

QCD phenomenology from DSEs

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JLU Giessen

September 2011

in collaboration with:

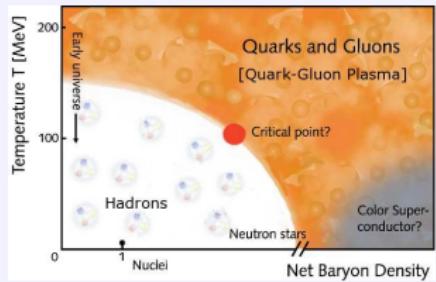
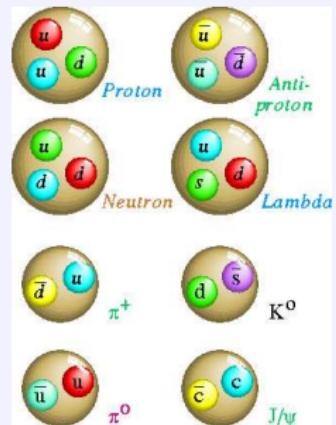
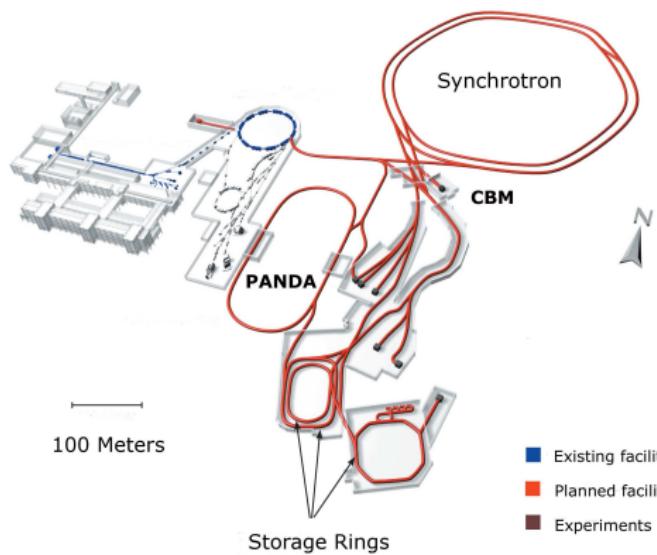
Jacqueline Bonnet, Gernot Eichmann, Tobias Goecke, Christian Kellermann, Jan Luecker,
Axel Maas, Jens A. Mueller, Jan M. Pawłowski, Stefan Strauss, Lorenz von Smekal, Richard Williams

Content

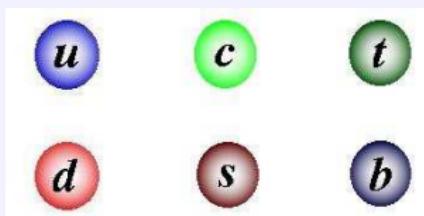
- 1 Introduction
- 2 Properties of SU(N) Yang-Mills theory
- 3 Dynamical chiral symmetry breaking: Quarks and mesons
- 4 Hadronic contributions to $(g - 2)_\mu$
- 5 Chiral and deconfinement transitions in QCD

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FAIR: CBM and PANDA



Dynamical mass generation

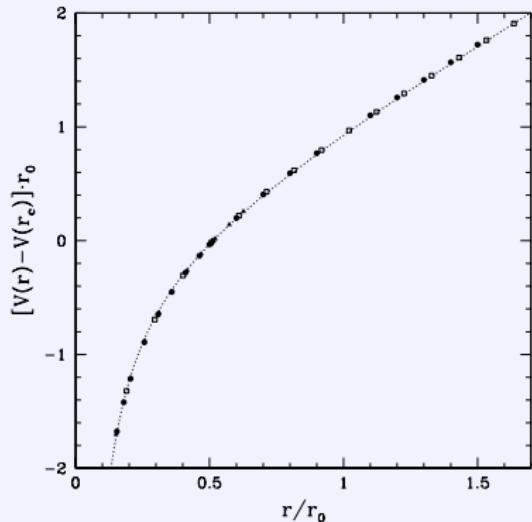


Quark mass generated by **weak** and **strong** interaction
(QCD: explicit vs. dynamical breaking of chiral symmetry)

	u	d	s	c	b	t
M_{weak} [MeV]	3	5	100	1300	4000	175000
M_{strong} [MeV]	400	400	400	400	400	400
M_{tot} [MeV]	400	400	500	1700	4400	175000

M_{strong} : Nonperturbative effect!

