

SEPT. '10

ERICE

ELECTROWEAK BARYOGENESIS

MICHAEL G. SCHMIDT

HEIDELBERG

- (SHORT) GENERAL INTRODUCTION
- SOME OLD AND MORE RECENT MODELS
MODIFIED SM, MSSM, NMSSM, BMSSM...
EDM's

AT THE END OF INFLATION OUR UNIVERSE WAS WASTE AND VOID
MATTER THAN CREATED IN PRE/REHEATING

(UNDER CONTROL!)

NAIVELY: SAME AMOUNT OF MATTER / ANTIMATTER

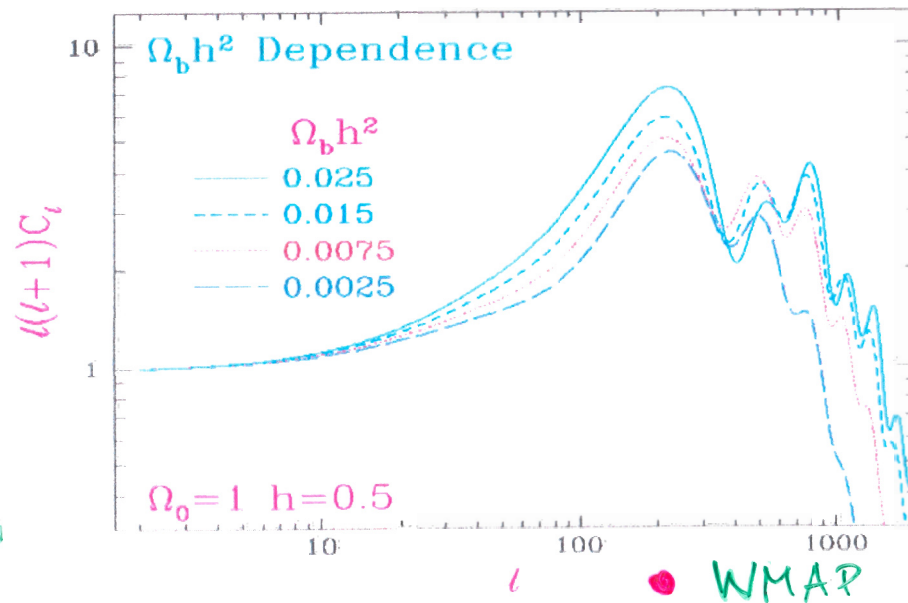
PAIR ANNIHILATION \rightarrow

$$\frac{n_B}{n_\gamma} \sim \frac{n_{\bar{B}}}{n_\gamma} \sim 10^{-18}$$

OBSERVED

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{n_B}{n_\gamma} = (6.21 \pm 0.16) 10^{-10} \\ \text{ALMOST NO } \bar{B} \end{array} \right\}$$

• EARLY NUCLEO SYNTHESIS

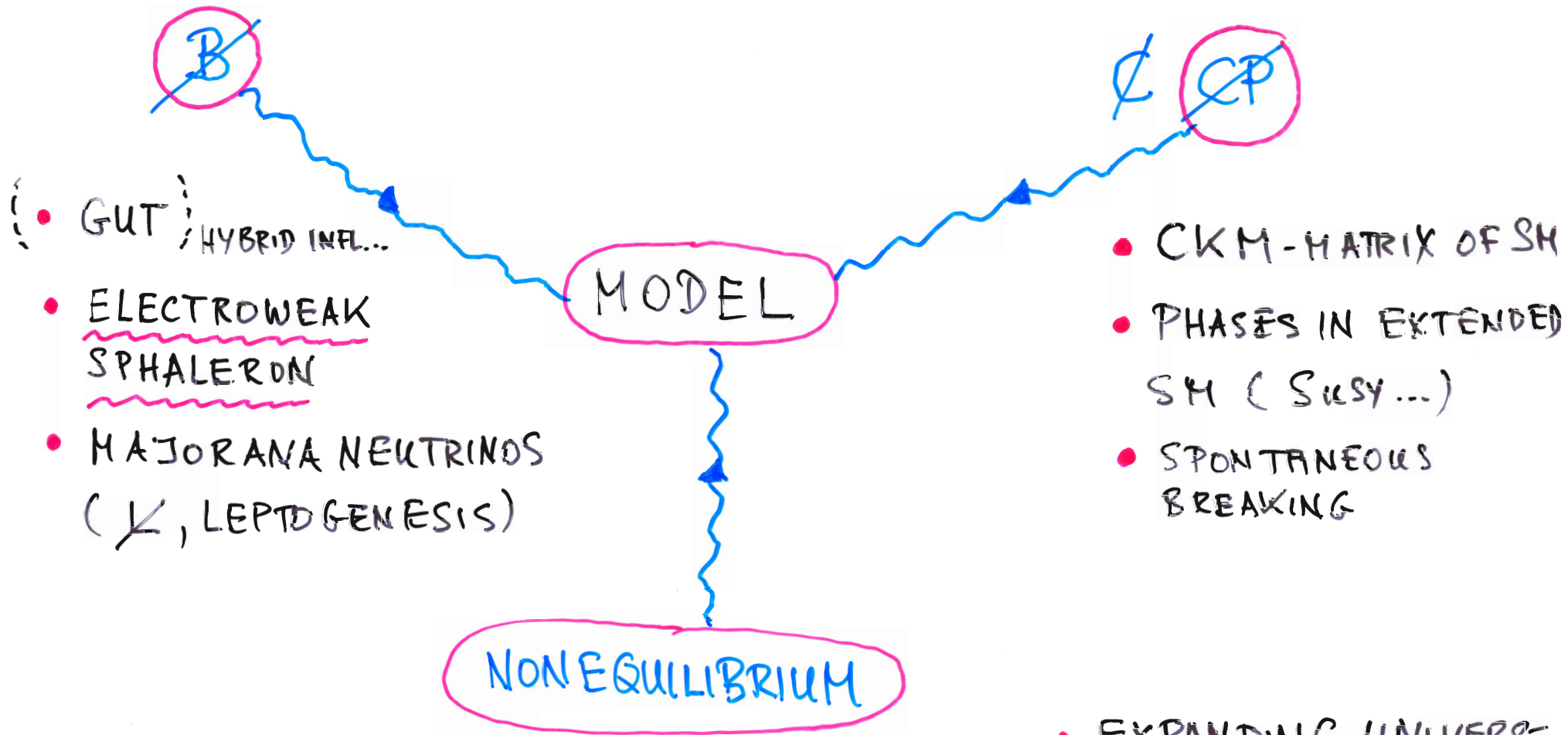


$n_B - n_{\bar{B}}$ ASYMMETRY HAS TO BE CREATED!

