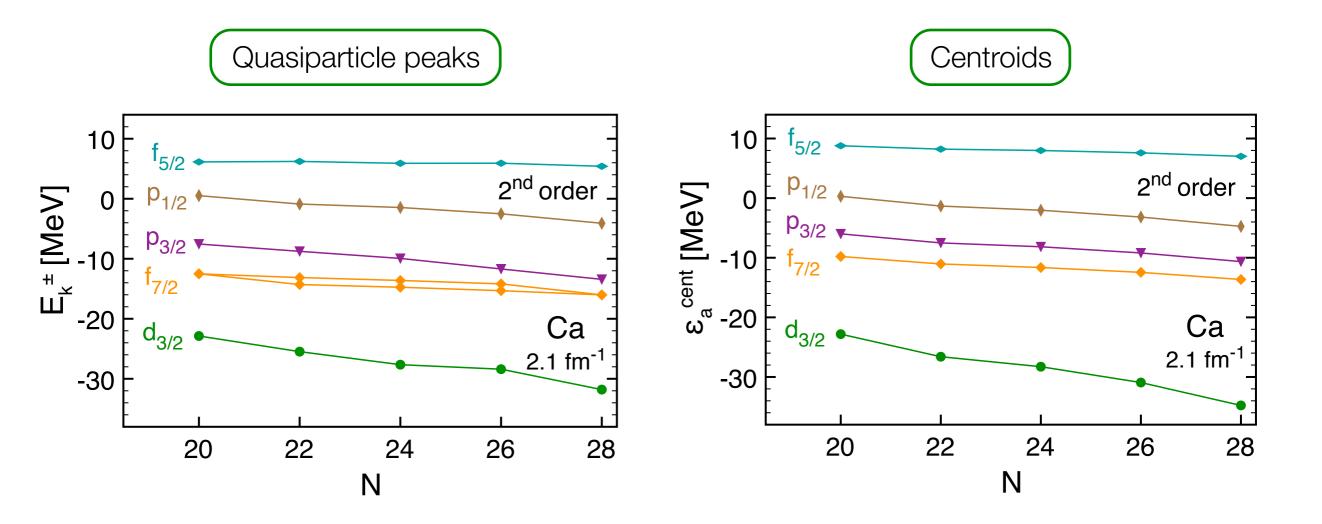


Shell structure evolution

★ ESPE collect fragmentation of "single-particle" strengths from both N±1

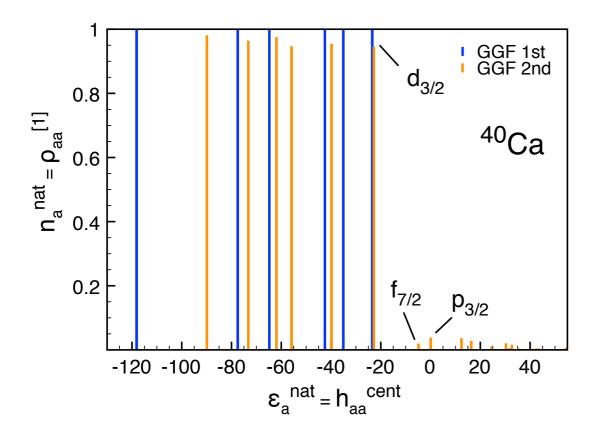
$$\epsilon_a^{cent} \equiv h_{ab}^{cent} \, \delta_{ab} = t_{aa} + \sum_{cd} \bar{V}_{acad}^{NN} \, \rho_{dc}^{[1]} + \sum_{cdef} \bar{V}_{acdaef}^{NNN} \, \rho_{efcd}^{[2]} \equiv \sum_{k} \mathcal{S}_k^{+a} E_k^+ + \sum_{k} \mathcal{S}_k^{-a} E_k^-$$

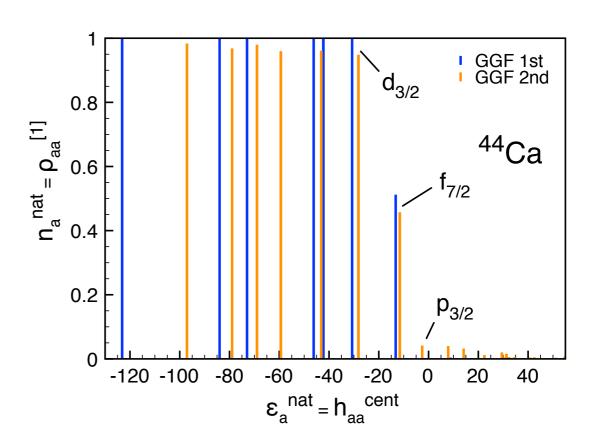
[Baranger 1970, Duguet et al. 2011]



Natural single-particle occupation

- ** Natural orbit a: $\rho_{ab}^{[1]} = n_a^{nat} \delta_{ab}$
- ** Associated energy: $\epsilon_a^{nat} = h_{aa}^{cent}$

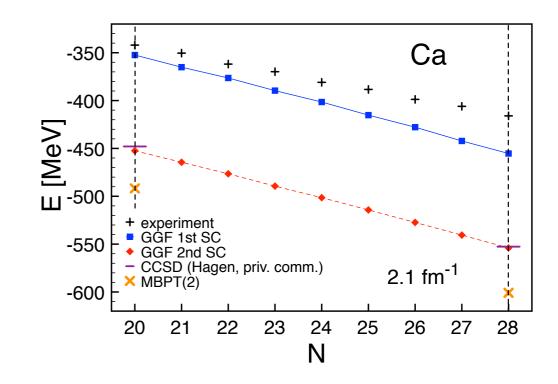


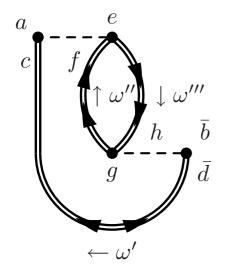


- ** Dynamical correlations similar for doubly-magic and semi-magic
- ** Static pairing essential to open-shells

Conclusions & Outlook

- ** Gorkov-Green's functions:
 first ab-initio open-shell calculations
- ** Provide optical potentials for reaction models
- ** Provide constraints for next-generation Energy Density Functionals





- * Implementation of three-body forces
- ** Formulation of particle-number restored Gorkov theory
- ** Improvement of the self-energy expansion