Confinement



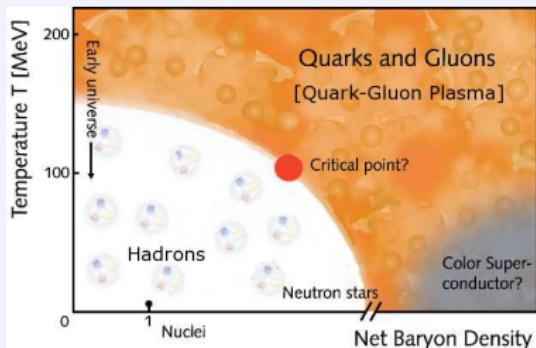
S. Necco and R. Sommer, Nucl. Phys. B **622** (2002) 328

- Linear rising potential:
 $V(r) \sim r$
- Quark-Antiquark system cannot be split:
Quark-Confinement
- Screening of gluons
→ Glueballs

What are the driving mechanisms?
Consequences for hadronic spectra ?

CBM: QCD phase transitions

- Existence and location of critical end point
- Propagation of quarks and gluons in plasma phase
- Chiral limit ($M_{\text{weak}} \rightarrow 0$): order parameter chiral condensate



$$\langle \bar{\psi} \psi \rangle = Z_2 N_c \text{Tr}_D \int \frac{d^4 p}{(2\pi)^4} S(p)$$

- Static quarks ($M_{\text{weak}} \rightarrow \infty$): order parameter Polyakov-loop

$$\Phi \sim e^{-F_q/T} \leftrightarrow \int_{\varphi} \langle \bar{\psi} \psi \rangle_{\varphi}$$

CBM/FAIR-Experiment

QCD and QED: Hadronic contributions to g-2

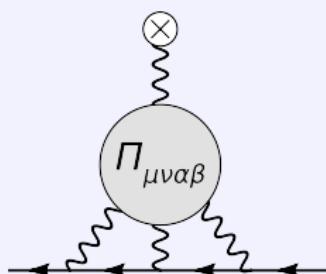
Experiment: $11\,659\,2080(63) \times 10^{-11}$

G. W. Bennett *et al.* (Muon g-2 Collaboration), PRD **73**, 072003 (2006)

Theory: $11\,659\,1790(65) \times 10^{-11}$

F. Jegerlehner and A. Nyffeler, Phys. Rept. **477**, 1 (2009)

Problem: Hadronic 'LBL-contribution' with $116(39) \times 10^{-11}$:



- Cannot be determined from experimental input
- Multi-Scale problem!
- → NJL-model, VMD,... (Prades, Nyffeler, et al.)

Goal: 'Ab initio' calculation of LBL contribution

QCD in covariant gauge

quarks, gluons and ghosts:

$$\mathcal{Z}_{QCD} = \int \mathcal{D}[\Psi, A, c] \exp \left\{ - \int d^4x \left(\bar{\Psi} (i\not{D} - m) \Psi - \frac{1}{4} (F_{\mu\nu}^a)^2 + \frac{(\partial A)^2}{2\xi} + \bar{c}(-\partial D)c \right) \right\}$$

$$S_{QCD} = \int d^4x \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{---} \rightarrow \\ \text{---} \end{array} \right)^{-1} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \rightarrow \\ \text{---} \end{array} \bullet \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \rightarrow \\ \text{---} \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \rightarrow \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \rightarrow \\ \text{---} \end{array}^{-1} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \rightarrow \\ \text{---} \end{array} \bullet \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \rightarrow \\ \text{---} \end{array} + \right. \\ \left. \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \rightarrow \\ \text{---} \end{array}^{-1} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \rightarrow \\ \text{---} \end{array} \bullet \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \rightarrow \\ \text{---} \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \rightarrow \\ \text{---} \end{array} \bullet \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \rightarrow \\ \text{---} \end{array} \right)$$