NECESSARY CONDITIONS (SAKHAROV '67)

- B-VIOLATION
- C/CP-VIOLATION: IF NO PREF. FOR MATTER IN B/\bar{B} REACTIONS: $n_B = n_{\bar{B}}$
- NONEQUILIBRIUM: WITH EQUIL. AND CPT \rightarrow SAME THERMAL DISTRIB. FOR B, \bar{B} !

• BARYOGENESIS



! ALL INTIMATELY CONNECTED

• WITH ELEMENTARY PARTICLE PHYSICS

SM-ELWK. PHASE TRANSITION? SHARPOSHNIKOV '87

• SPHALERON TRANSITION

SU(2)_L GAUGE THEORY IN SM VIOLATES **B+L**

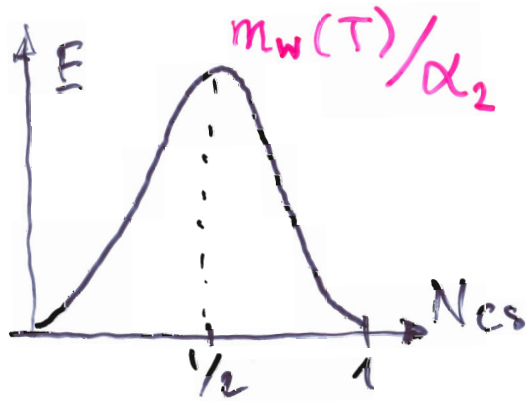
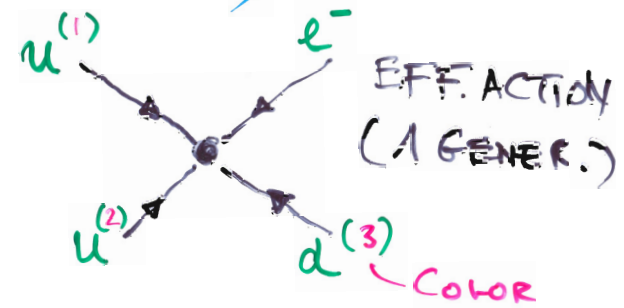
(B-L CONSERVING)

$$\frac{d}{dt} \int d^3x j_0^B \sim \frac{d}{dt} N_{CS}$$

⇒ • INSTANTON INDUCED TUNNELING IN N_{CS} (N → N ± 1)

$$\sim e^{-8\pi^2/g^2}$$

EXTREMELY SMALL !!



• THERMAL SPHALERON TRANSITIONS

$$\Gamma_B \sim \dots \alpha_2 (\alpha_2 T)^4 \exp\left(-\frac{V(T)}{T}\right)$$

BÖDEKER, MOORE, RUMUKAINEN
KLINKHAMER, HANTON

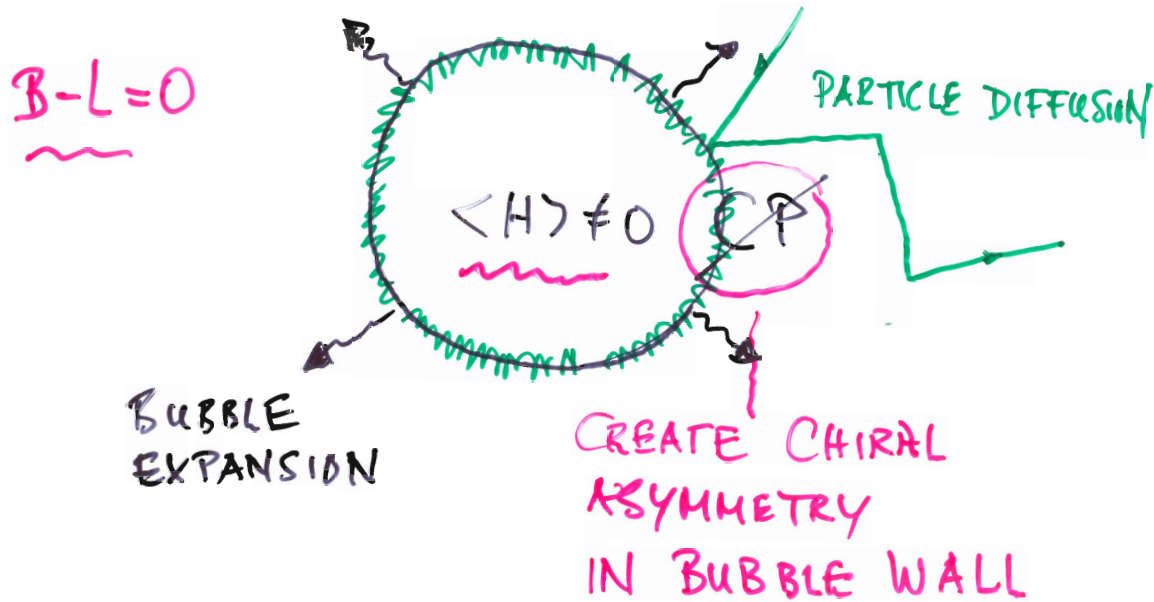
TWO VERSIONS :

- EXPON. SUPPRESSED IN HIGGS PHASE ($V(T) \neq 0$)
- UNSUPPRESSED IN SYMMETRIC PHASE ($\langle H \rangle = 0$)

TWO FACES :

- B-ASYM. WIPED OUT IN EQUILIBRIUM ($B-L=0$)
- B-ASYM. GENERATED IN NONEQUILIBRIUM

PROMINENT USE IN ELECTROWEAK BARYOGENESIS AT A STRONG FIRST ORDER PHASE TRANSITION FROM THE SYMM. PHASE ($\langle H \rangle = 0$) TO THE HIGGS PHASE ($\langle H \rangle \neq 0$) WITH THE CHARGE TRANSFERT MECHANISM.



