





#### Latest Results from HADES

#### QCD matter: dense and hot Hirschegg, Austria, January 17 – 22, 2016

Joachim Stroth, Goethe-University Frankfurt / GSI

January 17-22, 2016

Hirschegg 2016 - Joachim Stroth

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### Challenges for Nuclear Physics at the Turn of the Centuries

T.D. Lee, NN-Conference 1992 in Kanazawa, Japan

MISSING SYMMETRIES, UNSEEN QUARKS AND THE PHYSICAL VACUUM

T. D. Lee

Columbia University, New York, N.Y. 10027

The two outstanding puzzles that confront us today are:

i) Missing symmetries - All present theories are based on symmetry, but most symmetry quantum numbers are *not* conserved.

ii) Unseen quarks - All hadrons are made of quarks; yet, no individual quark can be seen.

- Understand the formation of matter out of its elementary building blocks from first principles.
- Explore the phase structure of strongly interacting matter (QGP, NS-EOS, ...)

# Experimental Approach to QCD Phases



LQCD: Z. Fodor et al., hep-lat/0402006 Condensate: B.J. Schaefer and J. Wambach, private communication HADES data: M. Lorenz et al., Nucl. Phys. A (2014) QM14 A. Andronic et al., Nucl. Phys. A 837 (2010) 65 J. Cleymans et al., Phys. Rev. C 60 (1999) 054908

January 17-22, 2016

#### Agenda

- Introduction
- Emissivity of baryons
- Dielectrons from cold and dense matter
- Strangeness production and propagation
- o Outlook

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# Cloudy Bag Model (for the nucleon)

Chirally restored valence quarks surrounded by a cloud of virtual pions (G. Brown and M. Rho, 1979)

#### > $R_{bag}$ = 0.82 fm → bags touch at $\rho$ = 3 $\rho_0$

An old model but very instrumental in planning experiments (A.W. Thomas, MENU 2013)



Lattice-QCD vacuum action on the presence of static quarks!

http://www.physics.adelaide.edu.au/theory/staff/ leinweber

 $\circ$  Not much guidance yet from IQCD at finite  $\mu_{\text{B}}!$ 



#### Nuclear matter from in-medium Chiral Perturbation Theory!

J.W. Holt, M. Rho, W. Weise arXiv1411.6681 (Phys. Rep. 2015)

- Provides prediction for chiral order parameter a.f.o. baryon density
- Possibility to connect CBM/HADES measurements to neutron star core matter EOS

#### The HADES experiment @ GSI



### Hades Event Reconstruction

#### Fired wires in the drift chambers



#### Vertex reconstruction



#### Velocity vs. momentum



#### dE/dx in the MDC and ToF



#### **RICH** rings



# EMISSIVITY OF BARYONS

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#### e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup> Pairs from pp and np Reactions (HADES)

#### Energy below free $\eta$ prduction threshold

- Remarkable isospin effect
- Beam energy dependence observed
- $\circ$  Two assumptions for the  $\Delta$ -Dalitz decay form factor



## Theoretical Interpretation of the "Isospin Effect"

- Radiation from the internal line yields enhanced emission at high invariant masses.
- $\rightarrow$  can be understood as off-shell (cloud cloud)  $\pi \pi$  collision!







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# Dielectrons from p+p collisions @ 3.5 GeV

- GiBUU calculation with intermediate  $\rho$  mesons R  $\rightarrow$  N $\rho \rightarrow$ N e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup>
- Resonance population from "educated guess"

- Exclusive dielectron spectrum
- Dalitz decays strongly suppressed
- pure QED from factor for R-decays



J. Weil et al., Eur. Phys. J. A 48 (2012) 11



HADES: Eur. Phys. J. A (2014) 50: 82

# $\pi$ -beam run in 2014

#### $\circ~$ Physics with $\pi N$ experiments:

- Resonance-Dalitz decays
- Special interest on sub-threshold vector meson production
- In-medium effects (strange and vector mesons)

#### o Pion beam

- Momentum: 0.6 < p < 2 GeV/c
- Pion tracking with two doublesided silicon strip detectors in the beam line
- Improved conditions in 2018 due to FAIR upgrade



### Exclusive Reconstr. of $\pi N \rightarrow Ne^+e^-$ Reactions

- $\circ \pi^{-}$  momentum tuned to second resonance region (0.7 Gev/c)
- $\circ$  Resonance decomposition of 2- $\pi$  channel from PWA
- o No further normalization for "predicted" dielectron yirld



# DIELECTRONS FROM DENSE MATTER



# e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup> pairs from Ar+KCl at 1.76 GeV/u

First observation of  $\omega$  mesons in HI collisions at these low energies.

#### ",True" excess (~factor 3) ➤ The HADES ",Delta" clock



HADES , Nucl.Phys.A830:483C,2009

# Virtual photon emission in Au+Au collisions

#### preliminary



- Corrected for efficiency, not for acceptance
- $\circ$  Normalized to the number of produced  $\pi^0$
- Almost exponential spectrum up to VM region!
- Increase of low-mass yield reflects the number of Δ's/ N\*'s regenerated in fireball
  → HADES "R-clock"

# Centrality Dependence of Excess

#### preliminary



Excess yield scales with system size like  $A_{part}^{1.4}$ 

- Ar+KCI: 34% most central collisions (A<sub>part</sub>=38)
- Au+Au: 40% most central collisions (A<sub>part</sub>=187)

## **Dilepton Rates From Theory**

• Thermal dilepton rates ...

$$\frac{d^{3}N}{dMdydp_{t}} = \int_{t=0}^{\infty} \frac{d^{4}\varepsilon}{d\mathbf{p}} \left[ T(\mathbf{x}), \mu_{B}(\mathbf{x}), \overline{v}_{coll}(\mathbf{x}), ... \right] d\mathbf{x}$$





isentropic expansion

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o ... or from transport with "shining"

$$\rho_0, T_0, V_o \longrightarrow$$

isentropic expansion



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o ... or from transport with "shining"



isentropic expansion



#### o ....or combined!



### **Emission Profile**

Density and temperature evolution of a inner cube with volume 7<sup>3</sup> fm<sup>3</sup>.