Green's functions

QCD Green's functions

- are connected to confinement:
 - Gribov-Zwanziger and Kugo-Ojima scenarios
 - Running Coupling
 - Positivity
 - Polyakov Loop
- encode $D_{\chi}SB$
- are ingredients for hadron phenomenology
 - Bound state equations:
Bethe–Salpeter equation / Faddeev equation
 - Form factors, decays etc.

The Goal:

Gauge invariant information from gauge fixed functional approach

The Tool:

Dyson-Schwinger and Bethe-Salpeter-equations (DSE/BSE)

Lattice QCD vs. DSE/FRG: Complementary!

- Lattice simulations
 - ▶ Ab initio
 - ▶ Gauge invariant
- Functional approaches:
 - Dyson-Schwinger equations (DSE)
 - Functional renormalisation group (FRG)
 - ▶ Analytic solutions at small momenta
 - ▶ Space-Time-Continuum
 - ▶ Chiral symmetry: light quarks and mesons
 - ▶ Multi-scale problems feasible: e.g. $(g-2)_\mu$
 - ▶ Chemical potential: no sign problem

Content

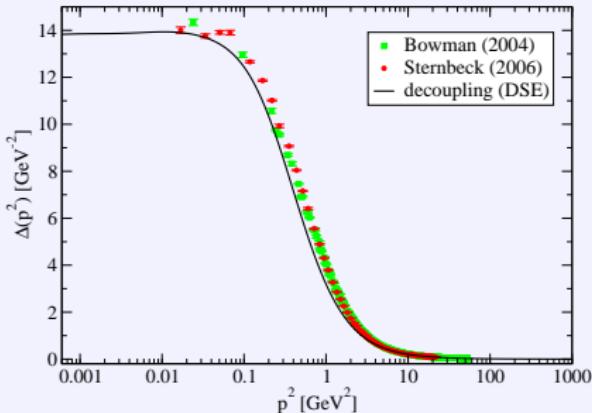
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Dyson-Schwinger equations (DSEs)

$$\begin{aligned} -1 &= \text{Diagram A} - \frac{1}{2} \text{Diagram B} \\ -\frac{1}{2} \text{Diagram A} &- \frac{1}{6} \text{Diagram C} \\ -\frac{1}{2} \text{Diagram B} &+ \text{Diagram D} \\ -1 &= \text{Diagram E} - \text{Diagram F} \end{aligned}$$

The diagrams are represented by wavy lines (propagators) and shaded circles (loop vertices). Diagram A is a single wavy line with a shaded circle at one end. Diagram B is a wavy line with a shaded circle at one end and a white circle at the other. Diagram C is a wavy line with two shaded circles at its ends. Diagram D is a wavy line with a shaded circle at one end and a dashed circle at the other. Diagram E is a dashed line with a shaded circle at one end. Diagram F is a dashed line with a shaded circle at one end and a white circle at the other.

Gluon propagator ($T = 0$)



C.F., Maas and Pawlowski, Annals Phys. **324** (2009) 2408.