$\langle H \rangle = 0$ SYMM. PHASE

B "HOT" SPHALERON
CREATE BARYON ASYMMETRY

FREEZE OUT OF B : NEED

THEOR. DESCRIPTION WITH (QUANTUM) BOLTZMANN EQS. + DIFFUSION EQS. ; CP -VIOLATION \rightarrow t, t^2 .. EFFECTS

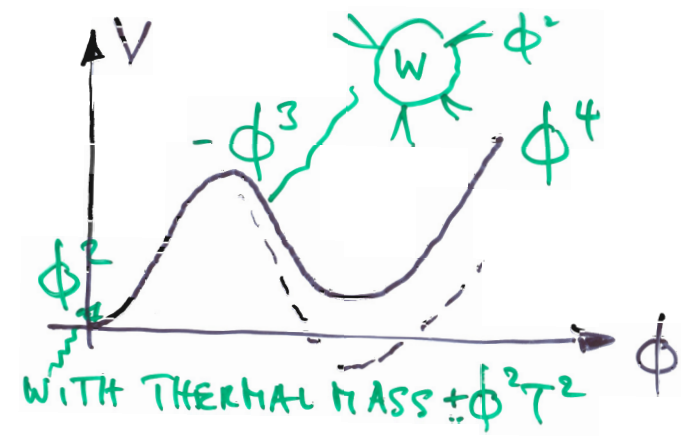
$V(T)/T \gtrsim 1$
"STRONG 1.O."

T. KONSTANTIN
T. PROKOPEC
M. G. SCH.
S. WEINSTEIN

IN THE SM ??

• FIRST ORDER P.T. : NAIVELY, YES

BUT IR-EFFECT FOR $\phi_{\text{HIGGS}} \rightarrow 0$
 NON PERTURBATIVE EFF. 3-D-THEORY
 WITH COUPLING $g_2 T \rightarrow$ LATTICE



\rightarrow NO PHASE TRANS. FOR $m_H \geq m_W$

• CP-VIOLATION

JARLSKOG-DETERMINANT

SMALL!

$$\Delta_{CP} = J (m_u^2 - m_c^2)(m_c^2 - m_t^2)(m_t^2 - m_u^2) / (m_d^2 - m_s^2)(m_s^2 - m_b^2)(m_b^2 - m_d^2) \approx 10^{-19}$$

WITH $J = 2m (V_{ud} V_{dc}^+ V_{cb} V_{bu}^+) = s_1^2 s_2 s_3 c_1 c_2 c_3 \sin \delta$

PERTURBATIVE IN q -MASSES!

CKM

$\approx (3.0 \pm 0.3) 10^{-5}$

NOT SO SMALL

? MISLEADING AT SMALL TEMPERATURES

• IN A TACHYONIC ELECTROWEAK TRANSITION \rightarrow "COLD BARYOGENESIS"

J. SMIT
 A. TRANBERG

- DERIVE CP-VIOLATING TERM(S) IN BOSONIZED SM,
INTEGRATING OUT FERMIONS (SECOND ORDER DERIVATIVE
EXPANSION, WORLD LINE METHOD)



OUTER
GAUGE B.
+ HIGGS-F.

$$S_{CP} = \frac{1}{8(4\pi)^2} \frac{3}{16} \left[\right] K^{CP} \epsilon^{\mu\nu\lambda\sigma} \frac{1}{\tilde{m}_c} \times \int d^4x \left[z_\mu W_\nu^+ W_\lambda^- (W_\sigma^+ W_\alpha^- + W_\alpha^+ W_\sigma^-) \right] + c.c.$$

$K^{CP} \approx 9.87$ (NONPERT. EXPRESSION IN q -MASSES)

A. HERNANDEZ
T. KONSTANTIN
H.G. SCH.

- INTRODUCE HIGGS INSTABILITY AT SMALL TEMPERATURES
(- LOW SCALE HYBRID INFLATION ...) → TACHYONIC MODES
SOLVE CLASSICAL GAUGE-HIGGS EQS. AND MONITOR GENERATION
OF CS NUMBER ("BARYOGENESIS")
LOOKS PROMISING (PROBLEMS: DERIVATIVE EXP. + CUT OFF IN IR)

A. TRANBERG +

NOTE: PT IN THE RANDALL-SUNDRUM MODEL WITH VERY FLAT
RADION STABILIZING POTENTIAL → VERY STRONG SUPERCOOLING T_N
 $v/T_N \gg 1$, EASY ("LOW SCALE INFLATION")

NARDINI
QUIROS
WULZEL
CREMINELLI
NICOLIS
RATTAZI

BEYOND THE SM

SHAROSHNIKOV
ET AL.

BERNREUTER

CLINE '06

FROMME, HUBER

SENIUCH '06

Motivation?

TWO-HIGGS DOUBLET MODEL(S)

"EXTRA" HIGGS WITH MASS ~ 300 GeV
 STRONGLY COUPLED TO LIGHT HIGGS
 SPONTANEOUS + EXPLICIT CP-VIOL. \rightarrow STRONG 1. ORDER PT

"THICK WALL" ($p \sim T \ll \frac{1}{D}$) \rightarrow QUASICLASSICAL/WKB

SUPERSYMMETRIC MODELS

• **MSSM** MOST POPULAR

INCLUDE GAUGE SINGLET

• **NMSSM**

$$W = W_{\text{MSSM}} + \lambda S H_1 H_2 - m^2 S + \frac{k}{3!} S^3 + \{ \mu H_1 H_2 \}$$

• **n MSSM**

$$W = W_{\text{MSSM}} + \lambda S H_1 H_2 - m^2 S + (\text{SOFT}) \text{ SUSY BREAKING TERMS}$$

• **MYSSM**

$$S \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_i \quad \text{CHUNG, LONG}$$

• **BMSSM**

HIGHER DIM. OPERATORS
 IN EFF. POTENTIAL BLUM, NIR...