- Au+Au collisions at 1.23 AGeV
- $\circ$  Average densities up to 3  $\rho_0$  reached
- Emission phase coincides with built-up of flow





T. Galatyuk, F. Seck,, PH, RR, JS, arXiv:1512.08688

# Low-mass Dilepton Excess

Cocktail plus rates from Coarse Grained UrQMD / Rapp/Wambach

- Seems to describe data measured for 1.7 AGeV up to the highest energies (RHIC)
- But there are open questions:
  - ? Is the emissivity description complete  $\rightarrow$  Constrain theory by  $\pi$  N reactions
  - ?
- How to properly describe the expansion Compare to hadronic collective observables

NA60 data



S. Endres\_et al. UrQMD [arXiv:1505.06131] Hirschegg 2016 - Joachim Stroth

S. Endres et al. UrQMD [arXiv:1412.1965]

#### HADES data

### Excitation Function of Low-mass Yields

- The yield in the mass range  $0.2 < M_{ee}/GeV < 0.7$  is very sensitive to the space-time evolution of the fireball.
- A first-order phase transition could give rise to non-monotonic behavior



STAR: P. Huck et al., Nucl.Phys. A931 (2014)

# STRANGENESS PRODUCTION AND PROPAGATION



"... A very, very funny film which resists rational description as strongly as it resists pigeonholing."

Sheila Benson, Les Angeles Times



THE SAMUEL GOLDWYN COMPANY PRESENTS A FILM BY JIM JARMUSCH web JOHN LURIE ESZTER BALINT RICHARD EDSON EXECUTIVE PRODUCER/OTTO GROKENBERGER PRODUCER/SARA DRIVER MUSIC/JOHN LURIE WRITER-DIRECTOR/JIM JARMUSCH MUSIC/JOHN LURIE WRITER-DIRECTOR/JIM JARMUSCH

#### Reconstructed Strangeness in Au+Au @ 1.23AGeV



# Hadron Production and SHM

Statistical "hadronization" also working at high m<sub>B</sub> and low temperature!(?)



THERMUS fit: J.Cleymans, J.Phys.G31(2005)S1069
HADES Au+Au data at 1.25 AGeV PRELIMINARY,
Ar+KCI: Phys.Rev.C80:025209,2009



# 

#### HADES (Ar+KCl 1.76 AGeV)

- K<sup>-</sup> from φ decay shows substantially different slope
- o  $T_{K}$  (thermal) = 89 MeV
- $\circ$   $T_{K+}$  (data) = 89±1±2MeV

#### FOPI

- $\circ$  K<sup>-</sup>/K<sup>+</sup> ratio (a) corrected for  $\phi$  decay (b)
- Compared to transport calculations (HSD) w. and w/o. potential
- "Temperatures" from Boltzmann fits not shown():
  - $\circ$  T<sub>K-</sub>(thermal) = 89 ± 9 + 24 MeV
  - $\circ$  T<sub>K+</sub>=109 ± 2(stat) + 6-13 (syst) MeV



M. Lorenz and HADES, PoS(BORMIO2010)038

FOPI collaboration, arXiv:1512.06988

January 17-22, 2016

# In-medium $\phi$ Propagation (ANKE)

ANKE reports an in-medium (cold matter) cross section for phi of 14 - 21 mb.

Proton (2.83 GeV) induced production under forward angles ( $\theta < 9^{\circ}$ ).

The curves show:

- Model 1 (not shown)
  - Eikonal approx. by Valencia group using in-medium phi spectral function
- o Model 2 (dashed)
  - As 1 but with different in-medium function
- o Model 3 (solid)
  - BUU from Rossendorf
  - Has also an in-medium mass shift included



ANKE, arXiv:1201.3517v1

# OUTLOOK

## HADES run scenario at SIS18

#### Time line

- Upgrade program in 2016-2017 (no operation)
- Likely beam available from 2018 on (summer)
- Anticipated improved conditions
  - radiation protection
  - new slow extraction
  - improved intensities

#### Assume three long campaigns, i.e.:

- $\circ$   $\pi$ +PE/IH<sub>2</sub>: baryon em transition form factors, baryonic resonances with strangeness
- p+A: strangeness/vector mesons in medium
- A+A: medium system at maximal energy



# Ongoing Upgrade 2016-2018

#### HADES ECAL

- Lead glass calorimeter (recycled OPAL crystals)
- Replaces pre-shower detector



#### MAPMT UV photon detector for HADES

- Replaces aging solid CsI based UV photon detector
- o Improves rate capability
- $\,\circ\,$  Joint development CBM and HADES
- Leaves the rest of the HADES-RICH untouched



# The future at FAIR



# Explore Compressed Baryonic Matter with rare and penetrating probes:

- EOS of (baryon) dense and hot QCD matter
- Search for exotic quark matter phases and rare strange matter
- Study the limit of hadronic existence





# Summary

- HADES has collected high-quality data on dilepton emission from A+A and elementary collisions, including exclusive channels.
- Contributions from the dense/early phase are quite featureless.
  - strong broadening of in-medium states!(?)
- Interesting observations in strangeness production.
  - better statistics needed to make the case
- Next at SIS18: heavy collision systems and pion induced reactions.
- Bright future for the investigation of Compressed Baryonic Matter at FAIR.



### The HADES collaboration

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