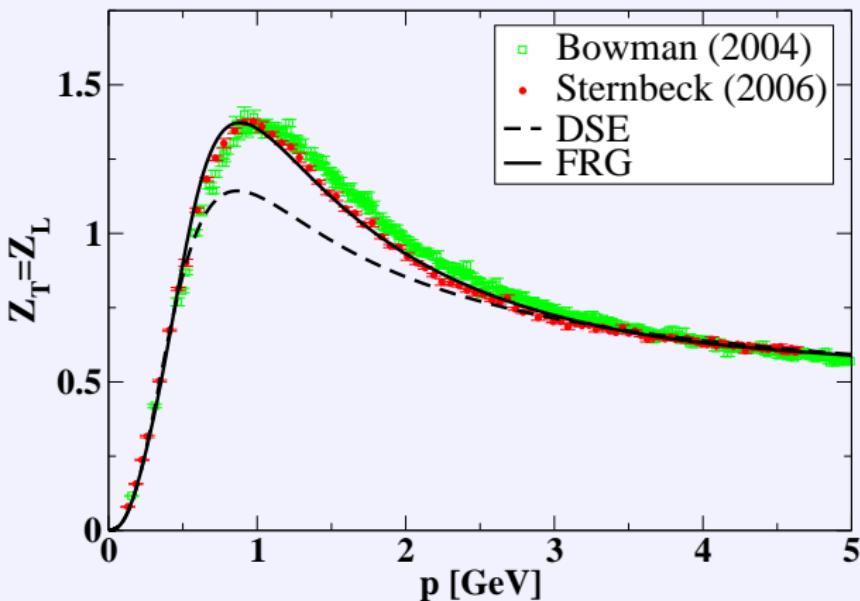
Aguilar, Binosi, Papavassiliou, PRD **78**, 025010 (2008).

Cornwall, PRD **26** (1982) 1453.

$$\Delta(p^2) = \frac{Z(p^2)}{p^2}$$

- Gluon 'mass' generation in agreement with lattice results
Cucchieri, Mendes, PoS **LAT2007** (2007) 297.
- Analytic structure of glue incl. positivity violations
→ **talk of Stefan Strauss**

Gluon dressing function ($T = 0$)



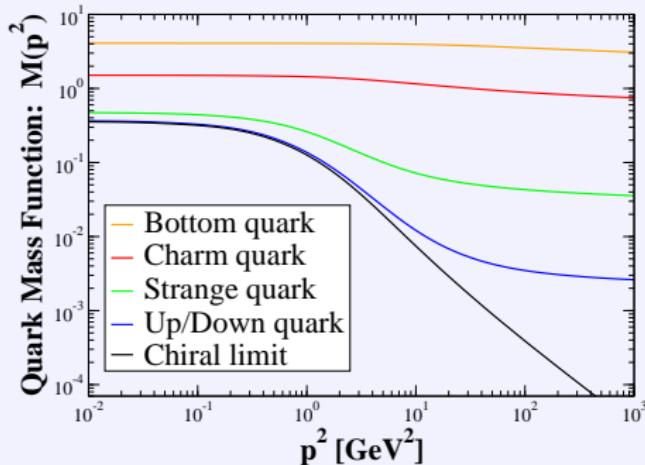
- DSE vs FRG: Effect of four-gluon-interaction
- Physics is in mid-momentum region !

C.F., A. Maas and J. M. Pawłowski, Annals Phys. **324** (2009) 2408-2437.

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Explicit vs. dynamical chiral symmetry breaking



- $M(p^2)$: momentum dependent!
- Dynamical masses
 $M_{\text{strong}}(0) \approx 350 \text{ MeV}$
- Flavour dependence because of M_{weak}

From gluons and quarks to mesons

$$\text{---} \circ \text{---}^{-1} = \text{---} \circ \text{---}^{-1} - \text{---} \circ \text{---} + \text{---} \circ \text{---} + \text{---} \circ \text{---}$$

$$\cdots \circ \cdots^{-1} = \cdots \circ \cdots^{-1} - \cdots \circ \cdots + \cdots \circ \cdots$$

$$\text{---} \circ \text{---}^{-1} = \text{---} \circ \text{---}^{-1} - \text{---} \circ \text{---}$$

$$\pi, K \cdots \circ \cdots = \pi, K \cdots \circ \cdots \text{---} \circ \text{---}$$

- Central quantity:
quark-gluon vertex

Alkofer, C.F., Llanes-Estrada, Schwenzer,
Annals Phys. 324:106-172, 2009.

- Meson structure beyond
rainbow-ladder

C.F. and Williams, PRD 78, 074006 (2008).
C.F. and Williams, PRL 103 (2009) 122001.