\rightarrow TREE-LEVEL EFFECTS

HUBER, SCH.
FUNAKUBO ET AL.

HENON, MORRISSEY
WAGNER '04

HUBER, KONSTANTIN
PROKOPEC, SCH.

'06

MSSM

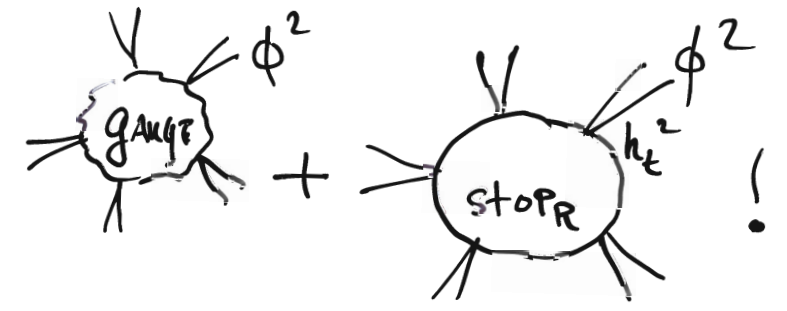
INCREASE " ϕ^3 " - TERM WITH A LIGHT $stop_R \equiv u$ IN THE LOOP

$$m_{loop}^2 = \tilde{m}_u^2 + \underbrace{\dots T^2}_{POS.} \approx \text{SMALL!}$$

LAB.

$$m_{stop_R}^2 = \tilde{m}_u^2 + \underbrace{h_t^2 \phi^2}_{NEG.} < m_{top}^2$$

CARENA, QUIROS, WAGNER



GET ALSO (INTERMEDIATE?!) COLORED PHASE

- LOWEST HIGGS IS SM-LIKE! \Rightarrow EXPER. BOUNDS! $m_H \gtrsim 114.4 \text{ GeV}$

LIGHT HIGGS BOSON?

EVEN SMALLER WITH STRONG CP?

$$g_{hzz} / g_{h^{SM}zz} = \sin(\beta - \alpha)$$

SHALL? FUNAKUBO, SENAHARA

- BUT NOT SUFFICIENT BARYOGENESIS! PILAFTHS WAGNER

BODEKER ET AL.

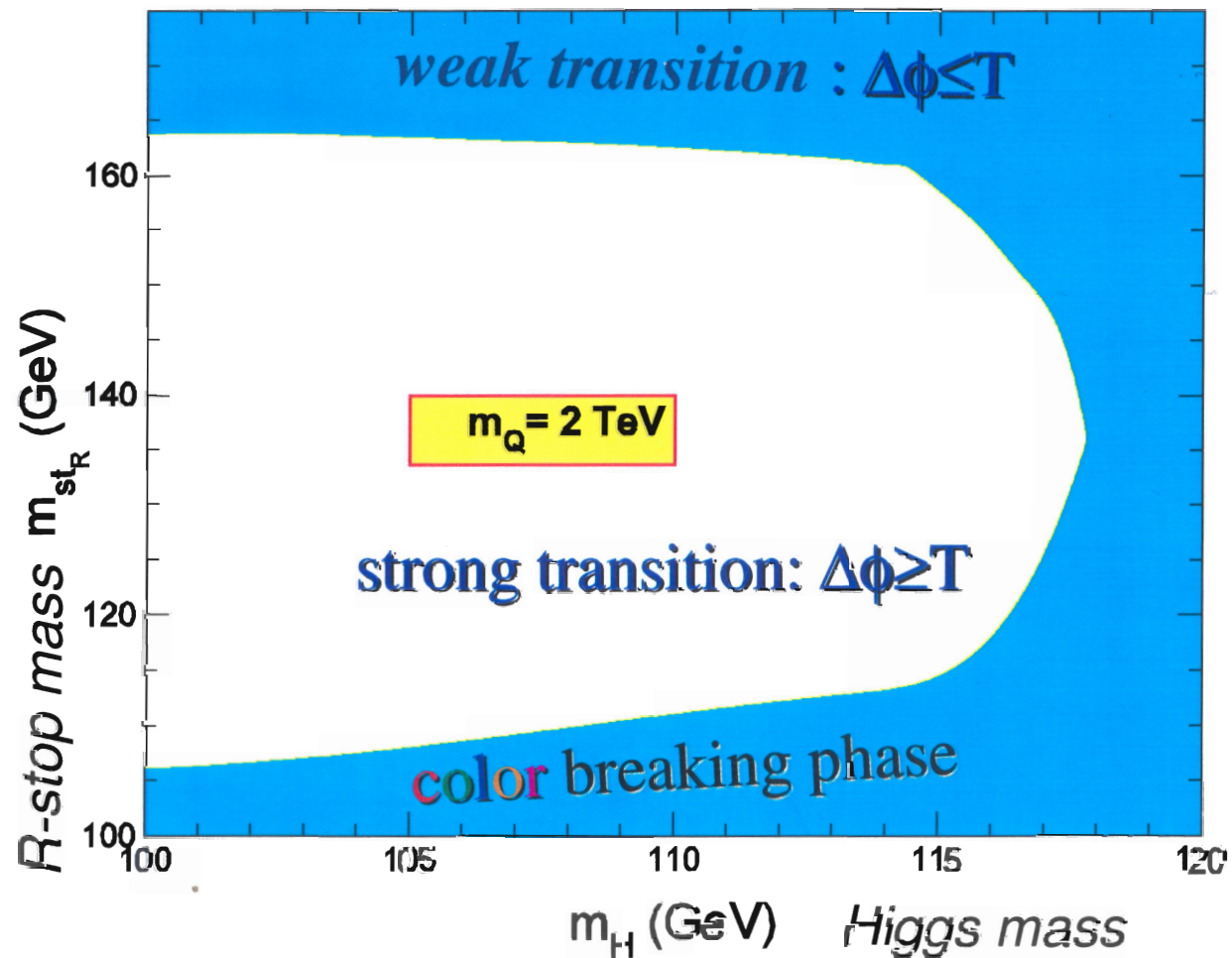
LAIKE RUMUKAWEN

• CAN GET STRONG 1. ORDER PT TO HIGGS PHASE : $\frac{V(T)}{T} \gtrsim 1$

Strong first order transition in MSSM

allowed “triangle” for MSSM:

Carena, Quiros, Seco, Wagner, 2000



CARENA, NARDINI, QUIRÓS, WAGNER

'09 ANALYSE IN 1-LOOP IMPROVED ("DAISY", "2-LOOP" LOG'S) THEORY
 THE PHASE DIAGRAM. FIND EXTENSION OF (NOT IN EFF. 3D THEORY)
 "ALLOWED" REGION IN $(m_{\text{stop}_2} - m_H)$ ADMITTING
QUASI STABLE H-VACUA FOR LARGE SUSY MASS SCALE \tilde{m}
 (THUS ALSO SUPPRESSING EDM)

AGAINST DECAY INTO
 COLORED PHASE

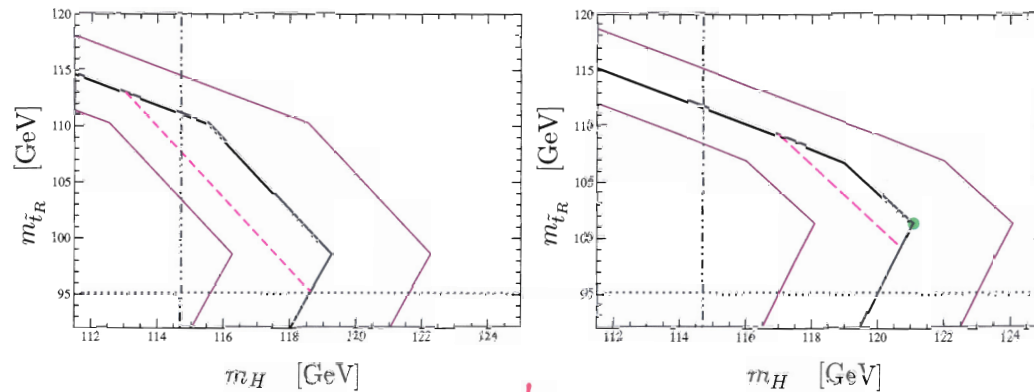


Figure 3: Window where $\phi(T_H^c)/T_H^c \geq 0.9$ and $T_H^c \geq T_U^c + 1.6$ GeV in the m_H - $m_{\tilde{t}}$ plane for $\tilde{m} = 500$ TeV (left panel) and $\tilde{m} = 8000$ TeV (right panel). The allowed region is below the solid lines and dashed lines for $\tan\beta \leq 15$ and $\tan\beta \leq 5$, respectively. The thick solid line is obtained by ignoring the Higgs mass uncertainty, while the solid thin lines is obtained by including an uncertainty of 3 GeV in the Higgs mass computation. The Higgs (stop) mass lower bound is marked by a dotted-dashed (dotted) straight line. In green (right panel) the point that will be numerically analyzed in the tunneling analysis.

• $m_H, m_{\text{stop}_2} \lesssim 125$ GeV

- CP-VIOLATION IN THE MSSM : IN THE HIGGSINO-GAUGINOS.
STOP_L - STOP_R

$$M(z) = \begin{pmatrix} M_2 & g_2 \langle H_2(z) \rangle \\ g_2 \langle H_1(z) \rangle & \mu_c \end{pmatrix}$$

(μ_{H_1, H_2})

EXPLICIT BREAKING BY M_2 / μ_c PHASES

NO SPONTANEOUS BREAKING IN HIGGS SECTOR

z-DEPENDENCE IN BUBBLE WALL

PHASES LIMITED BY EDM'S!

NOTE FOR SINGLET S : $\mu_c(S)$!

$M_2 \rightarrow M_1$ (BINO) ?!

CIRIGLIANO, LI, PROFUMO, RAKSEY-HUSOLF

PHASE!

(MUCH LESS RESTRICTIVE FOR EDM'S)

"edm"

• ELECTRIC DIPOLE MOMENTS ARE A MEASURE FOR CP VIOLATION
IN PARTICULAR THE NEUTRON edm IS VERY SENSITIVE TO
CP VIOLATIONS NEEDED FOR ELECTROWEAK BARYOGENESIS

exper. $d_n \lesssim 2.9 \times 10^{-26} \text{ e cm}$
TO BE IMPROVED!

D. DUBBERS
M.G. SCH. RMP

SM $d_n^{\text{CKM}} \approx 10^{-32} \text{ e cm}$ VERY SMALL

MSSM: exp.: ALREADY VERY RESTRICTIVE

IBRAHIM
NATH

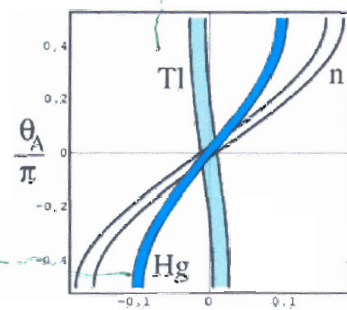
BIG ? $M_{\text{susy}} \gtrsim (\sin \theta_\mu \tan \beta - \sin \theta_A) \approx 1.5 \text{ TeV}$
1-LOOP

WELL... BUT..

- UNIVERSAL SUSY BREAKING?
- BIG SQUARK MASSES
- SIZABLE 2-LOOP CONTRIB.
- CANCELLATIONS ?
- HIGHER DIMENSIONAL TERMS ?
- BIND-CLASS CP

ELIAS
LEE
PILAFTRIS
LI
PROFUMO
RAMSEY-MUSELF

^{205}Tl



FOR SMALL
SUSY-BREAKING
SCALE M_{susy}

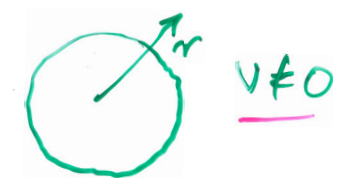
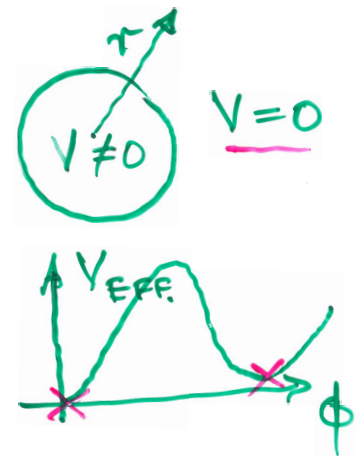
In supersymmetric (SUSY) extensions of the Standard Model, particle EDMs are naturally large. In a two-parameter minimal SUSY-model (MSSM), particle EDMs depend only on two phase angles θ_A and θ_μ . Shown are experimental atomic and neutron EDM limits that strongly constrain these phases to near the origin $\theta_A = \theta_\mu = 0$ where the three bands of the figure cross - much too small for electroweak baryogenesis. From Pospelov and Ritz (2005)