- Baryon structure
→ **talk of Gernot Eichmann**

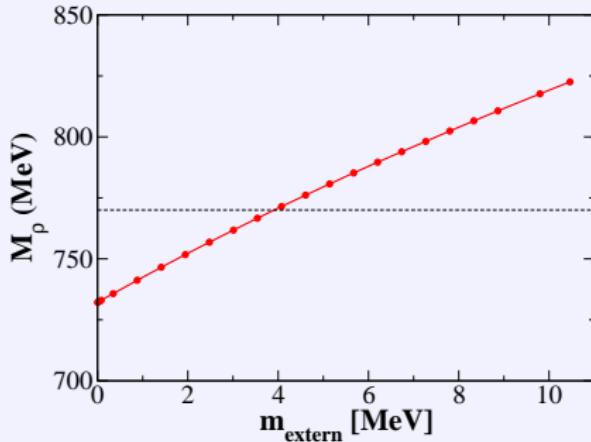
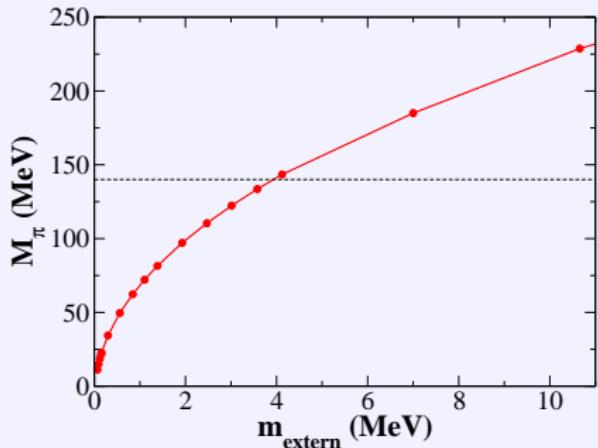
- $U_A(1)$ -problem**

Alkofer, C.F. and Williams, Eur. Phys. J. A 38, 53 (2008)

- $\pi\gamma\gamma$ and $g-2$**

Goecke, C.F., Williams, PRD 83 (2011) 094006.

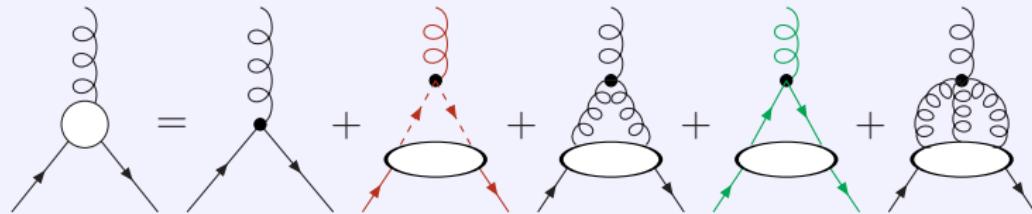
Pions and Rho-Mesons



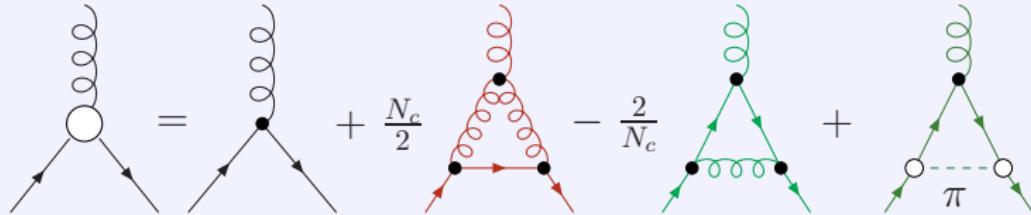
- $m_{u,d} \rightarrow 0$: $m_\pi^2 f_\pi^2 = (m_u + m_d) \langle \bar{\psi}\psi \rangle$
Pion is massless Goldstone-boson with massive constituents
- Simple model: 'rainbow-ladder approximation'
only vector coupling between quark and gluon included

P. Maris and C. D. Roberts, Phys. Rev. C **56** (1997) 3369

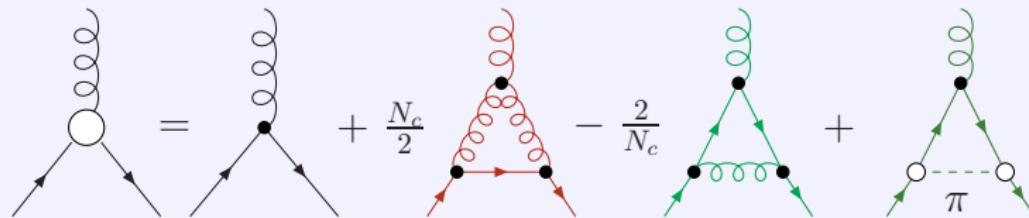
Quark-gluon vertex I



- Truncation via skeleton expansion leads to (all propagators and vertices dressed!):



Quark-gluon vertex II



- Abelian diagram extensively explored

Roberts, Tandy, Thomas, Watson *et al.*

- Gluon self-interaction leading in large N_c
- Gluon self-interaction also leading at $N_c = 3$

Alkofer, C.F., Llanes-Estrada, Schwenzer, Annals Phys.324:106-172,2009.

C.F, R. Williams, PRL **103** (2009) 122001

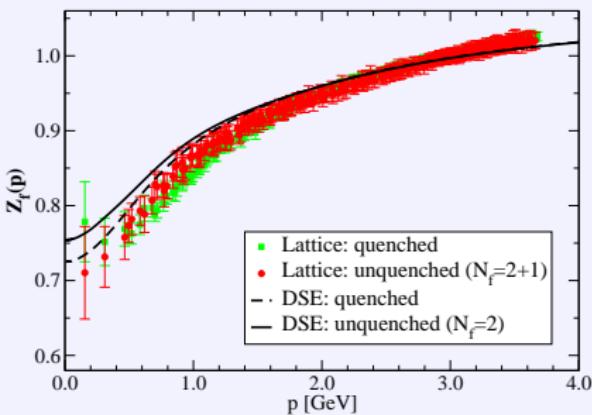
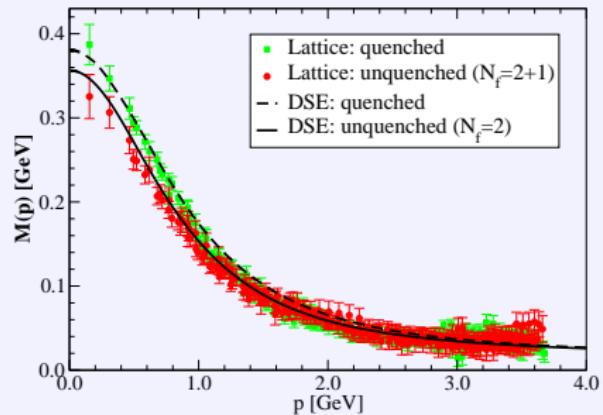
- Pion backreaction → pion cloud effects

C.F, D. Nickel and J. Wambach, PRD **76** (2007) 094009

C.F., D. Nickel and R. Williams, EPJC **60**, 1434 (2008)

C.F. and R. Williams, PRD **78**, 074006 (2008).

Pion cloud effects in the quark propagator



CF, D. Nickel and R. Williams, EPJC **60**, 1434 (2008)

- Unquenching effects of similar size as lattice

P. O. Bowman, et al. Phys. Rev. D **71** (2005) 054507

Pion cloud effects in light mesons

	RL	3g	3g+ π	Experiment
M_π	138	138	138	138
f_π	94	111	105	93
M_ρ	758	881	805	776
f_ρ	154	176	168	162
M_σ	645	884	820	450
M_{a_1}	926	1055	1040	1230
M_{b_1}	912	972	940	1229

- Attractive effects of 'pion cloud'
- Corrections from decay channels missing

CF and R. Williams, PRL **103** 122001 (2009).