CONDITIONS FOR A STRONG FIRST ORDER ELWK. PT. MUCH EASIER TO FULFILL IN THE NMSSM, nMSSM ⇒ TREE LEVEL



GIVEN SUCH A STRONG PHASE TRANSITION THE PROCEDURE TO OBTAIN A BARYON ASYMMETRY HAS QUITE A FEW STEPS, BUT ALL OF THEM VERY CONCRETE AND FEASIBLE

- CRITICAL BUBBLE (MULTIDIM. IN HIGGS FIELDS) ("DET"!)
- TRANSITION PROBABILITY (LANGER FORM.) $\sim e^{-S_{EFF}}$
- SUPER COOLING ("1 BUBBLE/UNIVERSE")
NUCLEATION TEMPERATURE
- SPHALERON RATE (MULTIDIM. IN HIGGS F.) (FLUCTUATIONS!)



• STATIONARY EXPANSION OF BUBBLE

→ V_w = ?, WALL PROFILE

V_w SMALL!
BIG? (GRAVITY WAVES)

HIGGS



• DIFFUSION IN PRESENCE OF MOVING WALL

→ WITH CP-VIOLATING WALL OR EXPLICIT CP INTERACTION

! (QUANTUM) BOLTZMANN EOS. GENERATE CHIRAL ASYMMETRY

KONSTANTIN PROKOPEC
M.G. SCH. WEINSTECK
 $n_{q_L} - n_{q_R}$



MSSM : SOLVE THE BK EQS.

T. KONSTANDIN
 T. PROKOPEC
 M.G. SCH.
 M. SECO

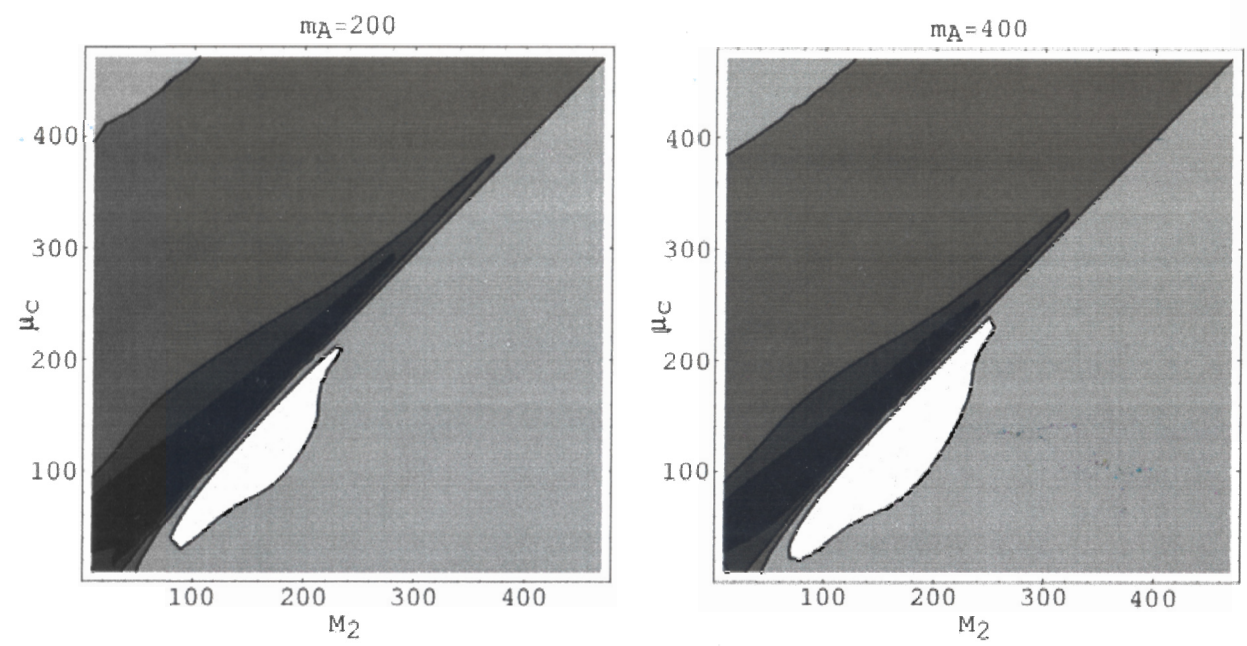


FIG. 5: The baryon-to-entropy ratio $\eta_{10} = 10^{10} \times \eta$ in the (M_2, μ_c) parameter space from (0 GeV, 0 GeV) to (400 GeV, 400 GeV). For the left plot the value $m_A = 200$ GeV is used, for the right plot $m_A = 400$ GeV. The black region denotes $\eta_{10} > 1$, where baryogenesis is viable. The other four regions are bordered by the values of η_{10} , $\{-0.5, 0, 0.5, 1\}$, beginning with the lightest color.