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Hadronic contributions to g-2 I

Experiment: $11\,659\,2080(63) \times 10^{-11}$

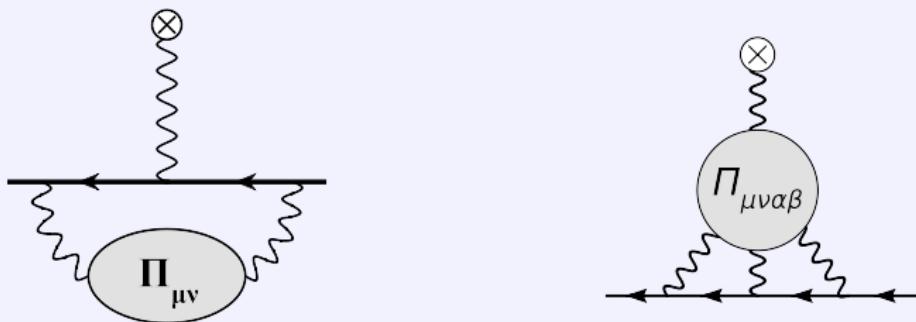
G. W. Bennett *et al.* (Muon g-2 Collaboration), PRD **73**, 072003 (2006)

Theory: $11\,659\,1790(65) \times 10^{-11}$

F. Jegerlehner and A. Nyffeler, Phys. Rept. **477**, 1 (2009)

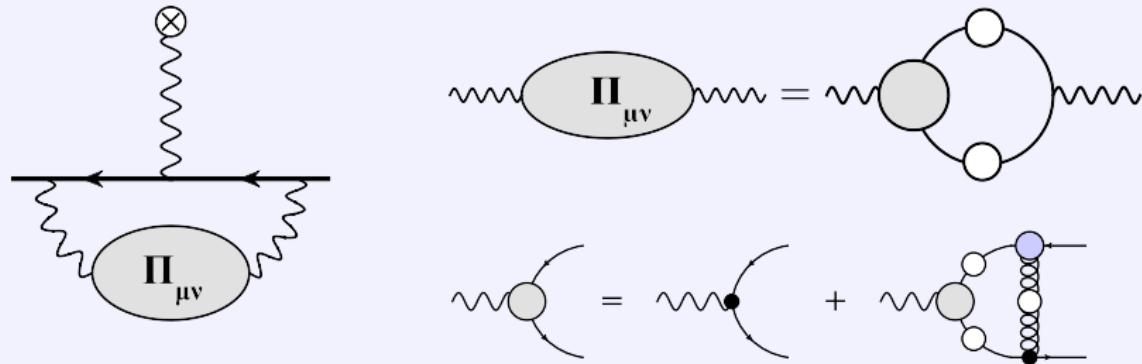
Hadronic contributions:

vacuum polarization and light-by-light scattering



Goal: 'Ab initio' calculation of LBL contribution

Results: hadronic vacuum polarisation

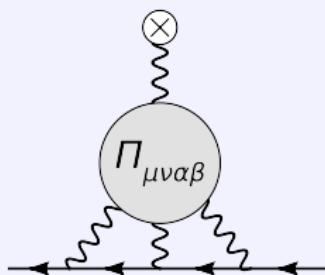


- Building blocks: quark propagator and quark-photon vertex
- → our value ($N_f = 5$): $(a_\mu^{HVP})_{DSE} = 6760 \times 10^{-11}$
 $(a_\mu^{HVP})_{Exp.} = 6949.1(37.2)(21.0) \times 10^{-11}$

T. Goecke, C.F., R. Williams, PLB in press, arXiv:1107.2588

K. Hagiwara, R. Liao, A. D. Martin, D. Nomura, T. Teubner, J. Phys. G **G38** (2011) 085003

Results: anomalous magnetic moment



Group	Approach	π^0, η, η'	quark-loop
BPP	ENJL	85(13)	21(3)
KN	LMD+V	83(12)	—
MV	LMD+V	114(10)	short distance
	DSE	84(13)	107(48)

J. Bijnens, E. Pallante and J. Prades Phys. Rev. Lett. **75**, 1447 (1995)

M. Knecht and A. Nyffeler, Phys. Rev. D **65** 073034 (2002)

K. Melnikov and A. Vainshtein, Phys. Rev. D **70** 113006 (2004)

T. Goecke, C.F., R. Williams, PRD **83** (2011) 094006.

C.F., T. Goecke and R. Williams, in preparation

Total result:

$$\text{Experiment: } 11\,659\,2080(63) \times 10^{-11}$$

G. W. Bennett *et al.* (Muon g-2 Collaboration), PRD **73**, 072003 (2006)

$$\text{Our value: } 11\,659\,1865(97) \times 10^{-11}$$

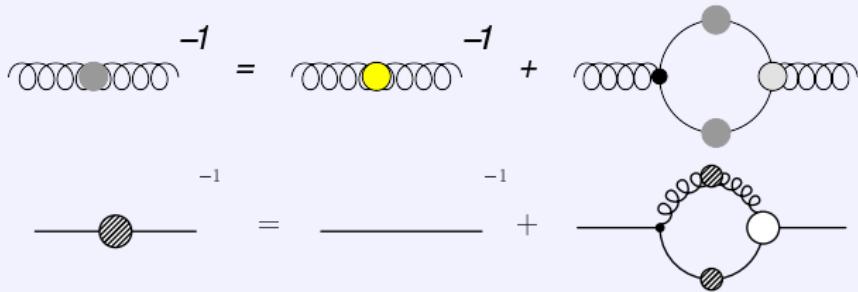
C.F., T. Goecke and R. Williams, in preparation

→ talk of Tobias Goecke

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The ordinary chiral condensate



- Order parameter for chiral symmetry breaking: condensate

$$\langle \bar{\psi} \psi \rangle = Z_2 N_c T \sum_{n_p} \int \frac{d^3 p}{(2\pi)^3} \text{Tr}_D S(\vec{p}, \omega_p)$$

- Order parameter for deconfinement: dressed Polyakov loop

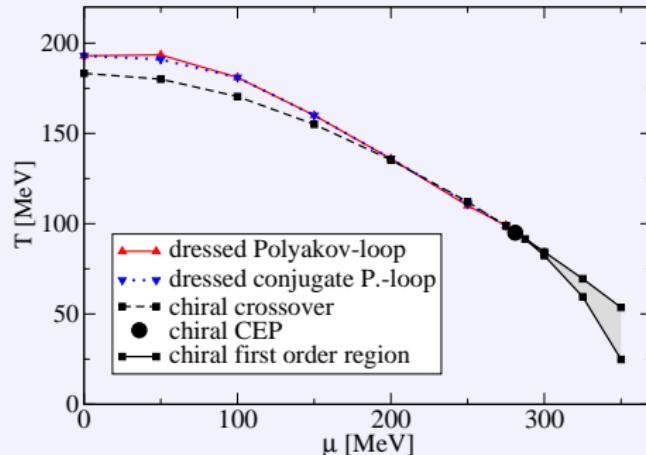
$$\Sigma_1 = - \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\varphi}{2\pi} e^{-i\varphi} \langle \bar{\psi} \psi \rangle_\varphi$$

C.F., PRL 103 (2009) 052003

Synatschke, Wipf and Wozar, PRD 75, 114003 (2007).

Bilgici, Bruckmann, Gatringer and Hagen, PRD 77 094007 (2008).

$N_f = 2$: QCD phase diagram



→ talk of Jan Luecker

C.F., J. Luecker, J. A. Mueller, PLB 702 (2011) 438-441.

- CEP at $(T, \mu) \simeq (95, 280)$ MeV
- in agreement with expectations from lattice

de Forcrand, Philipsen, JHEP 0811 (2008) 012; Nucl. Phys. B642 (2002) 290-306.

G. Endrodi, Z. Fodor, S. D. Katz, K. K. Szabo, JHEP 1104 (2011) 001.

- qualitative agreement with PQM model

Herbst, Pawlowski, Schaefer, PLB 696 (2011)

- imaginary chemical potential (FRG):

Braun, Haas, Marhauser, Pawlowski, PRL 106 (2011)

Thank you for your attention!

Helmholtz Young Investigator Group "Nonperturbative Phenomena in QCD"



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