MAXIMAL CP-VIOLATION

! RESTRICTIONS BY exp. n/ϵ - ELECTRIC DIPOLE LIMITS
 \sim CP-VIOL. PHASE < 0.1

$|d_e| \lesssim 1.6 \cdot 10^{-27} \text{ ecm}$
 Regan et al PRL 88
 071805, 2002

QUASICLASSICAL CONTR. $\sim \hbar^2$
 + OSCILLATING "RESONANT" CONTR. $\sim \hbar$
DOMINATES

$$\eta_{10} = \frac{n_B}{S_8} \times 10^{10}$$

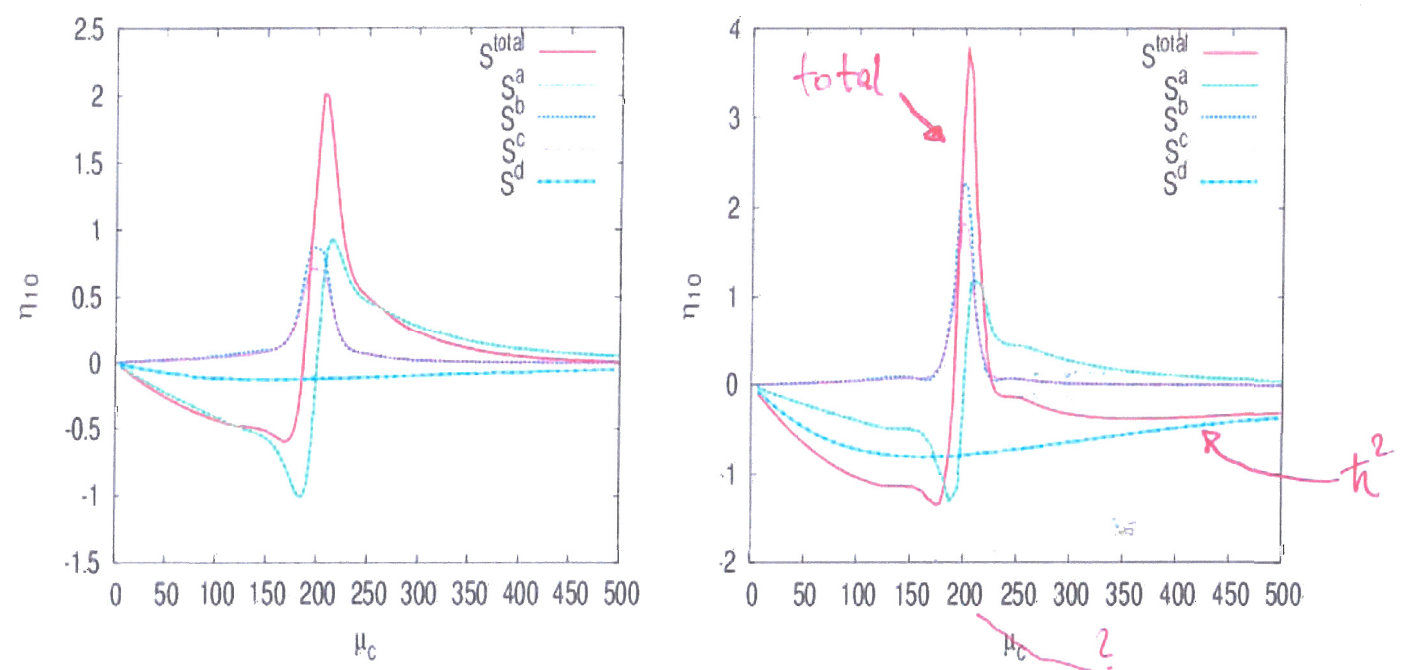


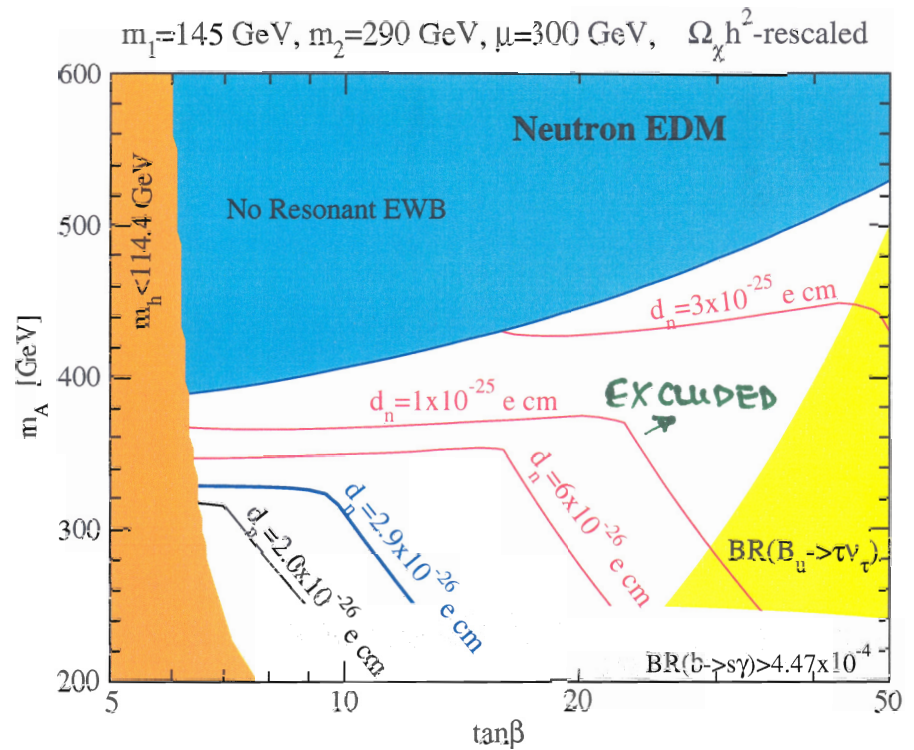
FIG. 2: This plot shows the first and second order sources as a function of μ_c with $M_2 = 200$ GeV. The plot on the left are the sources with the damping, $\Gamma = \alpha_w T_c$, while on the right plot, $\Gamma = 0.25 \alpha_w T_c$.

MAXIMAL CP-VIOLATION ASSUMED

MSSM

" LIMITS ON THE SIZE OF edm 's exist, AND ARE TYPICALLY ON THE SAME ORDER, OR ABOVE, THE EXPECTED SENSITIVITY OF THE NEXT GENERATION OF EXPERIMENTAL SEARCHES, IMPLYING THE MSSM BARYOGENESIS WILL BE SOON CONCLUSIVELY TESTED "

CLPR



- NONUNIVERSAL GAUGINO-HIGGSINO PHASES (.. BINO-H ASS..) FROM V. CIRIGLIANO, Y. LI, S. PROFUMO, M. J. RAMSEY-HULLOLF, JHEP 01(2010)002
- REANALYSIS OF DIFFUSION PROCESSES LEADING FROM gaugino-Higgsino \rightarrow l.h. quarks NEEDED FOR THE SPHALERON TRANSITION b, t CONTRIBUTION, SUSY NONDEGENERACY... CHUNG, GARBRECHT, RAMSEY-HULLOLF, TULIN '09

• THE nMSSM (WITH A SINGLET "HIGGS" S)

FROM TREE-LAGR.!

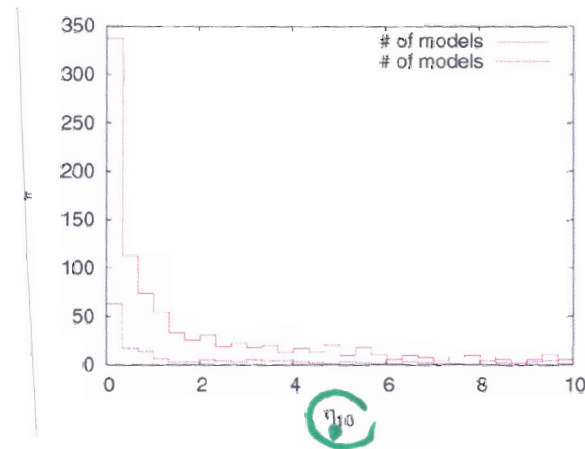
EASILY ALLOWS FOR A STRONG 1. ORDER P.T.

(... QUITE A FEW PARAMETERS...) edm - BOUNDS FOR CP-VIOLATION

ARE VERY RESTRICTIVE.

"RANDOM CHOICE"

HUBER
KONSTANTIN
PROKOPEC
SCH. '06



The number # of results for the analysis of the baryon asymmetry of the universe for large $M_2 = 1$ TeV, in dependence of the baryon-entropy abundance parameter $\eta_{10}^s = (n_B / s) \times 10^{10}$. Approximately 50% of the parameter sets predict a value of the baryon asymmetry higher than the observed value $\eta_{10}^s = 0.87$. The bottom line corresponds to the small number of parameter sets (4.8%) that fulfill current bounds at the electron EDM with 1 TeV sfermions. From Huber *et al.* (2006).

• **HIGHER DIMENSION OPERATORS IN AN EFFECTIVE THEORY INCLUDING THE SM**

$$V(H) = -\mu^2 H^\dagger H + \frac{\lambda}{4} (H^\dagger H)^2 + \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} (H^\dagger H)^3 + \dots$$

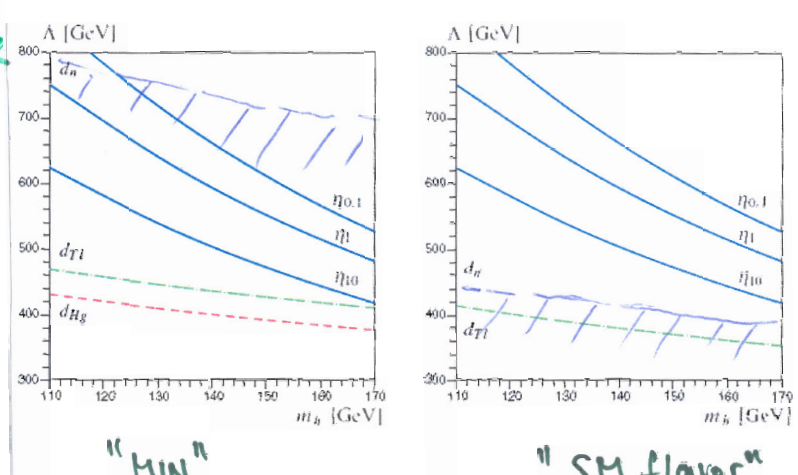
CP-VIOLATING

$$+ \sum_{ij} \frac{z_{ij}^u}{\Lambda_{CP}} (H^\dagger H) u_i^c Q_j H + \dots$$

ZHANG
BÖDEKER
FRIMME
HUBER
SENIUCH
GROJFAN
SERVANT
WELLS

(FROM 2H DOUBLET MODEL?)
 $\Lambda \sim \Lambda_{CP}?$

STRONG edm BOUNDS



HUBER
POSPELY
RITZ
'07

EDM constraints on electroweak baryogenesis for an extended SM Higgs sector. Shown are the Higgs masses m_h and scales Λ of new physics excluded (shaded areas) by the present EDM limits for neutron d_n , thallium d_{Tl} , and mercury d_{Hg} . (a) In the minimal scenario, the observed baryon asymmetry $\eta_1 = 6 \times 10^{-10}$ is excluded by the present limit on the neutron EDM d_n (and so is one tenth and ten times η_1). (b) Therefore, additional CP-odd sources must be introduced to lower the exclusion limits. From Huber et al. (2007).

• **ALSO IN THE MSSM SUCH OPERATORS HELP TO OBTAIN STRONG 1. ORDER P.T.**

$$W_{DST} = \frac{\lambda_1}{M} (H_u H_d)^2 + \frac{\lambda_2}{M} \theta^2 m_{susy} (H_u H_d)^2$$

"BMSSM"
eyond

DINE, SEIBERG
THOMAS

BLUM
NIR
'08

SPONTANEOUS CP VIOLATION IN HIGGS SECTOR!

CONCLUSIONS

- BARYOGENESIS TIGHTLY CONNECTS COSMOLOGY AND ELEMENTARY PARTICLE PHYSICS
- ELECTROWEAK BARYOGENESIS INGREDIENTS WILL BE TESTED IN THE NEAR FUTURE BOTH BY HIGH ENERGY / COLLIDER EXPERIMENTS AND BY LOW ENERGY EDM MEASUREMENTS !
- ALL STEPS TOWARDS MODELING ELWK. BARYOGENESIS MANAGEABLE - THOUGH TECHNICALLY DEMANDING
- MSSM - BARYOGENESIS STRONGLY CONSTRAINED
- BUT THERE ARE VARIOUS OTHER POSSIBILITIES
- MODIFIED SSM's, 2 HIGGS... -

RULED OUT
SOON ?